# Word by Word Translation of Juzz 'Amma

This material is taken from corpus.quran.com, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran.

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#### Chapter (1) sūrat I-fātiḥah (The Opening)

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#### Verse (1:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(1:1:1) bis'mi In (the) name	<b>بشم</b> N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> N – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور
(1:1:2) I-lahi (of) Allah,	اًسَّهِ PN	PN – genitive proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مجرور
(1:1:3) I-raḥmāni the Most Gracious,	ٱ <b>ل</b> رَّحْمَٰنِ ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular adjective مصفة مجرورة

(1:1:4) I-raḥīmi the Most Merciful.



**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular adjective

صفة مجرورة



(1:2:1) al-ḥamdu All praises and thanks



**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(1:2:2) lillahi (be) to Allah,



P – prefixed preposition *lām*PN – genitive proper noun → Allah

جار ومجرور

(1:2:3) rabbi the Lord



N – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور

(1:2:4)
I-cālamīna
of the
universe



 ${\bf N}$  – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



(1:3:1) al-raḥmāni The Most Gracious,



**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular adjective

صفة مجرورة

(1:3:2) I-raḥīmi the Most Merciful.



**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular adjective

صفة مجرورة



(1:4:1) māliki (The) Master



**N** – genitive masculine active participle

اسم مجرور

(1:4:2) yawmi (of the) Day



N – genitive masculine noun → Day of Resurrection

اسم مجرور

(1:4:3)
l-dīni
(of the)
Judgment.



**N** – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(1:5:1)
iyyāka
You Alone

(1:5:2)
nacbudu
we worship,

(1:5:3)
wa-iyyāka
and You
Alone



**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun → Allah

ضمير منفصل

2) udu vorship,



V – 1st person plural imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun → Allah

الواو عاطفة ضمير منفصل

(1:5:4) nasta<sup>c</sup>īnu we ask for help.



**V** – 1st person plural (form X) imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



(1:6:1) ih'dinā Guide us



**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb

**PRON** – 1st person plural object pronoun

**PRON** – implicit subject pronoun → Allah

فعل أمر و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(1:6:2) I-ṣirāṭa (to) the path,



#### N - accusative masculine noun

سم منصو ب

(1:6:3) Imus'taqīma the straight.



**ADJ** – accusative masculine (form X) active participle

صفة منصوبة



#### Verse (1:7) - Word by Word

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Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(1:7:1) șirāţa (The) path	صِرَطَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun
(1:7:2) alladhīna (of) those	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun اسم موصول
(1:7:3) ancamta You have bestowed (Your) Favors	أَنْعَمْتَ PRON V	V – 2nd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun → Allah فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(1:7:4) calayhim on them,	عَلَيْهِمُ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun جار ومجرور
(1:7:5) ghayri not (of)	غَيرِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(1:7:6)  I-maghḍūbi  those who earned (Your) wrath	ٱلۡمَغۡضُوبِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine passive participle
(1:7:7) calayhim on themselves	عَلَيْهِمُ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun جار ومجرور
(1:7:8) walā and not	NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(1:7:9)  I-ḍālīna  (of) those who go astray.	النَّالِينَ النَّالِينَ N	N – genitive masculine plural active participle

#### Chapter (78) sūrat I-naba (The Great News)

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#### Verse (78:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:1:1) <sup>c</sup> amma About what	عَمَّ INTG P	P – preposition INTG – interrogative noun حرف جر اسم استفهام
(78:1:2) yatasāalūna are they asking one another?		V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun
	يَتَسَآءَلُونَ PRON V	فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:2:1) <sup>c</sup> ani About	عَنِ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(78:2:2) I-naba-i the News	ٱلنَّبَا	N – genitive masculine singular noun
(78:2:3) I-cazīmi the Great,	العظيم ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular adjective مصفة مجرورة
(78:3:1) alladhī (About) which	<b>اُلَّذِی</b> REL	REL – masculine singular relative pronoun اسم موصول
(78:3:2) hum they	PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun ضمير منفصل
(78:3:3) fīhi (are) concerning it	فیه PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  جار ومجرور

(78:3:4) mukh'talifūna (in) disagreement.



**N** – nominative masculine plural (form VIII) active participle

اسم مرفوع



(78:4:1) kallā Nay!



AVR – aversion particle

حرف ردع

**AVR** 

(78:4:2) saya<sup>c</sup>lamūna (soon) they will know.



FUT – prefixed future particle sa
 V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb
 PRON – subject pronoun

حرف استقبال فعل مضارع و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:5:1) thumma Then



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(78:5:2) kallā Nay!



AVR – aversion particle

حرف ردع

**AVR** 

(78:5:3) saya<sup>c</sup>lamūna (soon) they will know.



FUT – prefixed future particle sa
 V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb
 PRON – subject pronoun



حرف استقبال فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:6:1) alam Have not



INTG – prefixed interrogative alifNEG – negative particle

الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي

(78:6:2) naj<sup>c</sup>ali We made



**V** – 1st person plural imperfect verb, jussive mood

فعل مضارع مجزوم

(78:6:3) I-arḍa the earth



N – accusative feminine noun → Earth

اسم منصوب

(78:6:4) mihādan a resting place?



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(78:7:1) wal-jibāla And the mountains



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

N – accusative masculine plural noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:7:2) awtādan (as) pegs,



**N** – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(78:8:1) wakhalaqnākum And We created you **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 1st person plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(78:8:2) azwājan (in) pairs,



**N** – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:9:1) waja <sup>c</sup> alnā And We made	وَجَعَلْنَا PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 1st person plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(78:9:2) nawmakum your sleep	نَوْمَكُمْ PRON N	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(78:9:3) subātan (for) rest,	ش سُبَاتًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(78:10:1) waja <sup>c</sup> alnā And We made	وَجَعَلْنَا PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 1st person plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة  فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل Page 15

(78:10:2)N – accusative masculine noun al-layla the night N – accusative masculine indefinite noun (78:10:3)libāsan اسم منصوب (as) covering, (78:11:1) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) wajacalnā V – 1st person plural perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun And We made **PRON** CONJ الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (78:11:2)N – accusative masculine noun I-nahāra the day (78:11:3) N – accusative masculine indefinite noun macāshan اسم منصوب (for) livelihood,

(78:12:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) V – 1st person plural perfect verb wabanaynā And We **PRON** – subject pronoun PRON CONJ constructed الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **LOC** – accusative masculine location adverb (78:12:2)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural fawqakum possessive pronoun over you ظرف مكان منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun (78:12:3)sabcan اسم منصوب seven (78:12:4)ADJ – accusative masculine plural indefinite adjective shidādan strong, صفة منصوبة (78:13:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) wajacalnā V – 1st person plural perfect verb And We **PRON** – subject pronoun placed **PRON** CONJ الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل N – accusative masculine singular indefinite (78:13:2)noun → Lamp sirājan a lamp اسم منصوب

(78:13:3) wahhājan burning,



### **ADJ** – accusative masculine singular indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(78:14:1) wa-anzalnā And We sent down



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 V – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb
 PRON – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:14:2) mina from



P – preposition

حرف جر

(78:14:3) I-mu<sup>c</sup>'ṣirāti the rain clouds



N – genitive feminine plural (form IV) active participle  $\rightarrow$  Cloud

اسم مجرور

(78:14:4) māan water



**N** – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun

N

اسم منصوب

(78:14:5) thajjājan pouring abundantly,



## **ADJ** – accusative masculine singular indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(78:15:1) linukh'rija That We may bring forth	لِّنُخْرِ جَ ۷ PRP	PRP – prefixed particle of purpose lām V – 1st person plural (form IV) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood
		اللام لام التعليل فعل مضارع منصوب
(78:15:2) bihi thereby	PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun
(78:15:3) ḥabban grain	حَبَّا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun → Grain  اسم منصوب

(78:15:4) wanabātan and vegetation,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**N** – accusative feminine indefinite noun



الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:16:1) wajannātin And gardens



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**N** – accusative feminine plural indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:16:2) alfāfan (of) thick foliage.



**ADJ** – accusative feminine plural indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(78:17:1) inna Indeed,



ACC - accusative particle

حرف نصب

(78:17:2) yawma (the) Day



N – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب

(78:17:3) I-fașli (of) the Judgment	ٱلْفَصْلِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(78:17:4) kāna is	گانَ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(78:17:5) mīqātan an appointed time,	ُّسُ مِیقُتًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب
(78:18:1) yawma (The) Day	يَوْمَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun
(78:18:2) yunfakhu (in which) shall be blown	يُنفَخُ ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive imperfect verb  فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول
(78:18:3) fī in		P – preposition حرف جر

N – genitive masculine noun (78:18:4)l-sūri the trumpet Ν **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (78:18:5)fatatūna (and) and you will **V** – 2nd person masculine plural come forth imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun الفاء عاطفة فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (78:18:6)N – accusative plural indefinite noun afwājan اسم منصوب (in) crowds, **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (78:19:1)wafutihati (and) **V** – 3rd person feminine singular And is passive perfect verb opened CONJ الو او عاطفة فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول **N** – nominative feminine noun (78:19:2)l-samāu اسم مرفوع the heaven Ν

(78:19:3) fakānat and becomes



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

V – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(78:19:4) abwāban gateways,



**N** – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:20:1) wasuyyirati And are moved	<b>ٷۺؙ</b> ێؚڒؘتؚ •	<b>CONJ</b> – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) <b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb
	V CONJ	الو او عاطفة فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(78:20:2) I-jibālu the mountains	ٱلۡجِبَالُ «	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine plural noun
(78:20:3) fakānat and become	<b>فَكَانَتُ</b> ۷ CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb الفاء عاطفة
(78:20:4) sarāban a mirage.	(1.)	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
	سَرَابًا N	

(78:21:1)**ACC** – accusative particle inna حرف نصد Indeed, ACC **PN** – accusative proper noun → Hell (78:21:2)jahannama Hell PΝ (78:21:3)V – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb kānat فعل ماض is (78:21:4)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun mir'şādan اسم منصوب lying in wait,  ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition  $l\bar{a}m$ (78:22:1)N – genitive masculine plural active participle lilţţāghīna For the جار ومجرور transgressors

(78:22:2)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun maāban a place of return, اسم منصوب N - accusative masculine plural active (78:23:1)lābithīna participle (They will) be remaining P – preposition (78:23:2)fīhā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object therein pronoun جار ومجرور (78:23:3)T – accusative masculine plural indefinite time aḥqāban adverb (for) ages. ظرف زمان منصوب **NEG** – negative particle (78:24:1)Ιā حرف نفي Not

**NEG** 

V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect (78:24:2)yadhūgūna **PRON** – subject pronoun they will taste فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل P – preposition (78:24:3)**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object fīhā therein pronoun PRON جار ومجرور N – accusative masculine indefinite noun (78:24:4)bardan اسم منصوب coolness **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) (78:24:5)walā **NEG** – negative particle and not الو او عاطفة NEG CONJ حرف نفي (78:24:6)**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun sharāban اسم منصورب any drink, (78:25:1)**EXP** – exceptive particle illā أداة استثناء Except

(78:25:2) hamīman scalding water



**N** – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun

اسم منصوب

(78:25:3) waghassāqan and purulence,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun



الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:26:1) jazāan A recompense



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب

(78:26:2) wifāqan appropriate.



**ADJ** – accusative masculine indefinite (form III) verbal noun

صفة منصوبة



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:27:1) innahum Indeed, they	اِنَّهُمُ PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun  «حرف نصب و «هم» ضمیر متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان
(78:27:2) kānū were	<b>گائُواْ</b> PRON ۷	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  «كان «فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم
(78:27:3) lā not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(78:27:4) yarjūna expecting	<b>یَرُجُونَ</b> • • • • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل مضارع و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:27:5) hisāban an account,



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite (form III) verbal noun

اسم منصوب



(78:28:1) wakadhabū And they denied



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form II) perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:28:2) biāyātinā Our Signs



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive feminine plural nounPRON – 1st person plural possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(78:28:3) kidhāban (with) denial.



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite (form II) verbal noun

اسم منصوب



(78:29:1) wakulla And every



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب (78:29:2)**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun shayin thing اسم مجرور **V** – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb (78:29:3)**PRON** – subject pronoun ahsaynāhu We have **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular enumerated it object pronoun PRON **PRON** فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (78:29:4)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun kitāban اسم منصوب (in) a Book. **CAUS** – prefixed particle of cause (78:30:1)fadhūqū V – 2nd person masculine plural imperative So taste, verb **PRON** – subject pronoun CAUS

الفاء سسة فعل أمر والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

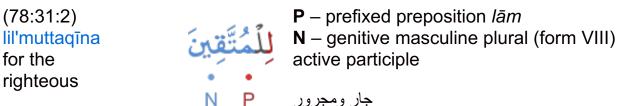
(78:30:2)falan and never



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **NEG** – negative particle

الفاء استئنافية حرف نفي

(78:30:3)**V** – 1st person plural imperfect verb, subjunctive mood nazīdakum PRON – 2nd person masculine plural object We will pronoun increase you PRON فعل مضارع منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **RES** – restriction particle (78:30:4)illā أداة حصر except **RES** (78:30:5)**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun cadhāban اسم منصوب (in) punishment. (78:31:1)**ACC** – accusative particle inna Indeed, ACC



(78:31:3) mafāzan (is) success,



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(78:32:1) ḥadāiqa Gardens



N – accusative masculine plural noun

اسم منصوب

(78:32:2) wa-a<sup>c</sup>nāban and grapevines,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) **N** – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun  $\rightarrow$  **Grape** 



الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:33:1) wakawā<sup>c</sup>iba And splendid companions



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative feminine plural noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب (78:33:2) atrāban well-matched,



**ADJ** – accusative feminine plural indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(78:34:1) wakasan And a cup



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(78:34:2) dihāqan full.



**ADJ** – accusative masculine singular indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(78:35:1) lā

Not



**NEG** – negative particle

حرف نفي

(78:35:2) yasma<sup>c</sup>ūna they will hear



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:35:3) fīhā therein	فیها PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun
(78:35:4) laghwan any vain talk	لَغُوًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(78:35:5) walā and not	وَلَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(78:35:6) kidhāban any falsehood,	رُّنُ كِذَّبًا N	N – accusative feminine indefinite (form II) verbal noun اسم منصوب
(78:36:1) jazāan (As) a reward	جَزَآءً N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(78:36:2) min from	<b>مِّن</b> P	P – preposition حرف جر

(78:36:3) rabbika your Lord,



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(78:36:4) caṭāan a gift



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

سم منصوب

(78:36:5) hisāban (according to) account,



**ADJ** – accusative masculine indefinite (form III) verbal noun

صفة منصوبة



# Chapter (78) sūrat I-naba (The Great News)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:37:1) rabbi Lord	رَّ <b>ب</b> N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(78:37:2) I-samāwāti (of) the heavens	ٱلسَّـمَٰوَٰتِ N	N – genitive feminine plural noun
(78:37:3) wal-ardi and the earth	<b>وَ ٱلْ</b> اَرْضِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) N – genitive feminine noun → Earth  الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور
(78:37:4) wamā and whatever	وَمَا • REL REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle REL – relative pronoun الواو استئنافية اسم موصول

(78:37:5) baynahumā (is) between both of them



**LOC** – accusative location adverb **PRON** – 3rd person dual possessive pronoun

ظرف مكان منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر للإضافة

(78:37:6) I-raḥmāni the Most Gracious,



N – genitive masculine singular noun

سم مجرور

(78:37:7) lā not



**NEG** 

**NEG** – negative particle

حرف نفي

(78:37:8) yamlikūna they have power



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(78:37:9) min'hu from Him



 ${f P}$  – preposition

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(78:37:10)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun khitāban (to) address. اسم منصىوب (78:38:1)T – accusative masculine time adverb yawma ظرف زمان منصوب (The) Day V – 3rd person masculine singular (78:38:2)imperfect verb yaqūmu will stand N - nominative masculine noun (78:38:3)l-rūḥu the Spirit (78:38:4)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) N – nominative masculine plural noun wal-malāikatu and the Angels الواو عاطفة اسم مرفوع CONJ N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal (78:38:5)saffan noun (in) rows, اسم منصو ب

(78:38:6) lā not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(78:38:7) yatakallamūna they will speak	يَتَكَلَّمُونَ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form V) imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل مضارع و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(78:38:8) illā except	EXP	EXP – exceptive particle أداة استثناء
(78:38:9) man (one) who -	مَنُ REL	REL – relative pronoun اسم موصول
(78:38:10) adhina permits	أَ <u>ذِنَ</u> ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(78:38:11) lahu [for] him	گلْ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور

(78:38:12) I-raḥmānu the Most Gracious,



**N** – nominative masculine singular noun

اسم مرفوع

(78:38:13) waqāla and he (will) say



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(78:38:14) sawāban (what is) correct.



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(78:39:1) dhālika That	ذَٰلِكَ DEM	DEM – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun
(78:39:2) I-yawmu (is) the Day	ٱلۡيَوۡمُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(78:39:3) I-ḥaqu the True.	ٱلۡحَقُّ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(78:39:4) faman So whoever	فَمَن COND REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle COND – conditional noun الفاء استثنافية اسم شرط

(78:39:5) shāa wills	شَآءَ ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(78:39:6) ittakhadha let him take	ٱتَّخَذَ ٧	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form VIII) perfect verb فعل ماض
(78:39:7) ilā towards		P – preposition حرف جر
(78:39:8) rabbihi his Lord	ر <b>بّہ</b> ے PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالإضافة
(78:39:9) maāban a return.	ربي معابًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(78:40:1) innā Indeed We	اِنّا PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person plural object pronoun «درف نصب و «نا» ضمیر متصل في محل نصب اسم

(78:40:2) andharnākum [We] have warned you	أَنذَرُنَكُمُ PRON PRON V	V – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun PRON – 2nd person masculine plural object pronoun  education فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(78:40:3)  cadhāban (of) a punishment	عَذَابًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(78:40:4) qarīban near	<b>قریبًا</b> ADJ	ADJ – accusative masculine singular indefinite adjective صفة منصوبة
(78:40:5) yawma (the) Day	يَوُ مَ T	T – accusative masculine time adverb ظرف زمان منصوب
(78:40:6) yanzuru will see	يَن <b>ظُ</b> رُ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضار ع
(78:40:7) I-maru the man	ٱلْمَرَءُ N	N – nominative masculine noun

(78:40:8) mā what	مًا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(78:40:9) qaddamat have sent forth	قَدَّمَتُ °	V – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) perfect verb فعل ماض
(78:40:10) yadāhu his hands	يَدَاهُ PRON N	N – nominative feminine dual noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(78:40:11) wayaqūlu and will say	<b>وَ يَقُولُ</b> •     •     •     •       •       •	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb  الواو عاطفة فعل مضار ع
(78:40:12) I-kāfiru the disbeliever,	<b>ٱلْكَافِرُ</b> N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(78:40:13) yālaytanī "O I wish!	یکیئتنی PRON ACC VOC	VOC – prefixed vocative particle ya ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person singular object pronoun  الداة نداء الداة نداء حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» والياء ضمير متصل في محل «نصب اسم «ليت

(78:40:14) kuntu I were



V – 1st person singular perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

«فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم «كان

(78:40:15) turāban dust!"



 ${f N}$  – accusative masculine indefinite noun ightarrow Dust

اسم منصوب



## Chapter (79) sūrat I-nāzicāt (Those who Pull Out)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (79:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:1:1) wal-nāzi <sup>c</sup> āti By those who extract	وَ ٱلنَّزِغَتِ N P	<ul> <li>P – prefixed preposition wa (oath)</li> <li>N – genitive feminine plural active participle</li> </ul>
(79:1:2) gharqan violently,	خَرُقًا غَرُقًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب

(79:2:1) wal-nāshiṭāti And those who draw out	وَ ٱلنَّشِطَٰتِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive feminine plural active participle  الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور
(79:2:2) nashṭan gently,	ُثُ طًا نَشُطًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب
(79:3:1) wal-sābiḥāti And those who glide	وَ ٱلشَّبِحُتِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive feminine plural active participle الواو عاطفة
(79:3:2) sabḥan swimming,	سَبُحًا سَبُحًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب
(79:4:1) fal-sābiqāti And those who	فَٱلشَّبِقَٰتِ	<b>CONJ</b> – prefixed conjunction <i>fa</i> (and) <b>N</b> – genitive feminine plural active

(79:4:1)

fal-sābiqāti
And those who race each other

CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)
N – genitive feminine plural active participle

الفاء عاطفة عاطفة السم مجرور

(79:4:2) sabqan (in) a race,



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite verbal noun

اسم منصو ب



(79:5:1) fal-mudabirāti And those who arrange



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**N** – genitive feminine plural (form II) active participle

الفاء عاطفة اسم مجرور

(79:5:2) amran (the) matter.



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(79:6:1) yawma



**T** – accusative masculine time adverb

ظرف زمان منصوب

(79:6:2) tarjufu will quake

(The) Day



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(79:6:3)
I-rājifatu
the quaking one,



**N** – nominative feminine active participle

اسم مرفوع



(79:7:1) tatba<sup>c</sup>uhā Follows it



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(79:7:2) I-rādifatu the subsequent,



**N** – nominative feminine active participle

اسم مرفوع



(79:8:1) qulūbun Hearts,



N – nominative feminine plural indefinite noun → Heart

اسم مرفوع

(79:8:2) yawma-idhin that Day,



**T** – time adverb

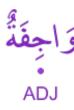
ظرف زمان

(79:8:3) wājifatun will palpitate,



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مرفوعة



(79:9:1) abṣāruhā Their eyes



**N** – nominative masculine plural noun

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:9:2) khāshi<sup>c</sup>atun humbled.



**N** – nominative feminine singular indefinite active participle

اسم مرفوع



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:10:1) yaqūlūna They say,	<b>يَقُولُونَ</b> PRON ۷	V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(79:10:2) a-innā "Will we	أُونًا PRON ACC INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person plural object pronoun  الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نصب و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان
(79:10:3) lamardūdūna indeed be returned	لَمَرُ دُو دُونَ N EMPH	EMPH – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> N – nominative masculine plural passive participle  اللام لام التوكيد
(79:10:4) fī to		P – preposition حرف جر

(79:10:5)**I-hāfirati** the former state? (79:11:1) a-idhā



#### **N** – genitive feminine noun

اسم مجرور



What! When



INTG - prefixed interrogative alif T - time adverb

الهمزة همزة استفهام ظرف زمان

(79:11:2)kunnā we are



V – 1st person plural perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun

**PRON** 

«فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم «كان

(79:11:3)cizāman bones



N – accusative masculine plural indefinite  $noun \rightarrow Bone$ 

اسم منصوب

(79:11:4)nakhiratan decayed?"



**ADJ** – accusative feminine singular indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect (79:12:1)verb qālū **PRON** – subject pronoun They say, فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل PRON **DEM** – feminine singular demonstrative (79:12:2)pronoun til'ka "This اسم اشارة (79:12:3)ANS – answer particle idhan then ANS **N** – nominative feminine indefinite noun (79:12:4)karratun اسم مرفوع (would be) a return Ν **ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite (79:12:5)active participle khāsiratun losing." صفة مرفوعة

	<b>REM</b> – prefixed resumption particle
ا ا ا ا ا	ACC – accusative particle
ورعت	<b>PREV</b> – preventive particle <i>mā</i>
• •	proventive particle ma
PREV ACC REM	الفاء استئنافية
	كافة ومكفوفة
	<b>PRON</b> – 3rd person feminine singular
	personal pronoun
رعی	personal pronoun
•	t
PRON	ضمير منفصل
	N
G	N – nominative feminine indefinite noun
9/2 (	اسم مر فو ع
رجره	اسم مر فو ع
•	
N	
IN	
	<b>ADJ</b> – nominative feminine indefinite
1 - 1	adjective
	صفة مر فوعة
	- <del></del>
9- 1	
و حدة	
ADJ	
	REM – prefixed resumption particle
1616	SUR – surprise particle
فإدا	OUN — Surprise particle
	3.81:55 J .131
0115 5511	الفاء استئنافية
SUR REM	حرف فجاءة
	PRON – 3rd person masculine plural
9	·
<b>A</b>	personal pronoun
<b>F</b>	
1	1
1.	ضمير منفصل
\. PRON	ضمير منفصل
	هِيَ

(79:14:3)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **N** – genitive feminine noun bil-sāhirati (will be) جار ومجرور awakened. (79:15:1)**INTG** – interrogative particle hal حرف استفهام Has INTG V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect (79:15:2)atāka verb **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular (there) come to you object pronoun PRON فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (79:15:3)N – nominative masculine noun hadīthu اسم مرفوع (the) story (79:15:4)**PN** – genitive masculine proper noun → mūsā Musa (of) Musa? اسم علم مجرور

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:16:1) idh When	<b>إِذُ</b> T	T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(79:16:2) nādāhu called him	<b>نَادَنْهُ</b> • • • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form III) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(79:16:3) rabbuhu his Lord	رَ <b>بُّهُ</b> و • • • PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(79:16:4) bil-wādi in the valley	بِٱلْوَادِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> N – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور

**ADJ** – genitive masculine (form II) passive (79:16:5)participle I-muqadasi the sacred صفة مجرورة N – genitive masculine indefinite noun (79:16:6)tuwan اسم مجرور (of) Tuwa, (79:17:1)**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperative idh'hab verb "Go فعل أمر **P** – preposition (79:17:2)ilā حرف جر to **PN** – genitive masculine proper noun → (79:17:3)Pharaoh fir'cawna Firaun. اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلاً من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من الصرف PΝ (79:17:4)**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object innahu Indeed, he pronoun «حرف نصب و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان

(79:17:5) ṭaghā (has) transgressed.	س طَغَیٰ ۰	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(79:18:1) faqul And say,	<b>فَقُ</b> لُ ۷ CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb الفاء عاطفة
(79:18:2) hal "Would	هَـل INTG	INTG – interrogative particle حرف استفهام
(79:18:3) laka [for] you	لَّكَ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(79:18:4) ilā [to]	اِلَیّ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(79:18:5) an [that]	أُن SUB	SUB – subordinating conjunction حرف مصدري

(79:18:6) tazakkā purify yourself?



**V** – 2nd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood

فعل مضارع منصوب



(79:19:1) wa-ahdiyaka And I will guide you



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 1st person singular imperfect verb,

subjunctive mood

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(79:19:2) ilā to



**P** – preposition

حرف جر

(79:19:3) rabbika your Lord



N – genitive masculine noun

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:19:4) fatakhshā so you would fear."



CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)V – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect

verb, subjunctive mood



الفاء عاطفة فعل مضارع منصوب

**REM** – prefixed resumption particle (79:20:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb fa-arāhu Then he **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object showed him PRON REM pronoun الفاء استئنافية فعل ماض و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به N – accusative feminine singular noun (79:20:2)I-āyata the sign N **ADJ** – accusative feminine adjective (79:20:3)l-kub'rā صفة منصوبة the great. (79:21:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle fakadhaba perfect verb But he denied الفاء استئنافية

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II)

فعل ماض

(79:21:2)wacasā and disobeyed.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض

### Verse (79:22) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:22:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(79:22:2) adbara he turned his back,	أُ <b>دُ</b> بَرَ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb فعل ماض

(79:22:3) yas<sup>c</sup>ā striving,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض



(79:23:1) faḥashara And he gathered



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(79:23:2) fanādā and called out,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form III) perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(79:24:1) faqāla Then he said,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض (79:24:2) **PRON** – 1st person singular personal pronoun anā "I am ضمير منفصل PRON **N** – nominative masculine noun (79:24:3)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine rabbukumu your Lord, plural possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل PRON جر بالاضافة (79:24:4)**ADJ** – nominative masculine adjective l-a<sup>c</sup>lā the Most High." صفة مرفوعة **CAUS** – prefixed particle of (79:25:1)fa-akhadhahu cause So seized him V – 3rd person masculine PRON V CAUS singular perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun الفاء سببية فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

أَللَّهُ

(79:25:2) I-lahu

Allah

**PN** – nominative proper noun → Allah

e PN

لفظ الجلالة مرفوع

(79:25:3) nakāla (with) an exemplary punishment	نَگالَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun
(79:25:4) I-ākhirati (for) the last	ٱلْءَاخِرَةِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine singular noun
(79:25:5) wal-ūlā and the first.	ُ اَلُأُو لَٰٰنَ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive feminine noun الواو عاطفة
(79:26:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(79:26:2) fī in	<b>ف</b> ٩	P – preposition حرف جر
(79:26:3) dhālika that	ذُ <b>لِ</b> كَ DEM	<b>DEM</b> – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

(79:26:4) **EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lacib'ratan N – accusative feminine indefinite noun surely (is) a lesson **EMPH** اللام لام التوكيد اسم منصوب **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (79:26:5)**REL** – relative pronoun liman for whoever جار ومجرور (79:26:6)V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb yakhshā fears. فعل مضارع

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:27:1) a-antum Are you	۽ اُنتمَ PRON INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative <i>alif</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine plural personal pronoun  الهمزة همزة استفهام ضمیر منفصل
(79:27:2) ashaddu a more difficult	أَشَدُّ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine singular noun
(79:27:3) khalqan creation	خَلْقًا N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine indefinite noun
(79:27:4) ami or	c CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف

N – nominative feminine noun (79:27:5)l-samāu the heaven. Ν V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect (79:27:6)banāhā verb **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular He object pronoun constructed it? فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به PRON (79:28:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect rafaca He raised (79:28:2)N – accusative masculine noun samkahā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun its ceiling اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) (79:28:3)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form fasawwāhā II) perfect verb and **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular proportioned object pronoun it. الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

PRON

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (79:29:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form wa-aghtasha IV) perfect verb And He darkened الواو عاطفة فعل ماض **N** – accusative masculine noun (79:29:2)**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular laylahā possessive pronoun its night اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة N PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (79:29:3)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form wa-akhraja IV) perfect verb and brought out الواو عاطفة فعل ماض (79:29:4)N – accusative masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular duḥāhā possessive pronoun its brightness. اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON (79:30:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative feminine noun → Earth wal-arda And the earth الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب CONJ (79:30:2)**T** – accusative time adverb bacda ظرف زمان منصوب after

(79:30:3)**DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun dhālika that اسم اشارة DEM (79:30:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect dahāhā verb **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular He spread it. object pronoun فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (79:31:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb akhraja He brought فعل ماض forth (79:31:2)**P** – preposition min'hā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular from it, object pronoun PRON جار ومجرور N – accusative masculine noun (79:31:3)**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular māahā possessive pronoun its water اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير منصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (79:31:4)N – accusative masculine noun wamarcāhā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular and its possessive pronoun pasture, الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة CONJ PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (79:32:1)N – accusative masculine plural noun wal-jibāla And the الواو عاطفة mountains, اسم منصوب CONJ **V** – 1st person singular imperfect verb (79:32:2)**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular arsāhā object pronoun He made them firm, فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول PRON (79:33:1)N – accusative masculine indefinite noun matācan (As) a provision **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (79:33:2)lakum **PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural for you personal pronoun جار ومجرور PRON

(79:33:3) waliancāmikum and for your cattle.

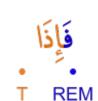




CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
P – prefixed preposition lām
N – genitive masculine plural noun
PRON – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

الواو عاطفة جار ومجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:34:1) fa-idhā But when



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **T** – time adverb

الفاء استئنافية ظرف زمان

(79:34:2) jāati comes



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض

(79:34:3)
I-ṭāmatu
the Overwhelming
Calamity



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع

(79:34:4)
I-kub'rā
the great,

(79:35:1)
yawma
(The) Day



#### ADJ – nominative feminine adjective

صفة مرفوعة





T – accusative masculine time adverb

ظرف زمان منصوب

(79:35:2) yatadhakkaru will remember



 ${f V}$  – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(79:35:3) I-insānu man



N - nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(79:35:4) mā what



**REL** 

**REL** – relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(79:35:5) sa<sup>c</sup>ā he strove (for),



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض



(79:36:1) waburrizati And will be made manifest



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض مبني للمجهول

(79:36:2) I-jaḥīmu the Hellfire



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع

(79:36:3) liman to (him) who



**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* **REL** – relative pronoun

جار ومجرور

(79:36:4) yarā sees,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



(79:37:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **EXL** – explanation particle fa-ammā Then as for الفاء استئنافية REM حرف تفصيل EXL **COND** – conditional noun (79:37:2)man اسم شرط (him) who COND (79:37:3)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb ţaghā transgressed, فعل ماض (79:38:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) waāthara **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) And preferred perfect verb الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(79:38:2)
ا-ḥayata
the life

N – accusative feminine noun

(79:38:3) I-dun'yā (of) the world,



**ADJ** – accusative feminine singular adjective

صفة منصوبة



(79:39:1) fa-inna Then indeed,



**RSLT** – prefixed result particle **ACC** – accusative particle

الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حرف نصب

(79:39:2) I-jaḥīma the Hellfire,



N – accusative feminine noun

اسم منصوب

(79:39:3) hiya it



**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(79:39:4) I-mawā (is) the refuge.



**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:40:1) wa-ammā But as for	<b>وَأُمَّا</b> EXL CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) EXL – explanation particle الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل
(79:40:2) man (him) who	مَنُ COND	COND – conditional noun
(79:40:3) khāfa feared	خَافَ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(79:40:4) maqāma standing	مَقَامَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun

(79:40:5) rabbihi (before) his Lord,



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:40:6) wanahā and restrained



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض

(79:40:7) I-nafsa his soul



**N** – accusative feminine singular noun

اسم منصوب

(79:40:8) cani from



 ${\boldsymbol P}-\text{preposition}$ 

حرف جر

(79:40:9) I-hawā the vain desires,



 ${\bf N}$  – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور

ٱلۡهَوَىٰ N

(79:41:1) fa-inna Then indeed,



**RSLT** – prefixed result particle **ACC** – accusative particle

الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حرف نصب RSLT

**PN** – accusative feminine proper noun → (79:41:2)I-janata **Paradise** Paradise -اسم علم منصوب PΝ (79:41:3)**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular personal hiya pronoun it (is) ضمير منفصل **N** – nominative masculine noun (79:41:4)I-mawā اسم مرفوع the refuge. V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb (79:42:1)yasalūnaka **PRON** – subject pronoun They ask **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object you pronoun PRON **PRON** فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **P** – preposition (79:42:2)cani about **N** – genitive feminine noun (79:42:3)l-sācati the Hour,

(79:42:4) ayyāna when	أَيَّانَ T	T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(79:42:5) mur'sāhā (is) its arrival?	مُرُسَلهَا مُرُسَلهَا PRON N	N – nominative masculine (form IV) passive participle PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(79:43:1) fīma In what	فِيمَ INTG P	P – preposition INTG – interrogative noun حرف جر اسم استفهام
(79:43:2) anta (are) you	أنت PRON	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمير منفصل
(79:43:3) min [of]	مِن	P – preposition حرف جر

(79:43:4) dhik'rāhā (to) mention it?



N – genitive feminine nounPRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:44:1) ilā

To



**P** – preposition

حرف جر

(79:44:2) rabbika your Lord



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

PRON N

اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(79:44:3) muntahāhā (is) its finality.



 ${f N}$  – nominative masculine (form VIII) passive participle

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مرفوع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(79:45:1) innamā Only	إِنَّمَآ PREV ACC	ACC – accusative particle PREV – preventive particle <i>mā</i> كافة ومكفوفة
(79:45:2) anta you	أنت PRON	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمیر منفصل
(79:45:3) mundhiru (are) a warner	مُنذِرُ N	N – nominative masculine (form IV) active participle
(79:45:4) man (for him) who	مَن • REL	REL – relative pronoun

(79:45:5) yakhshāhā fears it.



 ${f V}-3{f r}{f d}$  person masculine singular imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun



فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(79:46:1) kaannahum As though they,



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل «كأن «كأن

(79:46:2) yawma (the) Day



T – accusative masculine time adverb

ظرف زمان منصوب

(79:46:3) yarawnahā they see it,



V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(79:46:4) lam not



**NEG** – negative particle

حرف نفي

(79:46:5) yalbathū they had remained



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb, jussive mood

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع مجزوم والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل ٧

(79:46:6)**RES** – restriction particle illā أداة حصر except **RES** (79:46:7)**N** – accusative feminine indefinite noun cashiyyatan an evening **CONJ** – coordinating conjunction (79:46:8)aw حرف عطف or CONJ (79:46:9)N – accusative masculine noun duḥāhā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun a morning thereof. اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

## Chapter (80) sūrat cabasa (He frowned)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (80:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(80:1:1)  cabasa He frowned	عَبَسَ ° ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – implicit subject pronoun → Muhammad فعل ماض
(80:1:2) watawallā and turned away,		<ul> <li>CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)</li> <li>V – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) perfect verb</li> <li>PRON – implicit subject pronoun</li> <li>→ Muhammad</li> </ul>
	ودویی • • V CONJ	الو او عاطفة فعل ماض

(80:2:1) an Because	أن SUB	SUB – subordinating conjunction حرف مصدر ي
(80:2:2) jāahu came to him	جُآءَهُ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(80:2:3) I-a <sup>c</sup> mā the blind man.	ْنَّ ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(80:3:1) wamā But what	وَمَا INTG REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle INTG – interrogative noun الو او استثنافية
(80:3:2) yud'rīka would make you know	یُدُرِیكَ PRON v	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل مضارع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:3:3)
lacallahu
that he might

(80:3:4)
yazzakkā
purify himself,



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» والهاء ضمير «متصل في محل نصب اسم «لعل



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



(80:4:1) aw Or



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(80:4:2) yadhakkaru be reminded



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

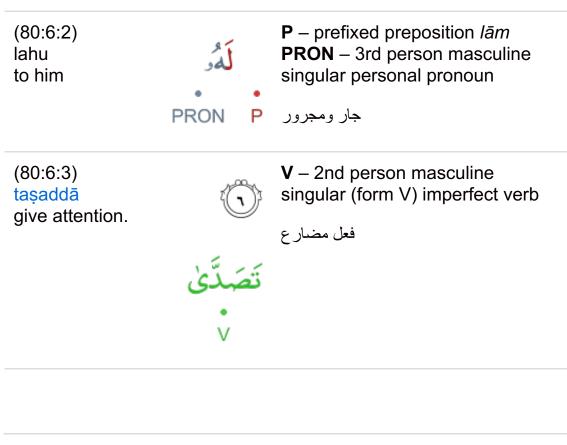
(80:4:3) fatanfa<sup>c</sup>ahu so would benefit him

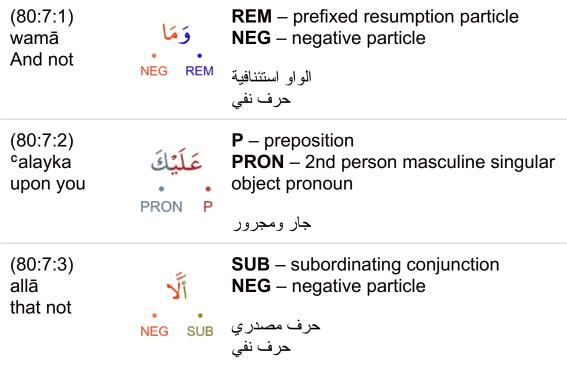


**CAUS** – prefixed particle of cause **V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb, subjunctive mood **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الفاء سببية فعل مضارع منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل مصارع منصوب محل نصب مفعول به

**N** – nominative feminine noun (80:4:4)l-dhik'rā اسم مرفوع the reminder? (80:5:1)**EXL** – explanation particle ammā As for **COND** – conditional noun (80:5:2)mani اسم شرط (him) who COND (80:5:3)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form X) perfect verb is'taghnā considers فعل ماض himself free from need, **RSLT** – prefixed result particle (80:6:1)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine fa-anta singular personal pronoun So you PRON RSLT الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط ضمير منفصل





(80:7:4) yazzakkā he purifies himself.



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood



فعل مضارع منصوب

(80:8:1) wa-ammā But as for



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **EXL** – explanation particle

الواو عاطفة EXL CONJ حرف تفصيل

(80:8:2) man (he) who



**COND** – conditional noun

اسم شرط

(80:8:3) jāaka came to you



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:8:4) yas<sup>c</sup>ā striving,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



(80:9:1) wahuwa While he	<b>وَهُوَ</b> PRON CIRC	<b>CIRC</b> – prefixed circumstantial particle <b>PRON</b> – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun
		الو او حالية ضمير منفصل
(80:9:2) yakhshā fears,		V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb
	ؽڂؙۺؘؽ	فعل مضارع
	V	
(80:10:1) fa-anta But you	فَأَنتَ PRON RSLT	RSLT – prefixed result particle PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun
fa-anta		PRON – 2nd person masculine singular
fa-anta	PRON RSLT	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط
fa-anta But you (80:10:2) canhu	PRON RSLT	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun  الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط منفصل  P – preposition  PRON – 3rd person masculine singular
fa-anta But you  (80:10:2) canhu from him  (80:10:3) talahhā	PRON RSLT	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun  الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط منفصل  P – preposition  PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun
fa-anta But you (80:10:2) canhu from him	PRON RSLT	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun  الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط الشرط منفصل  P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  جار ومجرور  V – 3rd person masculine singular

(80:11:1) kallā Nay!



#### **AVR** – aversion particle

حرف ردع



(80:11:2) innahā Indeed, it



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

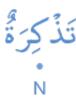
حرف نصب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان

(80:11:3) tadhkiratun (is) a reminder,



**N** – nominative feminine indefinite (form II) verbal noun

اسم مرفوع



(80:12:1) faman So whosoever



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **COND** – conditional noun

الفاء استئنافية اسم شرط

(80:12:2) shāa wills



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb



(80:12:3) dhakarahu may remember it.



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:13:1)

fī In **P** – preposition

حرف جر

(80:13:2) suḥufin sheets



**N** – genitive feminine plural indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(80:13:3) mukarramatin honored,



**ADJ** – genitive feminine plural indefinite (form II) passive participle

صفة مجرورة



(80:14:1) marfū<sup>c</sup>atin Exalted,



**ADJ** – genitive feminine plural indefinite passive participle

صفة مجرورة

(80:14:2) muṭahharatin purified,



# **ADJ** – genitive feminine plural indefinite (form II) passive participle

صفة مجرورة



(80:15:1) bi-aydī In (the) hands



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive feminine plural noun

جار ومجرور

(80:15:2) safaratin (of) scribes.



**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور



(80:16:1) kirāmin Noble,	كِرَاج ADJ	ADJ – genitive feminine plural indefinite adjective صفة مجرورة
(80:16:2) bararatin dutiful.	ش بَرَرَةٍ ADJ	ADJ – genitive feminine plural indefinite adjective مفة مجرورة
(80:17:1) qutila Is destroyed	<b>قُ</b> ٰتِلَ ْ	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive perfect verb فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(80:17:2) I-insānu [the] man,	ٱلۡإِنسَٰنُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(80:17:3) mā how	مَا INTG	INTG – interrogative noun
(80:17:4) akfarahu ungrateful is he!	الله أَكْفَرَهُ	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
	PRON V	

(80:18:1) min From	مِنُ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(80:18:2) ayyi what	أَيِّ INTG	INTG – nominative interrogative noun
(80:18:3) shayin thing	شَيْءٍ • N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(80:18:4) khalaqahu He created him?	شَّ خُلَقَهُ رُ خُلَقَهُ رُ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(80:19:1) min From	مِن • P	P – preposition حرف جر

(80:19:2)nut'fatin a semen-drop



**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(80:19:3)khalaqahu He created him,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:19:4)faqaddarahu then He proportioned him,





**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (and)

V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:20:1)thumma Then



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(80:20:2)l-sabīla the way,



N – accusative masculine noun

(80:20:3) yassarahu He made easy for him,



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:21:1) thumma Then



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(80:21:2) amātahu He causes him to die



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:21:3) fa-aqbarahu and provides a grave for him,





**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

## Verse (80:22) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(80:22:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(80:22:2) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(80:22:3) shāa He wills,	شَآءَ • ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض

(80:22:4) ansharahu He will resurrect him.



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب معول به

(80:23:1) kallā Nay!	کَلّا AVR	AVR – aversion particle حرف ردع
(80:23:2) lammā Not	لَمَّا NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(80:23:3) yaqdi he has accomplished	۰۰ را	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood  فعل مضارع مجزوم
(80:23:4) mā what	مَا REL	REL – relative pronoun

(80:23:5) amarahu He commanded him.



 V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب

(80:24:1) falyanzuri Then let look



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **IMPV** – prefixed imperative particle *lām* 

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

الفاء استئنافية اللام لام الامر فعل مضارع مجزوم

(80:24:2) I-insānu the man



**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(80:24:3)

ilā

at

 ${f P}$  – preposition

حرف جر

(80:24:4) tacāmihi his food,



N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(80:25:1) annā That [We]	أَنَّا PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person plural object pronoun  حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» و «نا» ضمیر «متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان
(80:25:2) şababnā [We] poured	صَبَبْنَا PRON V	V – 1st person plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(80:25:3) I-māa the water	اَلُمَآءَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun
(80:25:4) sabban (in) abundance,	ر مَبِّا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal noun اسم منصوب
(80:26:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(80:26:2) shaqaqnā We cleaved		V – 1st person plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض و «نا» ضمیر متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(80:26:3) I-arḍa the earth	ٱ <b>ل</b> اًرُّضَ N	N – accusative feminine noun → Earth اسم منصوب
(80:26:4) shaqqan splitting,	شَـُقًا شَـُقًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب
(80:27:1) fa-anbatnā Then We caused to grow	الْمَاتِينَا PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع
(80:27:2) fīhā therein	فِیهَا PRON P	P – preposition  PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  جار ومجرور
(80:27:3) ḥabban grain,	رُبُّ حَبُّا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun → Grain اسم منصوب

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(80:28:1) wa <sup>c</sup> inaban And grapes	وَعِنَبًا N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – accusative masculine indefinite noun  → Grape  الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب
(80:28:2) waqadban and green fodder,	رِهِ الْمَا وَقَضُبًا N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – accusative masculine indefinite noun الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب
(80:29:1) wazaytūnan And olive	<b>وَزَيْتُونًا</b> N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) N – accusative masculine indefinite noun → Olive  الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(80:29:2) wanakhlan and datepalms,



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
 → Date Palm



الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(80:30:1) waḥadāiqa And gardens



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative masculine plural noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(80:30:2) ghul'ban (of) thick foliage,



**ADJ** – accusative masculine plural indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة



(80:31:1) wafākihatan And fruits



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative feminine indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب (80:31:2) wa-abban and grass,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب



(80:32:1) matā<sup>c</sup>an

(As) a provision



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

سم منصو ب

(80:32:2) lakum for you



P – prefixed preposition *lām*PRON – 2nd person masculine plural personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

(80:32:3) waliancāmikum and for your cattle.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* 

**N** – genitive masculine plural noun **PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

الواو عاطفة جار ومجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(80:33:1) fa-idhā But when



CONJ

**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **T** – time adverb

الفاء استئنافية ظرف ز مان

(80:33:2) jāati comes	جَآءَتِ ۷	V – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(80:33:3) I-ṣākhatu the Deafening Blast,	ُرْتَّ ٱلصَّاخَّةُ N	N – nominative feminine active participle اسم مرفوع
(80:34:1) yawma (The) Day	يَوُ مَ • T	T – accusative masculine time adverb ظرف زمان منصوب
(80:34:2) yafirru will flee	يَفِرُّ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(80:34:3) I-maru a man	ٱلْمَرَءُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(80:34:4) min from	مِنُ P	P – preposition حرف جر

(80:34:5) akhīhi his brother,



N – genitive masculine singular noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(80:35:1) wa-ummihi And his mother



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 N – genitive feminine singular noun
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(80:35:2) wa-abīhi and his father,



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 N – genitive masculine singular noun
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



الواو عاطفة السم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

#### Verse (80:36) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(80:36:1) waṣāḥibatihi And his wife	وَصَحِبَتِهِ PRON N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive feminine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun
		الواو عاطفة السم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(80:36:2) wabanīhi and his children,	وَبَنِيهِ PRON N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine plural noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun  الواو عاطفة المورو والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة بالاضافة

(80:37:1) likulli For every



P – prefixed preposition *lām*N – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور

(80:37:2) im'ri-in man



**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(80:37:3) min'hum among them



**P** – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(80:37:4) yawma-idhin that Day



**T** – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(80:37:5) shanun (will be) a matter



**N** – nominative masculine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(80:37:6) yugh'nīhi occupying him.



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل مضارع و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(80:38:1)wujūhun Faces,



N – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(80:38:2)yawma-idhin that Day



T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(80:38:3)mus'firatun (will be) bright,



N – nominative feminine indefinite (form IV) active participle

اسم مرفوع



(80:39:1)dāḥikatun Laughing,



N – nominative feminine indefinite active participle

اسم مرفوع

(80:39:2)mus'tabshiratun rejoicing at good news.



N – nominative feminine indefinite (form X) active participle

اسم مرفوع



(80:40:1) wawujūhun And faces,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**N** – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مرفوع

(80:40:2) yawma-idhin that Day,



T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(80:40:3) calayhā upon them



**P** – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(80:40:4) ghabaratun (will be) dust,



N – nominative feminine indefinite noun  $\rightarrow$  Dust

اسم مرفوع



(80:41:1) tarhaquhā Will cover them



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (80:41:2) qataratun darkness.



**N** – nominative feminine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع



(80:42:1) ulāika Those



**DEM** – plural demonstrative pronoun

اسم اشارة

(80:42:2) humu [they]



**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(80:42:3)

I-kafaratu
(are) the
disbelievers,



**N** – nominative masculine plural noun

اسم مرفوع

(80:42:4) l-fajaratu the wicked ones.



# **ADJ** – nominative masculine plural active



## Chapter (81) sūrat I-takwīr (The Overthrowing)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (81:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(81:1:1) idhā		T – time adverb
When		ظرف زمان
(81:1:2) I-shamsu	م ت د	N – nominative feminine noun → Sun
the sun	الشمش	اسم مرفوع
	•	

(81:1:3) kuwwirat is wrapped up,



V – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(81:2:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **T** – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(81:2:2) I-nujūmu the stars



N – nominative masculine plural noun

→ Star

اسم مرفوع

(81:2:3) inkadarat fall, losing their luster



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form VII) perfect verb

فعل ماض



(81:3:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **T** – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان (81:3:2) I-jibālu the mountains



N – nominative masculine plural noun

اسم مرفوع

(81:3:3) suyyirat are moved away,



V − 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول



(81:4:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **T** – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(81:4:2)
I-cishāru
the full-term
she-camels



N – nominative masculine plural noun → Camel

اسم مر فو ع

(81:4:3)

cuttilat
(are) left
untended;



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (81:5:1)T – time adverb wa-idhā And when الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان N – nominative masculine plural noun (81:5:2)l-wuḥūshu اسم مرفوع the wild beasts (81:5:3)V – 3rd person feminine singular hushirat passive perfect verb are gathered, فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول (81:6:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) T - time adverb wa-idhā And when الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان (81:6:2)N – nominative masculine plural noun I-bihāru اسم مرفوع the seas Ν **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form (81:6:3)II) passive perfect verb sujjirat are made to فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول overflow,

(81:7:1) wa-idhā And when	وَ إِذَا تروي :	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) T – time adverb الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان
(81:7:2) I-nufūsu the souls	. 8 %	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine plural noun اسم مرفوع
(81:7:3)  zuwwijat  are paired,		V – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(81:8:1) wa-idhā And when	وَ إِذَا T CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) T – time adverb الواو عاطفة
(81:8:2) I-mawūdatu the female infant buried alive	ٱ <b>لْمَوْءُودَةُ</b> N	N – nominative feminine passive participle

(81:8:3) su-ilat is asked



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(81:9:1) bi-ayyi For what



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **INTG** – genitive interrogative noun

جار ومجرور

(81:9:2) dhanbin sin



**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(81:9:3) qutilat she was killed.



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(81:10:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

T – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(81:10:2) I-ṣuḥufu the pages	ٱلصُّحُفُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine plural noun
(81:10:3) nushirat are laid open,	ْنُ ثُرْتُ نُشِرَتُ ۷	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(81:11:1) wa-idhā And when	<b>وَ إِذَا</b> T CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) T – time adverb  الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان
(81:11:2) I-samāu the sky	اُلسَّمَآءُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine noun
(81:11:3) kushiṭat is stripped away,		V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(81:12:1) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) wa-idhā **T** – time adverb And when CONJ الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان N – nominative feminine noun (81:12:2) I-jahīmu اسم مرفوع the Hellfire **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (81:12:3)(form II) passive perfect verb succirat is set ablaze, فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول (81:13:1) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wa-idhā (and) **T** – time adverb And when CONJ الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان (81:13:2) **PN** – nominative feminine proper I-janatu  $noun \rightarrow \textbf{Paradise}$ 

Paradise

(81:13:3) uz'lifat is brought near,



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form IV) passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(81:14:1)

calimat

Will know



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض

(81:14:2) nafsun a soul



**N** – nominative feminine singular indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(81:14:3) mā what



**REL** – relative pronoun

اسم موصول



(81:14:4) aḥḍarat it has brought.



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form IV) perfect verb

فعل ماض



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(81:15:1) falā But payl	فَلاَ	<b>REM</b> – prefixed resumption particle <b>NEG</b> – negative particle
But nay!	NEG REM	الفاء استئنافية حرف نفي
(81:15:2) uq'simu	ا اگ	V – 1st person singular (form IV) imperfect verb
l swear	٧	فعل مضارع

(81:15:3) bil-khunasi by the retreating planets,



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

**N** – genitive masculine plural noun

جار ومجرور



(81:16:1) al-jawāri Those that run



**ADJ** – genitive feminine plural active participle

صفة مجرورة

(81:16:2) I-kunasi (and) disappear,



**ADJ** – genitive masculine plural adjective

صفة مجرورة



(81:17:1) wa-al-layli And the night



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

N – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(81:17:2) idhā when T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(81:17:3) V – 3rd person masculine singular cascasa perfect verb it departs, فعل ماض (81:18:1) CONJ - prefixed conjunction wa wal-şub'hi (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun → And the dawn Dawn CONJ الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور T – time adverb (81:18:2) idhā ظرف زمان when (81:18:3)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) perfect verb tanaffasa it breathes فعل ماض (81:19:1) **ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine innahu singular object pronoun Indeed, it

«اسم «ان

حريف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب

PRON ACC

(81:19:2) laqawlu (is) surely a word	لَقَوْلُ N EMPH	EMPH – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> N – nominative masculine verbal noun  اللام لام التوكيد
(81:19:3) rasūlin (of) a Messenger	رَسُولٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(81:19:4) karīmin noble,	گریم گریم ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular indefinite adjective مصفة مجرورة
(81:20:1) dhī Possessor of	ذِی N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun
(81:20:2) quwwatin power,	<b>قُوَّ</b> ةٍ N	N – genitive feminine indefinite noun
(81:20:3) cinda with	عِندَ Loc	LOC – accusative location adverb ظرف مکان منصوب

(81:20:4) **N** – genitive masculine singular dhī noun (the) Owner of اسم مجرور (81:20:5) N – genitive masculine noun  $\rightarrow$ l-carshi Allah's Throne the Throne اسم مجرور **ADJ** – genitive masculine singular (81:20:6) indefinite adjective makīnin secure, صفة مجرورة

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(81:21:1) muṭā <sup>c</sup> in One to be obeyed	مُّطًاعٍ ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine indefinite (form IV) passive participle مصفة مجرورة
(81:21:2) thamma and	LOC	LOC – location adverb ظرف مکان
(81:21:3) amīnin trustworthy,	ش أمِينٍ ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular indefinite adjective صفة مجرورة
(81:22:1) wamā And not	وَ مَا NEG REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle NEG – negative particle الواو استئنافية «ليس

(81:22:2) ṣāḥibukum (is) your companion



N – nominative nounPRON – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(81:22:3) bimajnūnin mad.



P – prefixed preposition bi
N – genitive masculine indefinite passive participle



جار ومجرور

(81:23:1) walaqad And certainly



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **CERT** – particle of certainty

الواو استئنافية اللام لام التوكيد حرف تحقيق

(81:23:2) raāhu he saw him



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

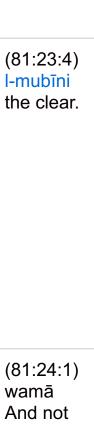
(81:23:3) bil-ufuqi in the horizon



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive masculine noun  $\rightarrow$  Horizon

جار ومجرور





 $\ensuremath{\textbf{ADJ}}$  – genitive masculine (form IV) active participle

صفة مجرورة



(81:24:1) wamā And not	وَمَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة الواد عاطفة النافية بمنزلة «ليس
(81:24:2) huwa he (is)	هُوَ PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمير منفصل
(81:24:3) <sup>c</sup> alā on	عَلَى P	P – preposition حرف جر
(81:24:4) I-ghaybi the unseen	ٱلْغَيْبِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun

(81:24:5)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* N – genitive masculine singular indefinite bidanīnin a withholder. noun جار ومجرور (81:25:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle wamā And not الواو عاطفة **NEG** CONJ «نافیة بمنزلة «لیس **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular (81:25:2)personal pronoun huwa it ضمير منفصل **PRON** (81:25:3)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* bigawli N – genitive masculine verbal noun (is the) word جار ومجرور  ${f N}$  – genitive masculine indefinite noun ightarrow(81:25:4)shayṭānin Satan (of) Shaitaan اسم مجرور

(81:25:5) rajīmin accursed.



**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular indefinite adjective

صفة مجرورة



(81:26:1) fa-ayna So where



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **INTG** – interrogative noun

الفاء استئنافية اسم استفهام

(81:26:2) tadhhabūna are you going?



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(81:27:1) in Not	<b>إِنُ</b> NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(81:27:2) huwa it	هُوَ PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمير منفصل
(81:27:3) illā (is) except	RES	RES – restriction particle أداة حصر

(81:27:4) N – nominative masculine indefinite verbal dhik'run noun a reminder اسم مرفوع (81:27:5) **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* N – genitive masculine plural noun lil'cālamīna to the جار ومجرور worlds. (81:28:1) **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* **REL** – relative pronoun liman For whoever جار ومجرور V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect (81:28:2)shāa verb wills فعل ماض (81:28:3)**P** – preposition **PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural minkum object pronoun among PRON you جار ومجرور **SUB** – subordinating conjunction (81:28:4)an حرف مصدري to SUB

(81:28:5) yastaqīma take a straight way.



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form X) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood

فعل مضارع منصوب



(81:29:1) wamā And not



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **NEG** – negative particle

الو او استئنافية حرف نفي

(81:29:2) tashāūna you will



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(81:29:3) illā except



**RES** – restriction particle

أداة حصر

(81:29:4) an that



**SUB** – subordinating conjunction

حرف مصدري

(81:29:5) yashāa wills

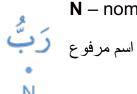


**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, subjunctive mood

فعل مضارع منصوب

 $\textbf{PN} - \text{nominative proper noun} \rightarrow \textbf{Allah}$ (81:29:6) l-lahu لفظ الجلالة مرفوع Allah, PN

(81:29:7)rabbu Lord



**N** – nominative masculine noun

(81:29:8) l-cālamīna (of) the worlds.



**N** – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



## Chapter (82) sūrat l-infiṭār (The Cleaving)

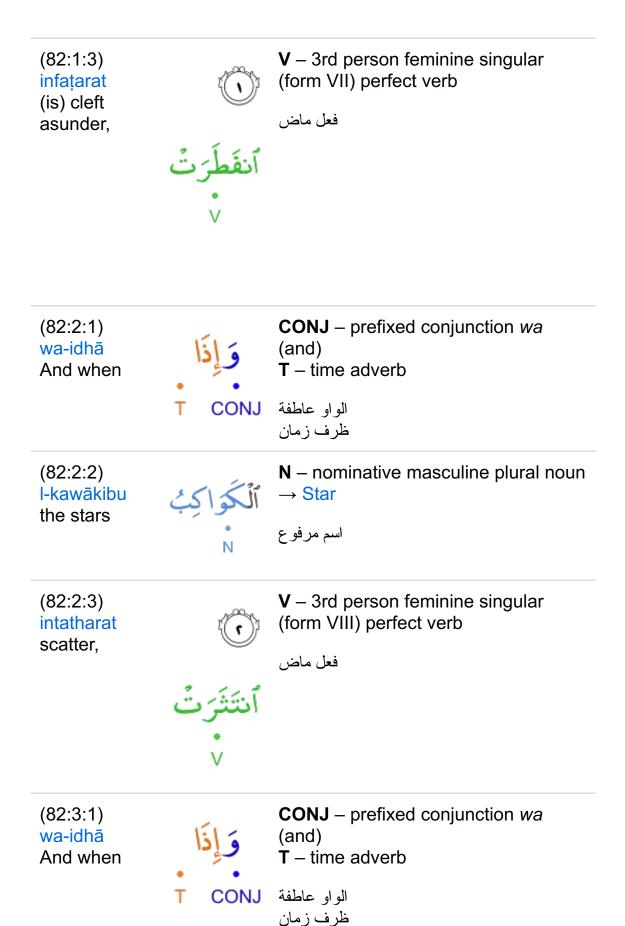
**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (82:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(82:1:1) idhā		T – time adverb
When		ظرف زمان
(82:1:2) I-samāu	9	N – nominative feminine noun
the sky	ٱلسَّمَآءُ	اسم مر فو ع
	• N	
	IN	



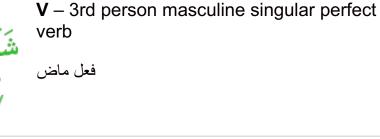
(82:3:2)N – nominative masculine plural noun l-biḥāru the seas (82:3:3)**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) passive perfect verb fujjirat are made to فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول gush forth, (82:4:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wa-idhā (and) T - time adverb And when CONJ الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان (82:4:2)N – nominative masculine plural noun l-qubūru اسم مرفوع the graves **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (82:4:3)bu<sup>c</sup>'thirat passive perfect verb are فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول overturned,

(82:5:1)  calimat  Will know	عَلِمَتُ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb
(82:5:2) nafsun a soul	نَ <b>فَ</b> سُ ۱ N	N – nominative feminine singular indefinite noun
(82:5:3) mā what	مًّا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(82:5:4) qaddamat it has sent forth	قَدَّمَتُ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) perfect verb فعل ماض
(82:5:5) wa-akharat and left behind.	ُّنَّ وَأَخَّرَتُ V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) perfect verb الواو عاطفة
(82:6:1) yāayyuhā O	يُأَيُّهَا N VOC	VOC – prefixed vocative particle <i>ya</i> N – nominative noun  اداة نداء اسم مرفوع

(82:6:2) I-insānu man!	ٱلۡإِنسَٰنُ «	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(82:6:3) mā What	مًا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(82:6:4) gharraka has deceived you	غَرَّكُ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(82:6:5) birabbika concerning your Lord	برَبِكَ PRON N P	P – prefixed preposition bi  N – genitive masculine noun  PRON – 2nd person masculine  singular possessive pronoun  مار ومجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر  بالاضافة
(82:6:6) I-karīmi the Most Noble,	الگريم الگريم ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular adjective مصفة مجرورة

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(82:7:1) alladhī Who	اُلَّذِی REL	REL – masculine singular relative pronoun اسم موصول
(82:7:2) khalaqaka created you,	خَلَقَكَ • • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(82:7:3) fasawwāka then fashioned you	فَسَوَّ نك PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  الفاء عاطفة معل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(82:7:4)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect facadalaka then balanced verb **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular you? object pronoun فعَدَلَكَ الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **PRON** (82:8:1)P – preposition ſῖ In (82:8:2)**N** – genitive noun ayyi اسم مجرور whatever **N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun (82:8:3)şūratin اسم مجرور form (82:8:4)**REL** – relative pronoun mā اسم موصول what REL (82:8:5)shāa verb He willed,



(82:8:6) rakkabaka He assembled you.



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb
 PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(82:9:1) kallā Nay!



AVR - aversion particle

حرف ردع

(82:9:2) bal But



**RET** – retraction particle

حرف اضراب

(82:9:3) tukadhibūna you deny



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural (form II) imperfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(82:9:4) bil-dīni the Judgment.



 ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition bi

 ${\bf N}$  – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور



(82:10:1)
wa-inna
And indeed,

(82:10:2)
calaykum
over you

(82:10:3)
laḥāfiẓīna
(are) surely
guardians,



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **ACC** – accusative particle

الو او استئنافية حرف نصب

عَلَيْكُمُ

P – prepositionPRON – 2nd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **N** – accusative masculine plural active participle



اللام لام التوكيد اسم منصوب

(82:11:1) kirāman Noble



**ADJ** – accusative masculine plural indefinite adjective

صفة منصوبة

(82:11:2) kātibīna recording,



**ADJ** – accusative masculine plural active participle

صفة منصوبة

**کُتِبِین** ADJ

V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect (82:12:1)ya<sup>c</sup>lamūna verb **PRON** – subject pronoun They know PRON فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (82:12:2)**REL** – relative pronoun mā اسم موصول whatever REL **V** – 2nd person masculine plural (82:12:3)imperfect verb tafcalūna **PRON** – subject pronoun you do. فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

## Verse (82:13) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(82:13:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(82:13:2) I-abrāra the righteous	ٱ <b>ل</b> اًبْرَارَ ۱۸	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine plural noun
(82:13:3) lafī (will be) surely in	لَفِی • • • EMPH	EMPH – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> P – preposition  اللام لام التوكيد التوكيد

(82:13:4) na<sup>c</sup>īmin bliss,



N – genitive masculine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور



(82:14:1) wa-inna And indeed,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **ACC** – accusative particle

الواو عاطفة حرف نصب

(82:14:2) I-fujāra the wicked



**N** – accusative masculine plural active participle

اسم منصوب

(82:14:3) lafī (will be) surely in



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **P** – preposition

اللام لام التوكيد حرف جر

(82:14:4) jaḥīmin Hellfire.



**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور



V – 3rd person masculine plural (82:15:1) imperfect verb yaslawnahā They will **PRON** – subject pronoun PRON PRON V burn (in) it **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «هاً» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به T – accusative masculine time adverb (82:15:2) yawma (on the) Day (82:15:3) **N** – genitive masculine noun I-dīni اسم مجرور (of) the Judgment, (82:16:1) **CIRC** – prefixed circumstantial particle wamā **NEG** – negative particle And not الواو حالية NEG CIRC «نافية بمنزلة «ليس (82:16:2) **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural hum personal pronoun they ضمير منفصل PRON (82:16:3)**P** – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular canhā from it object pronoun PRON جار ومجرور

**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* (82:16:4) N – genitive masculine plural active bighāibīna participle (will be) absent. جار ومجرور (82:17:1) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **INTG** – interrogative noun wamā And what الواو عاطفة CONJ اسم استفهام (82:17:2) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb adrāka **PRON** – 2nd person masculine can make singular object pronoun you know PRON فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (82:17:3) **INTG** – interrogative noun mā اسم استفهام what INTG

**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(82:17:4)

(is the) Day

yawmu

(82:17:5)
I-dīni
(of) the
Judgment?



N – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(82:18:1) thumma Then,



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(82:18:2) mā what



**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

(82:18:3) adrāka can make you know



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(82:18:4) mā what



**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

INTG

(82:18:5)N - nominative masculine noun yawmu اسم مرفوع (is the) Day **N** – genitive masculine noun (82:18:6)I-dīni (of) the Judgment? (82:19:1) N – accusative masculine noun yawma (The) Day **NEG** – negative particle (82:19:2)Ιā حر ف نفي not **NEG** (82:19:3)**V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb tamliku will have power (82:19:4)**N** – nominative feminine singular indefinite nafsun noun a soul اسم مرفوع

(82:19:5)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* linafsin N – genitive feminine singular indefinite noun for a soul جار ومجرور (82:19:6)**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun shayan اسم منصوب anything, (82:19:7)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle N - nominative masculine noun wal-amru and the الواو استئنافية Command اسم مرفوع REM T – time adverb (82:19:8)yawma-idhin ظرف زمان that Day **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (82:19:9)**PN** – genitive proper noun → Allah lillahi (will be) with جار ومجرور Allah.

## Chapter (83) sūrat I-muṭafifīn (Those Who Deal in Fraud)

corpus.quran.com/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (83:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(83:1:1) waylun Woe	وَ يُلُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine indefinite noun

(83:1:2) lil'muṭaffifīna to those who give less,



P – prefixed preposition *lām*N – genitive masculine plural (form II) active participle



جار ومجرور

(83:2:1) alladhīna Those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun اسم موصول
(83:2:2) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(83:2:3) ik'tālū they take a measure	<b>اَکۡتَالُواْ</b> PRON ۷	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VIII) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(83:2:4) <sup>c</sup> alā from	عَلَى ٩	P – preposition حرف جر
(83:2:5) I-nāsi the people,	ٱلنَّاسِ	N – genitive masculine plural noun

N

(83:2:6) yastawfūna they take in full,



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form X) imperfect verbPRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:3:1) wa-idhā But when



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)T – time adverb

الواو عاطفة CONJ ظرف زمان

(83:3:2) kālūhum they give by measure (to) them



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(83:3:3) aw or



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف او

V – 3rd person masculine plural (83:3:4)perfect verb wazanūhum PRON PRON V **PRON** – subject pronoun they weigh **PRON** – 3rd person masculine (for) them plural object pronoun فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول **V** – 3rd person masculine plural (83:3:5)(form IV) imperfect verb yukh'sirūna they give less. PRON - subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع PRON (83:4:1)**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* **NEG** – negative particle alā Do not الهمزة همزة استفهام NEG INTG حرف نفي V – 3rd person masculine singular (83:4:2)imperfect verb yazunnu think (83:4:3)**DEM** – plural demonstrative ulāika pronoun those

(83:4:4) annahum that they
(83:4:5) mab <sup>c</sup> ūthū (will be) resurrecte



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» و «هم» ضمير «متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان

ina ed,



**N** – nominative masculine plural passive participle

اسم مرفوع



(83:5:1)liyawmin For a Day



**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* N – genitive masculine indefinite noun

جار ومجرور

(83:5:2)cazīmin Great,



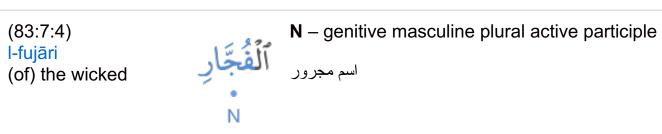
**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular indefinite adjective

صفة مجرورة



T – accusative masculine time adverb (83:6:1)yawma (The) Day V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect (83:6:2)yaqūmu verb will stand فعل مضارع N – nominative masculine plural noun (83:6:3)l-nāsu اسم مرفوع mankind (83:6:4)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* lirabbi N – genitive masculine noun before (the) جار ومجرور Lord

(83:6:5)**N** – genitive masculine plural noun I-cālamīna اسم مجرور (of) the worlds? (83:7:1)AVR - aversion particle kallā حرف ردع Nay! **AVR ACC** – accusative particle (83:7:2)inna Indeed, ACC (83:7:3)**N** – accusative masculine noun kitāba (the) record



(83:7:5) **EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **P** – preposition lafī (is) surely in اللام لام التوكيد Ρ **EMPH** حرف جر (83:7:6)**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun → sijjīnin Sijjeen Sijjin. اسم مجرور (83:8:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **INTG** – interrogative noun wamā And what الواو عاطفة INTG CONJ اسم استفهام (83:8:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) adrāka perfect verb **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular can make you object pronoun know **PRON** فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (83:8:3)**INTG** – interrogative noun mā اسم استفهام what INTG

N – nominative masculine indefinite noun  $\rightarrow$ (83:8:4)sijjīnun Sijjeen (is) Sijjin? اسم مرفوع N – nominative masculine indefinite noun (83:9:1)kitābun اسم مرفوع A book ADJ - nominative masculine indefinite (83:9:2)passive participle marqūmun written. صفة مرفوعة (83:10:1)N – nominative masculine indefinite noun waylun اسم مرفوع Woe T - time adverb (83:10:2)yawma-idhin ظرف زمان that Day

(83:10:3) lil'mukadhibīna to the deniers,



 ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition  $l\bar{a}m$ 

**N** – genitive masculine plural (form II) active participle



جار ومجرور

(83:11:1) alladhīna Those who



REL – masculine plural relative pronoun

سم موصول

(83:11:2) yukadhibūna deny



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form II) imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:11:3) biyawmi (the) Day



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

**N** – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور

(83:11:4) I-dīni (of) the Judgment.



N – genitive masculine noun

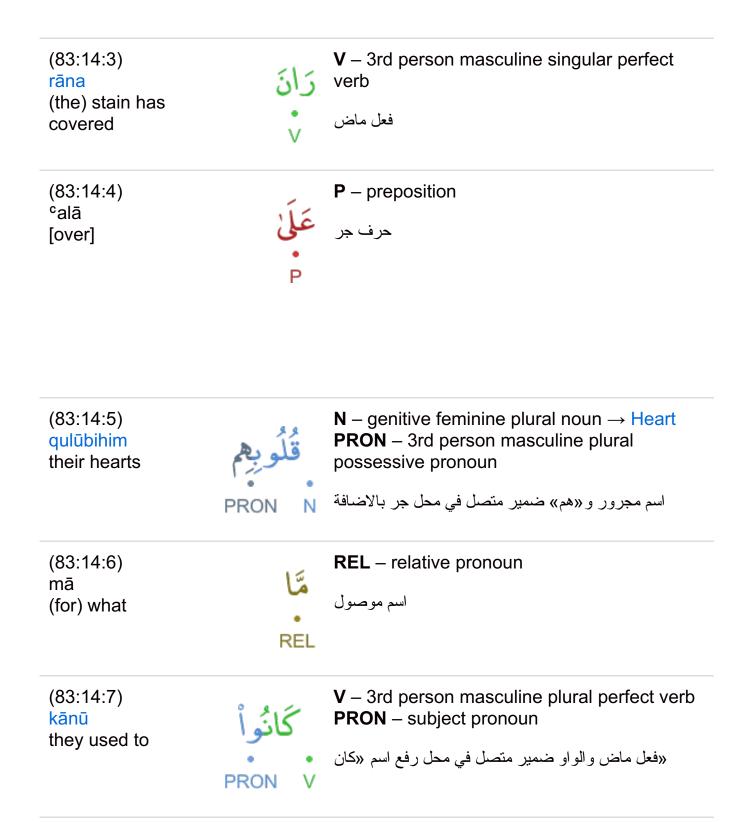
اسم مجرور



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(83:12:1) wamā And not	وَمَا NEG REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle NEG – negative particle الواو استثنافية حرف نفي
(83:12:2) yukadhibu can deny	يُكَ <u>ذِ</u> ّبُ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(83:12:3) bihi [of] it	PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(83:12:4) illā except	اِلّا RES	RES – restriction particle أداة حصر

(83:12:5) kullu every	کُلُّ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(83:12:6) mu <sup>c</sup> 'tadin transgressor	مُعْتَدٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite (form VIII) active participle
(83:12:7) athīmin sinful.	اً ثيم ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular indefinite adjective مضة مجرورة
(83:13:1) idhā When		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(83:13:2) tut'lā are recited	تُتَلَٰیٰ ۷	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive imperfect verb  فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول
(83:13:3) calayhi to him	عَلَيْهِ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun جار ومجرور

**N** – nominative feminine plural noun (83:13:4)**PRON** – 1st person plural possessive āyātunā Our Verses, pronoun اسم مرفوع و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **PRON** (83:13:5) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb qāla he says, فعل ماض (83:13:6)**N** – nominative masculine plural noun asātīru "Stories (83:13:7)N – genitive masculine plural noun l-awalīna اسم مجرور (of) the former (people)." (83:14:1)AVR - aversion particle kallā Nay! AVR (83:14:2)**RET** – retraction particle bal حرف اضر اب But, **RET** 



(83:14:8) yaksibūna earn.



V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verbPRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:15:1) kallā Nay!



AVR – aversion particle

حرف ردع

AVR

(83:15:2) innahum Indeed, they



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

«حرف نصب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان

(83:15:3) can from



P - preposition

حرف جر

(83:15:4) rabbihim their Lord



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة N

(83:15:5) yawma-idhin that Day



T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(83:15:6) lamaḥjūbūna surely will be partitioned.



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* 

**N** – nominative masculine plural passive participle



اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع

(83:16:1) thumma Then



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(83:16:2) innahum indeed, they



**ACC** – accusative particle

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

«حرف نصب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان

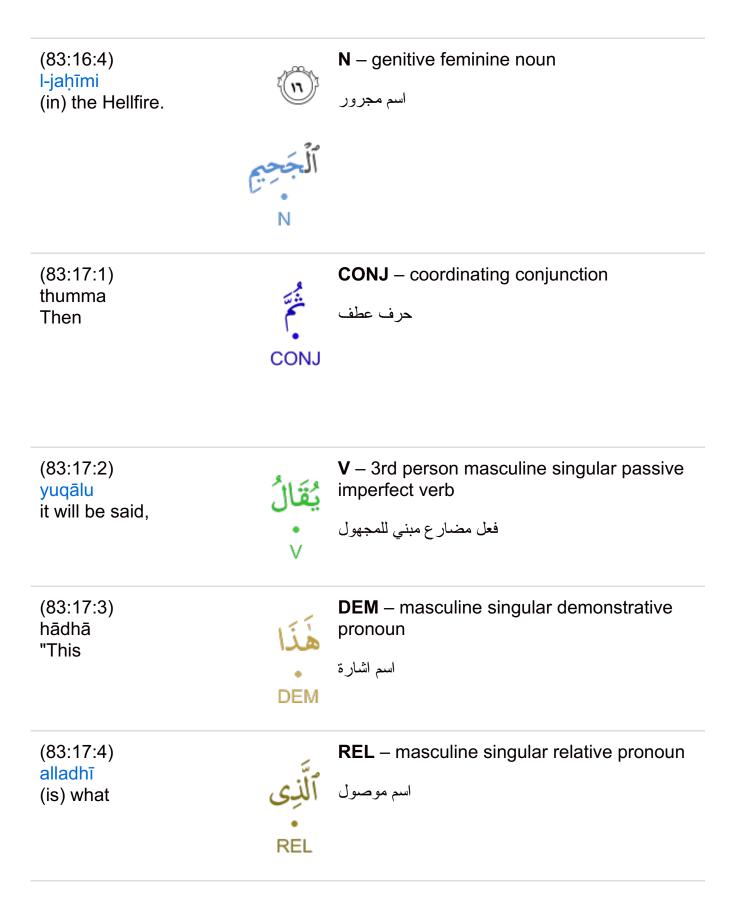
(83:16:3) laṣālū (surely) will burn



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* 

**N** – nominative masculine plural active participle

اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع



(83:17:5) kuntum you used to



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

PRON

«فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم «كان

(83:17:6) bihi [of it]



 ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition bi

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

(83:17:7) tukadhibūna deny."



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural (form II) imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:18:1) kallā Nay!



AVR - aversion particle

حرف ردع

(83:18:2) inna Indeed,



ACC - accusative particle

عرف نصب

N - accusative masculine noun (83:18:3)kitāba (the) record (83:18:4)N – genitive masculine plural noun l-abrāri (of) the righteous (83:18:5)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **P** – preposition lafī (will be) surely in اللام لام التوكيد **EMPH** حرف جر (83:18:6)N – genitive masculine plural noun cilliyyīna اسم مجرور Illiyin.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(83:19:1) wamā And what	وَ مَا INTG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) INTG – interrogative noun الواو عاطفة اسم استفهام
(83:19:2) adrāka can make you know	أَدُرَىٰكَ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(83:19:3) mā what	مًا INTG	INTG – interrogative noun

(83:19:4)N – nominative masculine plural noun cilliyyūna اسم مرفوع (is) Illiyun? (83:20:1)N – nominative masculine indefinite noun kitābun اسم مرفوع A book (83:20:2)**ADJ** – nominative masculine indefinite marqūmun passive participle written, صفة مرفوعة (83:21:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect yashhaduhu verb Witness it **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun **PRON** فعل مضارع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **N** – nominative masculine plural (form II) (83:21:2)I-muqarabūna passive participle those brought اسم مرفوع near.

ACC - accusative particle (83:22:1)inna Indeed, **ACC** N – accusative masculine plural noun (83:22:2)I-abrāra the righteous (83:22:3)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* P - preposition lafī (will be) surely in اللام لام التوكيد Ρ **EMPH** حرف جر (83:22:4)**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun nacīmin اسم مجرور bliss, P – preposition (83:23:1) <sup>c</sup>alā On

N – genitive masculine plural noun (83:23:2)l-arāiki thrones **V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect (83:23:3)yanzurūna verb observing. **PRON** – subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل V – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect (83:24:1)tacrifu You will recognize فعل مضارع (83:24:2)P – preposition fī حرف جر in (83:24:3)N – genitive masculine plural noun wujūhihim **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural their faces possessive pronoun PRON اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة N – accusative feminine noun (83:24:4)nadrata اسم منصوب (the) radiance

(83:24:5) I-na<sup>c</sup>īmi (of) bliss.



N – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(83:25:1) yus'qawna

They will be given to drink



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) passive imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع نائب فاعل

(83:25:2) min of



P – preposition

حرف جر

(83:25:3) raḥīqin a pure wine



 ${f N}$  – genitive masculine indefinite noun ightarrow Wine

اسم مجرور

(83:25:4) makhtūmin sealed,



**ADJ** – genitive masculine indefinite passive participle

صفة مجرورة



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(83:26:1) khitāmuhu Its seal	خِتُمُهُو PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(83:26:2) mis'kun (will be of) musk.	مِسْكُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine indefinite noun
(83:26:3) wafī And for	وَ فِي • • • REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle P – preposition  الواو استثنافية حرف جر
(83:26:4) dhālika that	ذُلِكَ DEM	<b>DEM</b> – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

(83:26:5) falyatanāfasi let aspire



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **IMPV** – prefixed imperative particle *lām* **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form VI) imperfect verb, jussive mood

الفاء استئنافية اللام لام الامر فعل مضارع مجزوم

(83:26:6)
I-mutanāfisūna
the aspirers.



**N** – nominative masculine plural (form VI) active participle

اسم مرفوع



(83:27:1) wamizājuhu And its mixture



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 N – nominative masculine noun
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

الواو عاطفة السم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(83:27:2) min (is) of



P – preposition

حرف جر

(83:27:3) tasnīmin Tasneem,



**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور



(83:28:1) caynan A spring,	عَيْنًا N	<b>N</b> – accusative feminine indefinite noun
(83:28:2) yashrabu will drink	يَشَرَبُ ° °	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضار ع
(83:28:3) bihā from it,	بها PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> PRON – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(83:28:4)  I-muqarabūna those brought near.	ُ اللَّهُ الْمُقَرَّ بُونَ المُقرَّ بُونَ N	N – nominative masculine plural (form II) passive participle اسم مرفوع
(83:29:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(83:29:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun

**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) (83:29:3)perfect verb ajramū PRON - subject pronoun committed crimes فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل PRON V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb (83:29:4)PRON - subject pronoun kānū used to «فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم «كان **PRON** (83:29:5)**P** – preposition mina at (83:29:6)REL – masculine plural relative pronoun alladhīna those who REL **V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) (83:29:7)perfect verb āmanū PRON - subject pronoun believed فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **PRON V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect (83:29:8)yadhakūna verb laugh. **PRON** – subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **PRON** 

(83:30:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **T** – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(83:30:2) marrū they passed



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:30:3) bihim by them,



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

(83:30:4) yataghāmazūna they winked at one another.



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) imperfect verbPRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(83:31:1) wa-idhā And when	<b>وَ إِذَا</b> T CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) T – time adverb  الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان
(83:31:2) inqalabū they returned	<b>اُنقَلَبُّوَاْ</b> PRON ۷	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VII) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(83:31:3) ilā to	اِلَیَّ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(83:31:4) ahlihimu their people,	أُهُلِهِمُ PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(83:31:5) inqalabū they would return



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VII) perfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

 $\lor$  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:31:6) fakihīna jesting.



N – accusative masculine plural noun

اسم منصوب



(83:32:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **T** – time adverb

I — time adven

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(83:32:2) ra-awhum they saw them,



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(83:32:3) qālū they said,



V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:32:4) inna "Indeed,



**ACC** – accusative particle

حرف نصب

(83:32:5) hāulāi these



**DEM** – plural demonstrative pronoun

اسم اشارة

(83:32:6) laḍāllūna surely have gone astray."



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **N** – nominative masculine plural active participle



اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع

(83:33:1) wamā But not



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle

الواو عاطفة حرف نفي

(83:33:2) ur'silū they had been sent



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) passive perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع نائب فاعل

(83:33:3)P – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object <sup>c</sup>alayhim over them pronoun **PRON** جار ومجرور (83:33:4)N – accusative masculine plural active hāfizīna participle (as) guardians. اسم منصوب (83:34:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle T – accusative masculine time adverb fal-yawma So today الفاء استئنافية ظرف زمان منصوب REM (83:34:2)**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun alladhīna those who REL **V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) (83:34:3)perfect verb āmanū PRON – subject pronoun believed -فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **PRON** P – preposition (83:34:4)mina at

(83:34:5) N – genitive masculine plural noun **I-kufāri** the disbelievers (83:34:6)**V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect yadhakūna verb they will laugh, **PRON** – subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **PRON** P – preposition حرف جر (83:35:1)calā On **N** – genitive masculine plural noun (83:35:2)l-arāiki the thrones (83:35:3)V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect yanzurūna verb PRON - subject pronoun observing. فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(83:36:1)**INTG** – interrogative particle hal حرف استفهام Have (not) INTG (83:36:2) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) passive perfect verb thuwwiba been فعل ماض مبني للمجهول rewarded (83:36:3)N – nominative masculine plural noun l-kufāru the disbelievers **REL** – relative pronoun (83:36:4) mā اسم موصول (for) what REL **V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb (83:36:5)PRON - subject pronoun kānū they used to «فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع اسم «كان (83:36:6)V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb yaf<sup>c</sup>alūna **PRON** – subject pronoun do? فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

# Chapter (84) sūrat I-inshiqāq (The Splitting Asunder)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (84:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(84:1:1) idhā When		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(84:1:2) I-samāu the sky	ٱلسَّمَآءُ	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine noun
	• N	

(84:1:3) inshaqqat is split asunder,



V – 3rd person feminine singular (form VII) perfect verb

فعل ماض



(84:2:1) wa-adhinat And has listened



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض

(84:2:2) lirabbihā to its Lord



P – prefixed preposition *lām* N – genitive masculine noun
 PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(84:2:3) waḥuqqat and was obligated,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb



الو او عاطفة فعل ماض مبني للمجهول

(84:3:1) wa-idhā And when



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

T – time adverb

الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان

(84:3:2) I-arḍu the earth	ٱلْـاًرُّنُ N	N – nominative feminine noun → Earth اسم مرفوع
(84:3:3) muddat is spread,	گ مُدَّتُ ۷	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(84:4:1) wa-alqat And has cast out		CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person feminine singular (form IV) perfect verb الواو عاطفة
(84:4:2) mā what	مًا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(84:4:3) fīhā (is) in it	فیها PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

(84:4:4) watakhallat and becomes empty,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

V – 3rd person feminine singular (form V) perfect verb



الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(84:5:1) wa-adhinat And has listened



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(84:5:2) lirabbihā to its Lord



**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* 

N – genitive masculine noun

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(84:5:3) waḥuqqat and was obligated.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb



الواو عاطفة فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(84:6:1) yāayyuhā O	نَيَّاتُهَا N voc	VOC – prefixed vocative particle <i>ya</i> N – nominative noun اداة نداء اسم مرفوع
(84:6:2) I-insānu mankind!	ٱلۡإِنسَٰنُ Ñ	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(84:6:3) innaka Indeed, you	إِنَّكَ PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  «حرف نصب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم «ان
(84:6:4) kādiḥun (are) laboring	کَادِ جُ N	N – nominative masculine indefinite active participle
(84:6:5) ilā to		P – preposition حرف جر

(84:6:6) rabbika your Lord



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(84:6:7) kadḥan (with) exertion



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب

(84:6:8) famulāqīhi and you (will) meet Him.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **N** – nominative masculine (form III) active

participle

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



الفاء عاطفة

اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(84:7:1) fa-ammā Then as for



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **EXL** – explanation particle



REM

الفاء استئنافية حرف تفصيل

(84:7:2) man (him) who



**COND** – conditional noun

اسم شرط

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) (84:7:3)passive perfect verb ūtiya is given فعل ماض مبني للمجهول (84:7:4)**N** – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular kitābahu his record possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON (84:7:5)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* N – genitive masculine noun biyamīnihi **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular in his right (hand), possessive pronoun جار ومجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON **RSLT** – prefixed result particle (84:8:1)fasawfa **FUT** – future particle Then soon الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حر ف استقبال **FUT** RSLT **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form III) (84:8:2)passive imperfect verb yuhāsabu his account will فعل مضارع مبنى للمجهول be taken N – accusative masculine indefinite (form III) (84:8:3)

hisāban an account,

verbal noun

اسم منصوب

ADJ – accusative masculine singular (84:8:4)indefinite adjective yasīran easy, صفة منصوبة (84:9:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form VII) wayanqalibu imperfect verb And he will return CONJ الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع **P** – preposition (84:9:2)ilā to (84:9:3)N – genitive masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular ahlihi his people possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **PRON** N – accusative masculine indefinite passive (84:9:4)participle masrūran happily.

(84:10:1) wa-ammā But as for	وَ أُ <mark>مَّا</mark> • • EXL REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle EXL – explanation particle  الواو استثنافية حرف تفصيل
(84:10:2) man (him) who	مَنُ COND	COND – conditional noun اسم شرط
(84:10:3) ūtiya is given	ٲؙۅ <u>ؾ</u> ٙ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(84:10:4) kitābahu his record	کِتْبَهُو PRON N	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالإضافة
(84:10:5) warāa behind	وَرَآءَ LOC	LOC – accusative location adverb ظرف مکان منصوب
(84:10:6) zahrihi his back,	ظُهُرِهِے ظَهُرِهِے PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

### Verse (84:11) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(84:11:1) fasawfa Then soon	فَسَوُفَ	RSLT – prefixed result particle FUT – future particle
THEIT SOOT	FUT RSLT	الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حرف استقبال
(84:11:2) yad <sup>c</sup> ū he will call	يَدُعُواْ	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb
ne wiii cali	· V	فعل مضارع

(84:11:3) thubūran (for) destruction,



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(84:12:1) wayaşlā And he will burn



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع

(84:12:2) sa<sup>c</sup>īran (in) a Blaze.



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(84:13:1) innahu Indeed, he



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان

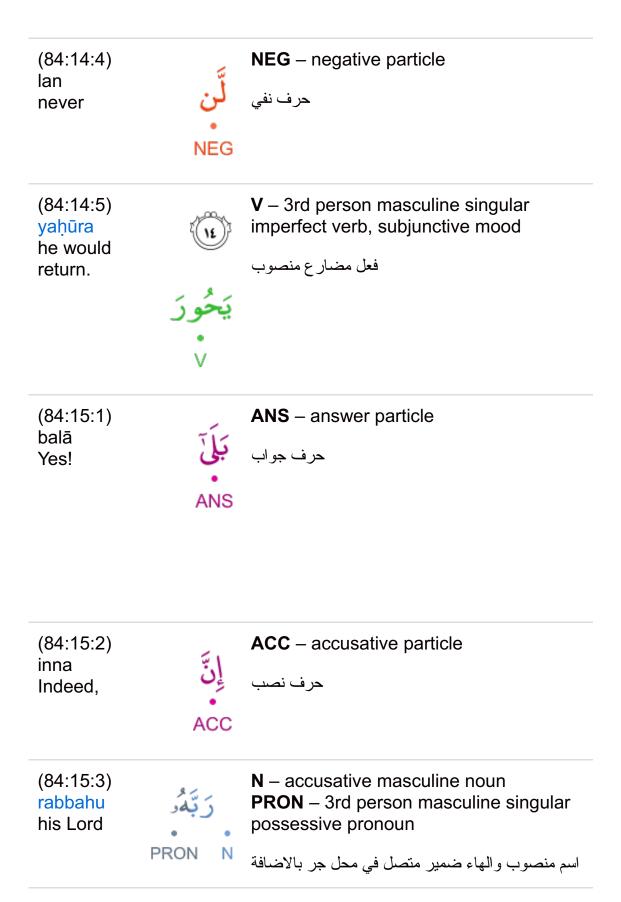
(84:13:2) kāna had been



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض

(84:13:3) fī		P – preposition
among		حرف جر
(84:13:4) ahlihi his people	أَهْلِهِے PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(84:13:5) masrūran happy,	س مَسْرُورًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite passive participle اسم منصوب
(84:14:1) innahu Indeed, he	اِنَّهُ و PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان
(84:14:2) zanna (had) thought	ظَنَّ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(84:14:3) an that	أَن	SUB – subordinating conjunction حرف مصدر ي



(84:15:4) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb kāna was فعل ماض (84:15:5) **P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular bihi of him personal pronoun PRON جار ومجرور (84:15:6) **N** – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun basīran All-Seer. اسم منصوب **REM** – prefixed resumption particle (84:16:1) **NEG** – negative particle But nay! الفاء استئنافية حرف نفي NEG REM **V** – 1st person singular (form IV) (84:16:2)imperfect verb uq'simu I swear

falā

(84:16:3) bil-shafaqi by the twilight glow,



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور



(84:17:1) wa-al-layli And the night



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

N – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(84:17:2) wamā and what



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**REL** – relative pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم موصول

(84:17:3) wasaqa it envelops,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض



(84:18:1) wal-qamari And the moon



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

N – genitive masculine noun → Moon

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(84:18:2) idhā when

T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(84:18:3) ittasaqa it becomes full,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form VIII) perfect verb

فعل ماض



(84:19:1)
latarkabunna
You will
surely
embark



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb

**EMPH** – emphatic suffix *nūn* 

اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع والنون للتوكيد

(84:19:2) tabaqan (to) stage



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب

(84:19:3) <sup>c</sup> an from	عَن • P	P – preposition حرف جر
(84:19:4) tabaqin stage.	ش طَبَقٍ م	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun اسم مجرور
(84:20:1) famā So what	فَمَا INTG REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle INTG – interrogative noun الفاء استثنافية
(84:20:2) lahum (is) for them	PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(84:20:3) Iā not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي

(84:20:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) imperfect verb yu'minūna they believe, **PRON** – subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع (84:21:1) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* wa-idhā (and) T - time adverb And when CONJ الواو عاطفة ظرف زمان **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (84:21:2) passive perfect verb quri-a is recited فعل ماض مبني للمجهول (84:21:3) **P** – preposition <sup>c</sup>alayhimu **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural to them object pronoun PRON جار ومجرور (84:21:4) **PN** – nominative masculine proper

I-qur'ānu the Quran,



noun → Quran

اسم علم مرفوع



(84:21:6) yasjudūna they prostrate?



V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verbPRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(84:22:1) bali Nay!	بَلِ RET	RET – retraction particle حرف اضراب
(84:22:2) alladhīna Those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun
(84:22:3) kafarū disbelieved	<b>کَفَرُواْ</b> PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(84:22:4) yukadhibūna deny,	ُشُّ یُکَذِّبُونَ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form II) imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(84:23:1)wal-lahu And Allah



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **PN** – nominative proper noun → Allah

PN

الو او استئنافية لفظ الجلالة مرفوع REM

(84:23:2)aclamu

(is) most knowing



N – nominative masculine singular noun

(84:23:3)bimā of what



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **REL** – relative pronoun

جار ومجرور

(84:23:4)yūcūna they keep within themselves



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(84:24:1)fabashir'hum so give them tidings



**CAUS** – prefixed particle of cause

V – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

الفاء سسة فعل أمر و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(84:24:2)bicadhābin of a punishment



P – prefixed preposition bi

N – genitive masculine indefinite noun

جار ومجرور

**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular (84:24:3)indefinite adjective alīmin painful, صفة مجرورة ADJ **EXP** – exceptive particle (84:25:1)illā أداة استثناء Except **EXP** (84:25:2)**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun alladhīna those who REL V – 3rd person masculine plural (form (84:25:3)IV) perfect verb āmanū **PRON** – subject pronoun believe فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **PRON** (84:25:4)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) wacamilū **V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect

**PRON** – subject pronoun

verb

CONJ

PRON

and do

N – accusative feminine plural active (84:25:5)I-şāliḥāti participle righteous deeds. اسم منصوب (84:25:6)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* lahum **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural For them personal pronoun جار ومجرور **PRON** (84:25:7)N – nominative masculine indefinite ajrun noun (is) a reward اسم مرفوع ADJ – nominative masculine adjective (84:25:8)ghayru صفة مرفوعة never (84:25:9)N – genitive masculine indefinite passive participle mamnūnin ending. اسم مجرور

## Chapter (85) sūrat I-burūj (The Big Stars)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (85:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(85:1:1) wal-samāi By the sky,	وَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) N – genitive feminine noun
(85:1:2) dhāti containing	ذَاتِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine singular noun

(85:1:3)
I-burūji
the
constellations,



N – genitive masculine plural noun → Constellation

اسم مجرور



(85:2:1) wal-yawmi And the Day



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

N – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(85:2:2) I-maw<sup>c</sup>ūdi Promised,



**ADJ** – genitive masculine passive participle

صفة مجرورة



(85:3:1) washāhidin And (the) witness



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**N** – genitive masculine indefinite active participle

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(85:3:2) wamashhūdin and what is witnessed,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**N** – genitive masculine indefinite passive participle



الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

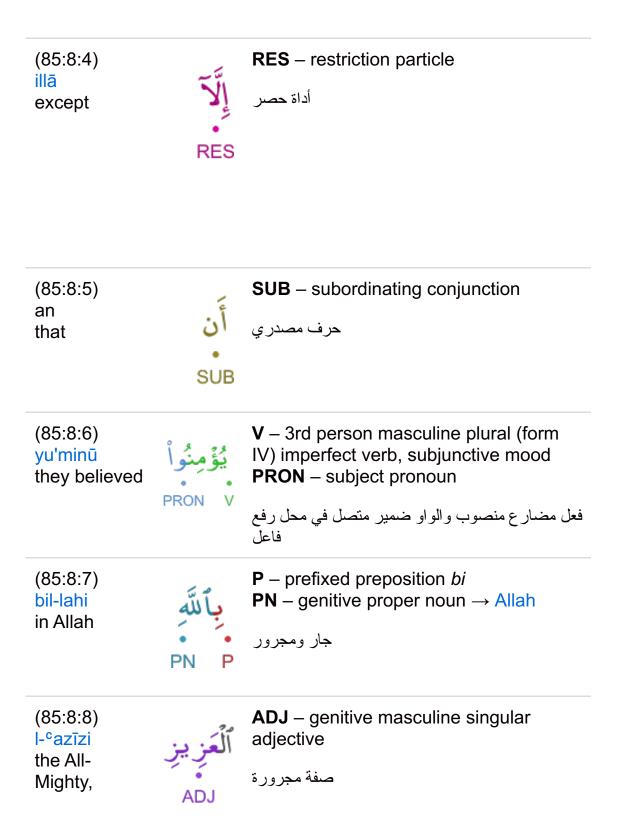
(85:4:1) qutila Destroyed were	<b>قُتِلَ</b> ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(85:4:2) aṣḥābu (the) companions	أَصْخُبُ N	N – nominative masculine plural noun  → Companions of the Pit  اسم مرفوع
(85:4:3) I-ukh'dūdi (of) the pit,	الگُندُودِ الگُندُودِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(85:5:1) al-nāri (Of) the fire	ٱلنَّارِ «	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine noun
(85:5:2) dhāti full	ذَاتِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine singular noun

(85:5:3)N – genitive masculine noun l-waqūdi (of) the fuel, اسم مجرور (85:6:1)**T** – time adverb idh When **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural (85:6:2)hum personal pronoun they ضمير منفصل **PRON** (85:6:3)**P** – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular calayhā object pronoun by it **PRON** جار ومجرور (85:6:4)N – nominative indefinite verbal noun qu<sup>c</sup>ūdun اسم مرفوع (were) sitting,

(85:7:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wahum (and) And they **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural PRON CONJ personal pronoun الواو عاطفة ضمير منفصل P – preposition (85:7:2)calā over (85:7:3)**REL** – relative pronoun mā اسم موصول what REL (85:7:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine plural yaf<sup>c</sup>alūna imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun they were doing فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **P** – prefixed preposition *bi* (85:7:5)bil-mu'minīna N – genitive masculine plural (form IV) active participle to the believers جار ومجرور (85:7:6)**N** – nominative masculine plural indefinite active participle shuhūdun witnesses. اسم مرفوع

## Verse (85:8) - Word by Word

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(85:8:1) wamā And not	وَمَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(85:8:2) naqamū they resented	ن <b>قَمُو</b> اْ • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(85:8:3) min'hum [of] them	مِنْهُمُ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun جار ومجرور



ADJ – genitive masculine singular (85:8:9)I-hamīdi adjective the صفة مجرورة Praiseworthy, **ADJ REL** – masculine singular relative (85:9:1)alladhī pronoun The One Who, (85:9:2)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* lahu **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular for Him personal pronoun PRON جار ومجرور (85:9:3)N - nominative masculine noun mul'ku اسم مرفوع (is) the dominion Ν (85:9:4)N – genitive feminine plural noun l-samāwāti (of) the اسم مجرور heavens **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (85:9:5)wal-ardi **N** – genitive feminine noun → Earth and the الواو عاطفة earth; اسم مجرور

(85:9:6) wal-lahu and Allah	<b>وَ ٱللَّهُ</b> PN CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) PN – nominative proper noun → Allah  الواو عاطفة لفظ الجلالة مرفوع
(85:9:7) <sup>c</sup> alā on	عَلَىٰ ٩	P – preposition حرف جر
(85:9:8) kulli every	کُلِّ N	N – genitive masculine noun
(85:9:9) shayin thing	شَ <u>يْ</u> ءِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(85:9:10) shahīdun (is) a Witness.	ش شهید N	N – nominative masculine singular indefinite noun

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(85:10:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(85:10:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun
(85:10:3) fatanū persecuted	<b>فَتَنُواْ</b> • • • • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(85:10:4) I-mu'minīna the believing men	ٱلۡمُؤۡمِنِينَ Ñ	N – accusative masculine plural (form IV) active participle

(85:10:5) wal-mu'mināti and the believing women,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative feminine plural (form IV) active participle

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(85:10:6) thumma then



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(85:10:7) lam not



**NEG** – negative particle

حرف نفي

(85:10:8) yatūbū they repented,



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb, jussive mood

PRON - subject pronoun

فعل مضارع مجزوم والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فعل مضارع

(85:10:9) falahum then for them



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

الفاء استئنافية جار ومجرور

(85:10:10)
cadhābu
(is the)
punishment



**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(85:10:11) **PN** – genitive proper noun → Hell jahannama اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلًا من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من (of) Hell (85:10:12)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* walahum **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural and for them personal pronoun PRON CONJ الواو عاطفة جار ومجرور (85:10:13) N – nominative masculine noun cadhābu اسم مرفوع (is the) punishment (85:10:14) N – genitive masculine noun I-harīqi (of) the Burning اسم مجرور Fire. (85:11:1) ACC - accusative particle inna Indeed, ACC (85:11:2)**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun alladhīna those who

REL

(85:11:3) āmanū believe	ء <b>َامَنُو</b> اْ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(85:11:4) wa <sup>c</sup> amilū and do	وَعَمِلُواْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(85:11:5) I-ṣāliḥāti the righteous deeds,	ٱلصَّلِخَتِ N	N – accusative feminine plural active participle
(85:11:6) lahum for them	PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(85:11:7) jannātun (will be) Gardens	جَنْث • N	N – nominative feminine plural indefinite noun
(85:11:8) tajrī flow	تَجُرِی ۰ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb فعل مضار ع

(85:11:9) min from	مِن P	P – preposition حرف جر
(85:11:10) taḥtihā underneath it	تَحْتِهَا PRON N	N – genitive noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(85:11:11) I-anhāru the rivers.	ٱلْأَنْهُرُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine plural noun
(85:11:12) dhālika That	ذُ <b>لِ</b> كَ DEM	DEM – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun
(85:11:13) I-fawzu (is) the success	ٱلۡفَوۡزُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(85:11:14) I-kabīru the great.	اُلگیر اُلگیر ADJ	ADJ – nominative masculine singular adjective مصفة مرفوعة

(85:12:1)**ACC** – accusative particle inna Indeed, ACC N – accusative masculine verbal noun (85:12:2)batsha (the) Grip Ν (85:12:3)N – genitive masculine noun PRON - 2nd person masculine singular rabbika (of) your Lord possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (85:12:4)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lashadīdun **N** – nominative masculine singular (is) surely strong. indefinite noun



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(85:13:1) innahu Indeed He,	إِنَّهُو PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun «درف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم
(85:13:2) huwa He	<b>هُوَ</b> PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمير منفصل
(85:13:3) yub'di-u originates	يُبُدِئُ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(85:13:4) wayu <sup>c</sup> īdu and repeats,	ُوْ يُعِيدُ و يُعِيدُ V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb  الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (85:14:1)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular wahuwa And He personal pronoun PRON CONJ الو او عاطفة ضمير منفصل (85:14:2)N – nominative masculine singular noun l-ghafūru اسم مرفوع (is) the Oft-Forgiving, N – nominative masculine singular noun (85:14:3)l-wadūdu اسم مرفوع the Most Loving, (85:15:1)**N** – nominative masculine singular noun dhū اسم مرفوع Owner (of) N – genitive masculine noun → Allah's (85:15:2) I-carshi Throne the Throne اسم مجرور **ADJ** – nominative masculine singular (85:15:3)I-majīdu adjective the Glorious, صفة مرفوعة

(85:16:1) fa <sup>cc</sup> ālun Doer	فَعَّالُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative indefinite active participle
(85:16:2) limā of what	لِّمَا REL P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> <b>REL</b> – relative pronoun  جار ومجرور
(85:16:3) yurīdu He intends.	ش يُرِيدُ پُ	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(85:17:1) hal Has	هَـُلُ INTG	INTG – interrogative particle
(85:17:2) atāka come to you	أَتَىٰكَ • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun معل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(85:17:3) ḥadīthu (the) story	حَدِيثُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun

N – genitive masculine plural noun (85:17:4) I-junūdi (of) the hosts, اسم مجرور (85:18:1)**PN** – genitive masculine proper noun → Pharaoh fir'cawna Firaun اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلًا من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من PΝ (85:18:2)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **PN** – genitive proper noun → Thamud wathamūda and Thamud? الواو عاطفة اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلًا من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من CONJ PN(85:19:1)**RET** – retraction particle bali Nay! RET **REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun (85:19:2)alladhīna

REL

Those who

(85:19:3) kafarū disbelieve	<b>کَفَرُواْ</b> PRON ۷	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb <b>PRON</b> – subject pronoun  فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(85:19:4) fī (are) in		P – preposition حرف جر
(85:19:5) takdhībin denial.	ش تَكْذِيبٍ أُ	N – genitive masculine indefinite (form II) verbal noun

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(85:20:1) wal-lahu But Allah	<b>وَ اَللَّهُ</b> PN CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) PN – nominative proper noun → Allah  الواو عاطفة لفظ الجلالة مرفوع
(85:20:2) min from	<u>مِن</u> • P	P – preposition حرف جر
(85:20:3) warāihim behind them,	وَرَ آبِهِم PRON N	N – genitive noun PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(85:20:4) muḥīṭun encompasses.	مُّحِيطً مُّحِيطً N	N – nominative masculine indefinite (form IV) active participle اسم مرفوع

(85:21:1) bal Nay!	بَلُ CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(85:21:2) huwa It	هُوَ PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمیر منفصل
(85:21:3) qur'ānun (is) a Quran	<b>قُ</b> رُ ءانُ PN	PN – nominative masculine indefinite proper noun → Quran اسم علم مرفوع
(85:21:4) majīdun Glorious,	ش مَّجِيدُ ADJ	ADJ – nominative masculine singular indefinite adjective مافة مرفوعة
(85:22:1) fī In		P – preposition حرف جر
(85:22:2) lawḥin a Tablet,	لَوْجٍ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite noun

(85:22:3) maḥfūzin Guarded.



# **ADJ** – genitive masculine indefinite passive



# Chapter (86) sūrat I-ṭāriq (The Night-Comer)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

# Verse (86:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(86:1:1) wal-samāi By the sky	وَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath)  N – genitive feminine noun  جار ومجرور
(86:1:2) wal-ṭāriqi and the night comer,	رُّنُّ وَ ٱلطَّارِةِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine active participle الواو عاطفة

(86:2:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) wamā And what **INTG** – interrogative noun INTG CONJ الواو عاطفة اسم استفهام (86:2:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb adrāka **PRON** – 2nd person masculine can make you know singular object pronoun فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **INTG** – interrogative noun (86:2:3)mā اسم استفهام what INTG N – nominative masculine active (86:2:4)I-ţāriqu participle the night اسم مرفوع comer (is)? (86:3:1)**N** – nominative masculine noun → al-najmu (It is) the اسم مرفوع star,





#### **ADJ** – nominative masculine active participle



(86:4:1) in Not	إِن NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(86:4:2) kullu (is) every	کُلُّ ۱۸	N – nominative masculine noun
(86:4:3) nafsin soul	نَفِّسِ • N	N – genitive feminine singular indefinite noun اسم مجرور
(86:4:4) lammā but	لَّمَّا EXP	EXP – exceptive particle  أداة استثناء

(86:4:5)
calayhā
over it
(86:4:6)
hāfizun



**P** – preposition **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(86:4:6) ḥāfizun (is) a protector.



**N** – nominative masculine indefinite active participle

اسم مرفوع



(86:5:1) falyanzuri So let see



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **IMPV** – prefixed imperative particle *lām* 

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

الفاء عاطفة اللام لام الامر فعل مضارع مجزوم

(86:5:2) I-insānu man



N - nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

(86:5:3) mimma from what



**P** – preposition **REL** – relative pronoun

حرف جر اسم موصول

(86:5:4) khuliqa he is created.	گ خُلِقَ •	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(86:6:1) khuliqa He is created	خُلِقَ °	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(86:6:2) min from	مِن P	P – preposition حرف جر
(86:6:3) māin a water,	مِّآءِ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun اسم مجرور
(86:6:4) dāfiqin ejected,	کافِقِ <b>کافِقِ</b> ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine indefinite active participle مصفة مجرورة

## Verse (86:7) - Word by Word

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(86:7:1) yakhruju Coming forth	يَخْرُجُ ٧	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb
(86:7:2) min from	مِن P	P – preposition حرف جر
(86:7:3) bayni between	بَيْ <u>نِ</u> N	<b>N</b> – genitive noun

N – genitive masculine noun (86:7:4)l-şul'bi the backbone **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (86:7:5)wal-tarāibi **N** – genitive masculine plural noun → **Breast Bone** and the ribs. (86:8:1)**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular innahu Indeed, He object pronoun PRON حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان P - preposition (86:8:2)calā to **N** – genitive masculine noun (86:8:3)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular rajcihi

raj<sup>c</sup>ihi PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

PRON N

PRON N

**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* (86:8:4)N – nominative masculine indefinite laqādirun (is) Able. active participle اللام لام التوكيد **EMPH** Ν (86:9:1)T – accusative masculine time adverb yawma (The) Day **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (86:9:2)passive imperfect verb tub'lā will be فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول tested (86:9:3)N – nominative feminine plural noun l-sarāiru اسم مرفوع the secrets,



**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (86:10:2) **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular lahu (is) for him personal pronoun PRON جار ومجرور P – preposition (86:10:3) min any (86:10:4) **N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun quwwatin اسم مجرور power **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (86:10:5) **NEG** – negative particle walā and not الواو عاطفة NEG CONJ حرف نفي (86:10:6) N – genitive masculine indefinite active nāṣirin participle any helper. اسم مجرور **P** – prefixed preposition *wa* (oath) (86:11:1) **N** – genitive feminine noun wal-samāi By the sky جار ومجرور

(86:11:2) N – genitive feminine singular noun dhāti which (86:11:3) N – genitive masculine noun I-rajci returns, اسم مجرور **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (86:12:1) wal-ardi **N** – genitive feminine noun → Earth And the الواو عاطفة earth اسم مجرور CONJ (86:12:2) N – genitive feminine singular noun dhāti which N – genitive masculine noun (86:12:3) l-şadci اسم مجرور cracks open,

## Verse (86:13) - Word by Word

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(86:13:1) innahu Indeed, it	إِنَّهُو PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان
(86:13:2) laqawlun (is) surely a Word	لَقَوْلُ N EMPH	EMPH – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> N – nominative masculine indefinite verbal noun  اللام لام التوكيد

(86:13:3) faşlun decisive,



**ADJ** – nominative masculine indefinite adjective

صفة مرفوعة



(86:14:1) wamā And not



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle

NEG CONJ

الواو عاطفة «ليس «نافية بمنزلة

(86:14:2) huwa it



PRON

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(86:14:3) bil-hazli (is) for amusement.



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور



(86:15:1) innahum Indeed, they



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

حرف نصب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب «اسم «ان

(86:15:2)yakīdūna are plotting



V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(86:15:3) kaydan a plot,



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(86:16:1) wa-akīdu But I am planning



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 1st person singular imperfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع

(86:16:2) kaydan a plan.



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(86:17:1) famahhili So give respite



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb

الفاء استئنافية فعل أمر

(86:17:2) I-kāfirīna (to) the disbelievers.



**N** – accusative masculine plural active participle

اسم منصوب

(86:17:3) amhil'hum Give respite to them -



 V – 2nd person masculine singular (form IV) imperative verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل أمر و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(86:17:4) ruwaydan little.



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



# Chapter (87) sūrat I-aclā (The Most High)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (87:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(87:1:1) sabbiḥi Glorify	سَبِّح ۷	V – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb فعل أمر
(87:1:2) is'ma (the) name	آسَـمَ N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine noun

N – genitive masculine noun (87:1:3)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine rabbika (of) your singular possessive pronoun Lord, PRON اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (87:1:4)ADJ – genitive masculine adjective l-a<sup>c</sup>lā صفة مجرورة the Most High, (87:2:1)**REL** – masculine singular relative alladhī pronoun The One اسم موصول Who REL (87:2:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb khalaga created, فعل ماض (87:2:3)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (and) fasawwā **V** – 3rd person masculine singular then (form II) perfect verb proportioned, الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(87:3:1)wa-alladhī And the One Who REL (87:3:2)qaddara measured (87:3:3)fahadā then guided,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and)

**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم موصول

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

فعل ماض



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (and)

V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(87:4:1)wa-alladhī And the One Who



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and)

**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم موصول

(87:4:2)akhraja brings forth



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

فعل ماض

N – accusative masculine noun (87:4:3)l-mar<sup>c</sup>ā the pasture, اسم منصىوب **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (87:5:1) fajacalahu (and) And then **V** – 3rd person masculine singular makes it perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به N – accusative masculine indefinite (87:5:2)ghuthāan noun stubble, اسم منصوب Ν (87:5:3)**ADJ** – accusative masculine aḥwā singular indefinite adjective dark. صفة منصوبة



(87:6:1) sanuq'ri-uka We will make you recite



FUT – prefixed future particle sa
 V – 1st person plural (form IV)
 imperfect verb
 PRON – 2nd person masculine
 singular object pronoun

حرف استقبال فعل مضارع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(87:6:2) falā so not



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **NEG** – negative particle





(87:6:3) tansā you will forget,



**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb



فعل مضارع

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(87:7:1) illā Except	اِیّا EXP	EXP – exceptive particle أداة استثناء
(87:7:2) mā what	لمَ REL	REL – relative pronoun
(87:7:3) shāa wills	شَآء ° ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(87:7:4) I-lahu Allah	اًللَّهُ PN	PN – nominative proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مرفوع

**ACC** – accusative particle (87:7:5)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular innahu object pronoun Indeed, He حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان (87:7:6)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb yaclamu knows فعل مضارع (87:7:7)N – accusative masculine noun I-jahra اسم منصوب the manifest **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) (87:7:8)**REL** – relative pronoun wamā and what الواو عاطفة REL CONJ اسم موصول (87:7:9)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb yakhfā is hidden. فعل مضارع

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (87:8:1)V – 1st person plural (form II) imperfect wanuyassiruka And We will ease verb **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular you **PRON** CONJ object pronoun الو او عاطفة فعل مضارع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول (87:8:2)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* **N** – genitive feminine singular noun lil'yus'rā to the ease. جار ومجرور (87:9:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle V – 2nd person masculine singular (form fadhakkir II) imperative verb So remind, REM الفاء استئنافية فعل أمر **COND** – conditional particle (87:9:2)in حرف شرط if COND (87:9:3)**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect nafacati verb benefits فعل ماض

(87:9:4) I-dhik'rā the reminder.



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع



(87:10:1) sayadhakkaru He will pay heed



FUT – prefixed future particle saV – 3rd person masculine singular (formV) imperfect verb

حرف استقبال فعل مضارع

(87:10:2) man (one) who



**REL** – relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(87:10:3) yakhshā fears (Allah).



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



(87:11:1) wayatajannabuhā And will avoid it



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(87:11:2) N – nominative masculine singular noun I-ashqā اسم مرفوع the wretched one. (87:12:1)**REL** – masculine singular relative alladhī pronoun The one who اسم موصول REL (87:12:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb yaşlā will burn فعل مضارع (87:12:3) N – accusative feminine noun l-nāra اسم منصوب (in) the Fire (87:12:4)ADJ – accusative feminine adjective l-kub'rā صفة منصوبة [the] great.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(87:13:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(87:13:2) lā not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(87:13:3) yamūtu he will die	يَمُوتُ • ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb
(87:13:4) fīhā therein	فِیهَا PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  און פאבעפע

(87:13:5)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle walā and not الواو عاطفة CONJ حرف نفي NEG V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect (87:13:6)yaḥyā verb will live. فعل مضارع **CERT** – particle of certainty (87:14:1) qad حرف تحقيق Certainly, **CERT** (87:14:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) aflaḥa perfect verb has فعل ماض succeeded (87:14:3)**REL** – relative pronoun man (one) who REL

(87:14:4) tazakkā purifies (himself), (87:15:1) wadhakara And remembers (87:15:2)is'ma



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) perfect verb

فعل ماض



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض

(the) name



N – accusative masculine noun

(87:15:3) rabbihi (of) his Lord



N – genitive masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(87:15:4) fașallā and prays.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(87:16:1) **RET** – retraction particle bal حرف اضر اب Nay! RET (87:16:2) **V** – 2nd person masculine plural (form IV) imperfect verb tu'thirūna You prefer PRON - subject pronoun فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل PRON N – accusative feminine noun (87:16:3)I-hayata the life ADJ – accusative feminine singular adjective (87:16:4)I-dun'yā صفة منصوبة (of) the world, (87:17:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – nominative feminine singular noun wal-ākhiratu While the الواو عاطفة Hereafter اسم مرفوع (87:17:2)N – nominative masculine singular indefinite khayrun noun (is) better اسم مرفوع

(87:17:3) wa-abqā and everlasting. (87:18:1) inna



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – nominative noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مرفوع



N COI

**ACC** – accusative particle

حرف نصب

(87:18:2) hādhā this

Indeed,



**DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

اسم اشارة

DEM

(87:18:3) lafī surely (is) in



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **P** – preposition

اللام لام التوكيد حرف جر

(87:18:4) I-ṣuḥufi the Scriptures



N – genitive feminine plural noun

اسم مجرور

(87:18:5) I-ūlā [the] former,



### **ADJ** – genitive feminine adjective

صفة مجرورة



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(87:19:1) şuḥufi (The) Scriptures	صُ <del>حُ</del> فِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine plural noun
(87:19:2) ib'rāhīma (of) Ibrahim	ٳؚؠؙڒؘۿؚؠؠؘ PN	PN – genitive masculine proper noun $\rightarrow$ lbrahim lbrahim lbrahim lbrahim lbrahight and also with a significant $\hat{A}$ lbrahight $\hat{A}$ lbrahig
(87:19:3) wamūsā and Musa.	وَمُوسَىٰ وَمُوسَىٰ PN CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) PN – genitive masculine proper noun → Musa الواو عاطفة اسم علم مجرور

# Chapter (88) sūrat I-ghāshiyah (The Overwhelming)

corpus.quran.com/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (88:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(88:1:1) hal Has	هَـلُ INTG	INTG – interrogative particle حرف استفهام
(88:1:2) atāka (there) come to you	أَتَىٰكَ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb  PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصيب
		ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(88:1:3)
hadīthu
(the) news

(88:1:4)
I-ghāshiyati
(of) the
Overwhelming?



N - nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع

N pa

**N** – genitive feminine singular active participle

اسم مجرور



(88:2:1) wujūhun Faces



**N** – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(88:2:2) yawma-idhin that Day



T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(88:2:3) khāshicatun (will be) humbled,



**N** – nominative feminine singular indefinite active participle

اسم مرفوع



(88:3:1) **ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite cāmilatun active participle Laboring, صفة مرفوعة ADJ **ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite (88:3:2)nāṣibatun active participle exhausted. صفة مرفوعة **V** – 3rd person feminine singular (88:4:1)imperfect verb taşlā They will burn فعل مضارع N – accusative feminine indefinite (88:4:2)noun nāran (in) a Fire اسم منصوب (88:4:3)active participle <u>h</u>āmiyatan intensely hot.

ADJ – accusative feminine indefinite

صفة منصوبة

**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (88:5:1)passive imperfect verb tus'qā They will be فعل مضارع مبنى للمجهول given to drink **P** – preposition (88:5:2)min from (88:5:3)**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun caynin اسم مجرور a spring, **ADJ** – genitive feminine indefinite (88:5:4)active participle āniyatin boiling. صفة مجرورة **ADJ** (88:6:1)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb laysa Not is «فعل ماض من اخوات «كان (88:6:2)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* lahum **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural for them personal pronoun PRON جار ومجرور

(88:6:3) N – nominative masculine indefinite ţacāmun noun food اسم مرفوع (88:6:4) **EXP** – exceptive particle illā أداة استثناء except **EXP**  ${f P}-{\it preposition}$ (88:6:5) min from (88:6:6)N – genitive masculine indefinite darīcin noun a bitter thorny اسم مجرور plant,

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(88:7:1) Iā Not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(88:7:2) yus'minu it nourishes	يُسْمِنُ °	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(88:7:3) walā and not	NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(88:7:4) yugh'nī it avails	يُغُنِى ° ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb فعل مضارع

P – preposition حرف جر (88:7:5)min from (88:7:6)N – genitive masculine indefinite noun jū<sup>c</sup>in اسم مجرور hunger. (88:8:1)**N** – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun wujūhun اسم مرفوع **Faces** T – time adverb (88:8:2)yawma-idhin ظرف زمان that Day (88:8:3)N – nominative feminine indefinite active nācimatun participle (will be) اسم مرفوع joyful.

(88:9:1)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* N – genitive masculine noun lisacyihā With their **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun effort PRON جار ومجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة N – nominative feminine indefinite active (88:9:2)rādiyatun participle satisfied, اسم مرفوع (88:10:1)P - preposition fī In حرف جر N – genitive feminine indefinite noun (88:10:2)jannatin اسم مجرور a garden Ν ADJ – genitive feminine indefinite active (88:10:3)cāliyatin participle elevated. صفة مجرورة (88:11:1)**NEG** – negative particle Ιā Not **NEG** 

(88:11:2) tasma <sup>c</sup> u they will hear	تَسْمَعُ ۷	<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(88:11:3) fīhā therein	فِیهَا PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  און פאבעפע
(88:11:4) lāghiyatan vain talk.	گ لغینة N	N – accusative feminine indefinite active participle بسم منصوب
(88:12:1) fīhā Therein	فِیهَا PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  און פארעפע
(88:12:2) caynun (will be) a spring	عَي <b>نُ</b> N	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine indefinite noun

(88:12:3) jāriyatun flowing,



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مرفوعة



(88:13:1) fīhā Therein



P – prepositionPRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(88:13:2) sururun (will be) thrones



**N** – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(88:13:3) marfū<sup>c</sup>atun raised high,



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite passive participle

صفة مرفوعة



(88:14:1) wa-akwābun And cups



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مرفوع (88:14:2) mawḍū<sup>c</sup>atun put in place,



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite passive participle

صفة مرفوعة



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(88:15:1) wanamāriqu And cushions	<b>وَ</b> نَمَارِقُ	<b>CONJ</b> – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) <b>N</b> – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun
	N CONJ	الو او عاطفة اسم مرفوع
(88:15:2) maşfūfatun lined up,	(10)	ADJ – nominative feminine indefinite passive participle
	a a	صفة مر فو عة
	مَصْفُوفَةُ	
	ADJ	
(00-40-4)		
(88:16:1) wazarābiyyu And carpets	<b>و</b> َزَرَابِيُّ	<b>CONJ</b> – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) <b>N</b> – nominative masculine plural indefinite noun
	N CONJ	الو او عاطفة اسم مرفوع

(88:16:2) mabthūthatun spread out.



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite passive participle

صفة مرفوعة



(88:17:1) afalā Then do not



NEG

UP INTG

**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* 

**SUP** – prefixed supplemental particle

**NEG** – negative particle

الهمزة همزة استفهام الفاء زائدة حرف نفي

(88:17:2) yanzurūna they look



**PRON** 

 ${f V}-3{f r}{f d}$  person masculine plural imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(88:17:3)

ilā

towards

P – preposition

حرف جر

(88:17:4)

l-ibili

the camels,



N – genitive masculine noun  $\rightarrow$  Camel

اسم مجرور

(88:17:5) kayfa

how

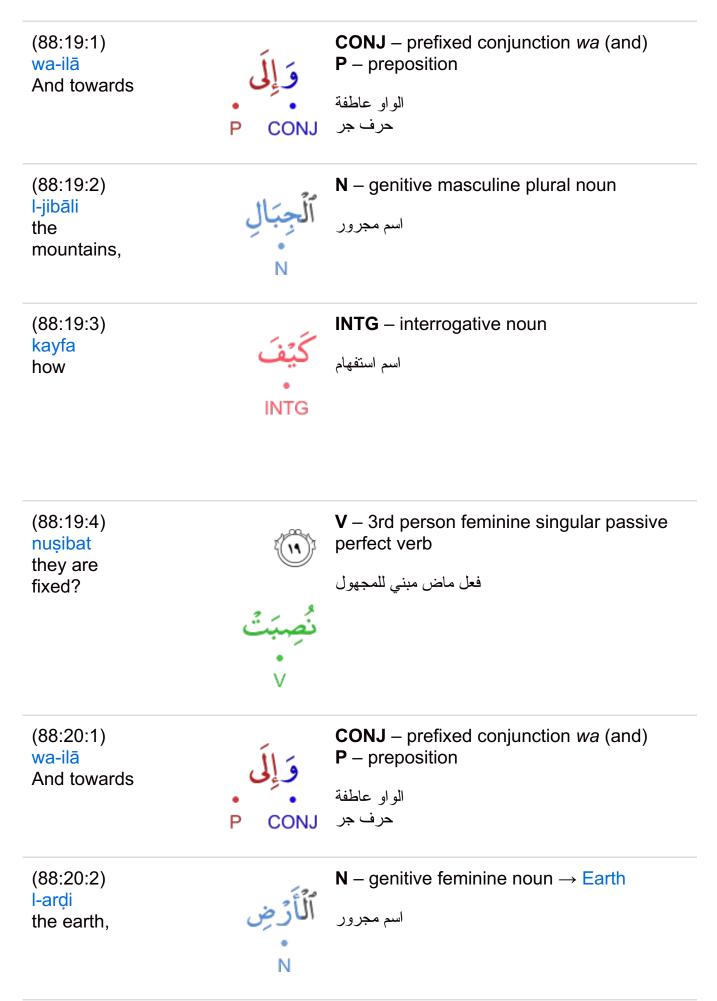


**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

INTG

(88:17:6) khuliqat they are created?	الله خُلِقَتُ دُ	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(88:18:1) wa-ilā And towards	وَ إِلَى P CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) P – preposition  الواو عاطفة حرف جر
(88:18:2) I-samāi the sky,	آلسَّمَآءِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine noun
(88:18:3) kayfa how	گی <i>ئف</i> INTG	INTG – interrogative noun
(88:18:4) ruficat it is raised?	رُفِعَتُ رُفِعَتُ ۷	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



(88:20:3) kayfa how



**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

(88:20:4) suṭiḥat it is spread out?



 ${f V}-3{f rd}$  person feminine singular passive perfect verb

فعل ماض مبني للمجهول



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(88:21:1) fadhakkir So remind,	<b>فَذَكِّرُ</b> REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle V – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb الفاء استثنافية
(88:21:2) innamā only	إِنَّمَا PREV ACC	ACC – accusative particle PREV – preventive particle <i>mā</i> كافة ومكفوفة
(88:21:3) anta you	أُ <b>ن</b> تُ PRON	PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمیر منفصل
(88:21:4) mudhakkirun (are) a reminder.	ش مُذَكِرً مُذَكِرً	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine indefinite (form II) active participle اسم مرفوع

(88:22:1) lasta You are not	<b>لَّسْتَ</b> PRON V	V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض من اخوات «كان» والتاء ضمير متصل في محل «رفع اسم «ليس
(88:22:2) calayhim over them	عَلَيْم PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun جار ومجرور
(88:22:3) bimuşayţirin a controller,	ش بِمُصَيْطِرٍ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> <b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite (form II) active participle  جار ومجرور
(88:23:1) illā But	EXP	EXP – exceptive particle أداة استثناء
(88:23:2) man whoever	مَن • REL	REL – relative pronoun اسم موصول
(88:23:3) tawallā turns away	تَوَلِّئ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) perfect verb

(88:23:4) wakafara and disbelieves,



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb



الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(88:24:1) fayu<sup>c</sup>adhibuhu Then will punish him



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II)

imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الفاء استئنافية فعل مضارع و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(88:24:2) I-lahu Allah



**PN** – nominative proper noun → Allah

لفظ الجلالة مرفوع

(88:24:3) I-cadhāba (with) the punishment



N – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب

(88:24:4) **l-akbara** greatest.



**ADJ** – accusative masculine singular adjective

صفة منصوبة



**ACC** – accusative particle (88:25:1)inna Indeed, ACC (88:25:2)**P** – preposition ilaynā **PRON** – 1st person plural object pronoun to Us جار ومجرور **PRON** (88:25:3)**N** – accusative masculine noun iyābahum **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural (will be) their possessive pronoun return, اسم منصوب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON (88:26:1)**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction thumma Then CONJ (88:26:2)**ACC** – accusative particle inna indeed, ACC **P** – preposition (88:26:3) calaynā **PRON** – 1st person plural object pronoun upon Us جار ومجرور PRON

(88:26:4) hisābahum (is) their account.





N – accusative masculine (form III) verbal noun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

## Chapter (89) sūrat I-fajr (The Dawn)

Translation Arabic

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (89:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	word	Cyritax and morphology
(89:1:1) wal-fajri By the dawn,	رُنُّ وَ ٱلْفَجْرِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) N – genitive masculine noun → Dawn جار ومجرور
(89:2:1) walayālin And the nights	وَلَيَالٍ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine plural indefinite noun الواو عاطفة

Syntax and morphology

(89:2:2) cashrin ten.



**ADJ** – genitive masculine plural indefinite adjective

صفة مجرورة



(89:3:1) wal-shafci And the even



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(89:3:2) wal-watri and the odd,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور



(89:4:1) wa-al-layli And the night



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(89:4:2) idhā when T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(89:4:3) yasri it passes.	ک کِسٹر ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb  فعل مضار ع
(89:5:1) hal ls	هَلُ INTG	INTG – interrogative particle
(89:5:2) fī in		P – preposition حرف جر
(89:5:3) dhālika that	ذَلِكَ DEM	DEM – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun
(89:5:4) qasamun (not) an oath	قَسَــثم N	N – nominative masculine indefinite noun
(89:5:5) lidhī for those	<u>لِّذِی</u> N P	<ul> <li>P – prefixed preposition lām</li> <li>N – genitive masculine singular noun</li> </ul>

(89:5:6) ḥij'rin who understand?	و حِجْرٍ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(89:6:1) alam Did not	أَلُمُ NEG INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif NEG – negative particle الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي
(89:6:2) tara you see		V – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood  فعل مضارع مجزوم
(89:6:3) kayfa how	<b>کَیْفَ</b> INTG	INTG – interrogative noun
(89:6:4) fa <sup>c</sup> ala dealt	فَعَلَ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(89:6:5) rabbuka your Lord	رَبُّكَ PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

(89:6:6) bi<sup>c</sup>ādin with Aad,



 $\mathbf{P}$  – prefixed preposition bi $\mathbf{PN}$  – genitive proper noun  $\rightarrow$  Aad

جار ومجرور



## Verse (89:7) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(89:7:1) irama Iram,	إِرَمَ	PN – genitive feminine proper noun → Iram
irairi,	PN	اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلًا من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من الصرف
(89:7:2) dhāti	15	N – genitive feminine singular noun
possessors (of),	دات	اسم مجرور
(OI),	N	





## ${\bf N}$ – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(89:8:1) allatī Which	ٱلَّتِی REL	REL – feminine singular relative pronoun
(89:8:2) lam not	لَمْ NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(89:8:3) yukh'laq had been created	يُخۡلَقُ ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive imperfect verb, jussive mood فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول مجزوم
(89:8:4) mith'luhā like them	مِثَلُهَا PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(89:8:5) fī in		P – preposition حرف جر

(89:8:6) I-bilādi the cities,



**N** – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



(89:9:1) wathamūda And Thamud,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **PN** – genitive proper noun → Thamud

الواو عاطفة السم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلاً من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من الصرف

(89:9:2) alladhīna who



**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(89:9:3) jābū carved out



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(89:9:4) I-şakhra the rocks



**N** – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب

(89:9:5) bil-wādi in the valley,



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور



(89:10:1) wafir'<sup>c</sup>awna And Firaun,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **PN** – genitive masculine proper noun → **Pharaoh** 

الواو عاطفة السم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلاً من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من الصرف

(89:10:2) dhī owner of



**N** – genitive masculine singular noun

اسم مجرور

(89:10:3) I-awtādi stakes?



N – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



(89:11:1) alladhīna Who



**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(89:11:2) taghaw transgressed



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(89:11:3) fī in



**P** – preposition

حرف جر

(89:11:4) I-bilādi the lands,



N – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(89:12:1) fa-aktharū And (made) much	فَأَكُثرُواْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(89:12:2) fīhā therein	فِیهَا PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  جار ومجرور
(89:12:3) I-fasāda corruption.	الفساد الفساد N	N – accusative masculine noun اسم منصوب

(89:13:1) faṣabba So poured	<b>فَ</b> صَببَّ • ۷ CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb الفاء عاطفة
(89:13:2) calayhim on them	عَلَيْهِمُ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun
(89:13:3) rabbuka your Lord	رَبُّكَ PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(89:13:4) sawṭa scourge	سَوْطَ N	N – accusative masculine noun اسم منصوب
(89:13:5)  cadhābin (of) punishment.	س عَذَابٍ م	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(89:14:1) inna Indeed,	<u>اِنَّ</u> ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب

**N** – accusative masculine noun (89:14:2)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular rabbaka your Lord possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON (89:14:3)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* labil-mir'şādi **P** – prefixed preposition *bi* (is) surely Ever N – genitive masculine noun Watchful. اللام لام التوكيد جار ومجرور **REM** – prefixed resumption particle (89:15:1)**EXL** – explanation particle fa-ammā And as for الفاء استئنافية حرف تفصيل EXL REM (89:15:2)N – nominative masculine noun I-insānu man. T – time adverb (89:15:3)idhā ظرف زمان when **SUP** – supplemental particle (89:15:4)

حرف زائد

mā

does

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form (89:15:5)ib'talāhu VIII) perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular try him object pronoun فعل ماض و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (89:15:6)**N** – nominative masculine noun rabbuhu **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular his Lord possessive pronoun اسم مر فوع و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة N PRON (89:15:7)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) fa-akramahu **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb and is generous **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular to him object pronoun الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (89:15:8) **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) wanaccamahu **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form and favors him, II) perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular **PRON** CONJ object pronoun الو او عاطفة فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (89:15:9)**RSLT** – prefixed result particle V – 3rd person masculine singular fayaqūlu imperfect verb he says, الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط RSLT فعل مضارع **N** – nominative masculine noun (89:15:10) **PRON** – 1st person singular possessive rabbī "My Lord pronoun اسم مرفوع والياء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(89:15:11) akramani has honored me."



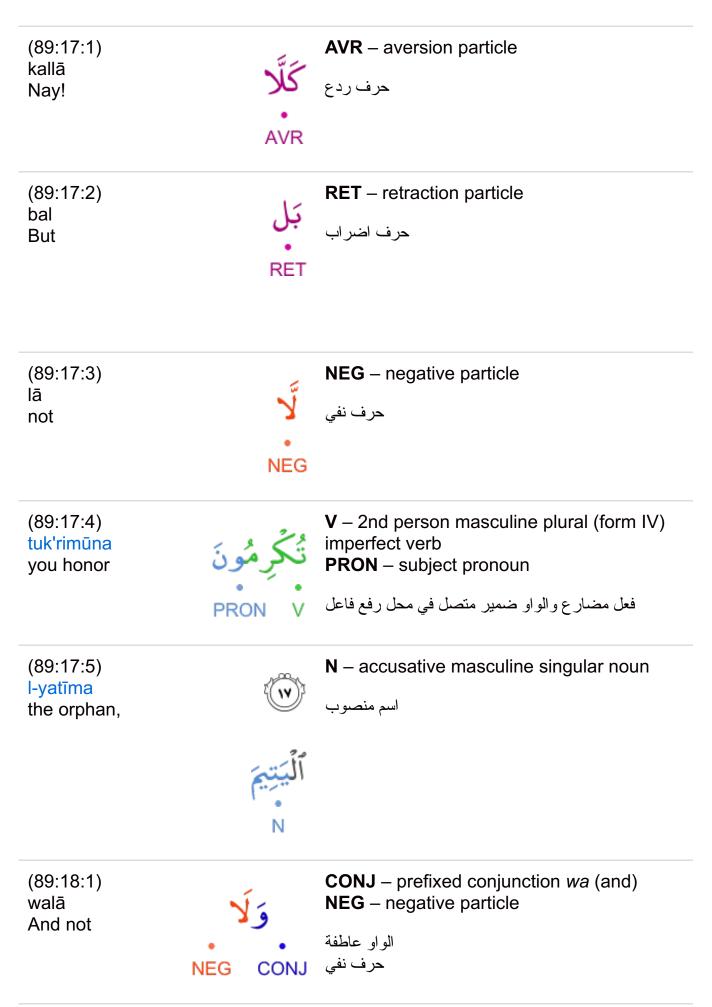
V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb
 PRON – 1st person singular object pronoun



فعل ماض والياء المحذوفة ضمير متصل في محل نصب معول به

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(89:16:1) wa-ammā But	وَأُمَّا EXL CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) EXL – explanation particle الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل
(89:16:2) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(89:16:3) mā does	مًا SUP	SUP – supplemental particle حرف زائد
(89:16:4) ib'talāhu He try him	<b>ٱبُتَلَنهُ</b> PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form VIII) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(89:16:5) faqadara and restricts	فَقَدَر • conj	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb الفاء عاطفة
(89:16:6) <sup>c</sup> alayhi for him	عَلَيْهِ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun جار ومجرور
(89:16:7) riz'qahu his provision,	<b>رزُقَهُ</b> و • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(89:16:8) fayaqūlu then he says	<b>فَ</b> یَقُولُ ۷ RSLT	RSLT – prefixed result particle V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط فعل مضار ع
(89:16:9) rabbī "My Lord	رَ <u>بِّی</u> PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 1st person singular possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع والياء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(89:16:10) ahānani (has) humiliated me."	اً اًهٰنَنِ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 1st person singular object pronoun فعل ماض و الياء المحذوفة ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به



(89:18:2) taḥāḍḍūna you feel the urge



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural (form VI) imperfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(89:18:3) <sup>c</sup>alā to



 ${f P}-{\it preposition}$ 

حرف جر

(89:18:4) tacāmi feed



N – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور

(89:18:5) I-mis'kīni the poor.



**N** – genitive masculine singular noun

اسم مجرور



(89:19:1) watakulūna And you consume



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect

verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

N – accusative masculine noun (89:19:2)I-turātha the inheritance Ν N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal (89:19:3)aklan noun devouring اسم منصوب Ν (89:19:4)ADJ – accusative masculine indefinite lamman verbal noun altogether, صفة منصوبة ADJ (89:20:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) watuhibbūna **V** – 2nd person masculine plural (form IV) And you love imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun CONJ PRON الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **N** – accusative masculine noun (89:20:2)I-māla wealth

(89:20:3)

hubban
(with) love

N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

الم منصوب

ADJ – accusative masculine singular indefinite adjective

immense.

ADJ

ADJ

ADJ

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(89:21:1) kallā Nay!	<b>کُلُّاد</b> AVR	AVR – aversion particle حرف ردع
(89:21:2) idhā When		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(89:21:3) dukkati is leveled	دُكَّتِ °	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول
(89:21:4) I-arḍu the earth,	ٱ <b>ل</b> اًرُّنُ N	N – nominative feminine noun → Earth اسم مرفوع

N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal (89:21:5)dakkan noun pounded, اسم منصوب (89:21:6)**N** – accusative masculine indefinite verbal dakkan noun (and) crushed, اسم منصوب Ν **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (89:22:1)wajāa V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect And comes verb الواو عاطفة فعل ماض (89:22:2)**N** – nominative masculine noun **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular rabbuka your Lord possessive pronoun اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) (89:22:3)N – nominative masculine noun wal-malaku and the الواو عاطفة Angels, اسم مرفوع CONJ

(89:22:4)N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal şaffan noun rank, اسم منصوب Ν (89:22:5)N – accusative masculine indefinite verbal saffan noun (upon) rank, اسم منصوب Ν **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) (89:23:1)wajīa V – 3rd person masculine singular passive And is brought, perfect verb الواو عاطفة فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول T - time adverb (89:23:2)yawma-idhin ظرف زمان that Day,

(89:23:3)
bijahannama
Hell.

P – prefixed preposition *bi*PN – genitive proper noun → Hell

(89:23:4)T – time adverb yawma-idhin ظرف زمان That Day V – 3rd person masculine singular (form (89:23:5)V) imperfect verb yatadhakkaru will remember فعل مضارع (89:23:6)N – nominative masculine noun I-insānu man, **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (89:23:7)INTG - interrogative noun wa-annā but how الواو عاطفة اسم استفهام CONJ (89:23:8)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* PRON – 3rd person masculine singular lahu (will be) for personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

PRON

him

(89:23:9)
I-dhik'rā
the
remembrance?



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع



(89:24:1) yaqūlu He will say,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(89:24:2) yālaytanī "O I wish!



**VOC** – prefixed vocative particle *ya* 

ACC - accusative particle

**PRON** – 1st person singular object

pronoun

أداة نداء محل حرف نصب من اخوات «ان» والياء ضمير متصل في محل «ليت «ليت المحب الم

(89:24:3) qaddamtu I had sent forth



**V** – 1st person singular (form II) perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

PRON V

فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(89:24:4) liḥayātī for my life."



P – prefixed preposition *lām*N – genitive feminine noun

**PRON** – 1st person singular possessive pronoun



جار ومجرور والياء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(89:25:1) fayawma- idhin So that Day	فَيَوۡ مَبِذِ • T REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle T – time adverb  الفاء استثنافية  ظرف زمان
(89:25:2) lā not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(89:25:3) yu <sup>c</sup> adhibu will punish,	يُعَذِّ <i>بُ</i> ٧	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(89:25:4)  cadhābahu (as) His punishment	عَذَابَهُ • • PRON N	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

N – nominative masculine indefinite noun (89:25:5)ahadun اسم مرفوع anyone. Ν (89:26:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) walā **NEG** – negative particle And not الواو عاطفة حرف نفي **NEG** CONJ **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) (89:26:2)yūthiqu imperfect verb will bind فعل مضارع (89:26:3)N – accusative masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular wathāqahu (as) His possessive pronoun binding اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة PRON N – nominative masculine indefinite noun (89:26:4)ahadun اسم مرفوع anyone.

**VOC** – prefixed vocative particle ya (89:27:1)**N** – nominative noun yāayyatuhā "O أداة نداء اسم مرفوع (89:27:2)N – nominative feminine singular noun I-nafsu soul! (89:27:3)ADJ - nominative feminine (form XII) active participle I-mut'ma-inatu who is صفة مرفوعة satisfied. ADJ V – 2nd person feminine singular imperative (89:28:1)verb **PRON** – subject pronoun ir'jicT Return فعل أمر والياء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **P** – preposition (89:28:2)ilā to (89:28:3)N – genitive masculine noun **PRON** – 2nd person feminine singular rabbiki possessive pronoun your Lord PRON اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

N – accusative feminine indefinite active (89:28:4)rādiyatan participle well pleased, اسم منصىوب (89:28:5)N – accusative feminine indefinite passive mardiyyatan participle and pleasing. اسم منصوب (89:29:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **V** – 2nd person feminine singular imperative fa-ud'khulī So enter verb **PRON** – subject pronoun **PRON** الفاء عاطفة فعل أمر والياء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (89:29:2)**P** – preposition fī among (89:29:3)N – genitive masculine plural noun **PRON** – 1st person singular possessive cibādī My slaves, pronoun اسم مجرور والياء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

PRON

(89:30:1) wa-ud'khulī And enter



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 2nd person feminine singular imperative verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل أمر والياء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(89:30:2) jannatī My Paradise."



N – accusative feminine nounPRON – 1st person singular possessive pronoun



اسم منصوب والياء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

## Chapter (90) sūrat I-balad (The City)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (90:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(90:1:1) lā Nay!	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(90:1:2) uq'simu I swear	أُقُّسِمُ ٧	V – 1st person singular (form IV) imperfect verb فعل مضارع

(90:1:3) bihādhā by this



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

جار ومجرور

(90:1:4) I-baladi city,



N – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(90:2:1) wa-anta And you



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun

الواو عاطفة ضمير منفصل

(90:2:2) hillun (are) free (to dwell)



**N** – nominative masculine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(90:2:3) bihādhā in this



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

جار ومجرور

N – genitive masculine noun (90:2:4)I-baladi اسم مجرور city. **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (90:3:1)**N** – genitive indefinite noun wawālidin And the الواو عاطفة begetter CONJ اسم مجرور (90:3:2)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **REL** – relative pronoun wamā and what الواو عاطفة CONJ REL اسم موصول (90:3:3)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb walada he begot. فعل ماض



(90:4:2) khalaqnā We have created	خَلَقْنَا • PRON V	V – 1st person plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(90:4:3) I-insāna man	ٱلۡإِنسَٰنَ «	N – accusative masculine noun اسم منصوب
(90:4:4) fī (to be) in	<b>فی</b> ۹	P – preposition حرف جر
(90:4:5) kabadin hardship.	گ کَبَدٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(90:5:1) ayaḥsabu Does he think	أَيَحُسَبُ ۱ ۱NTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative <i>alif</i> V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb  الهمزة همزة استفهام فعل مضارع
(90:5:2) an that	أُن SUB	SUB – subordinating conjunction حرف مصدر ي

(90:5:3)**NEG** – negative particle lan not NEG V – 3rd person masculine singular (90:5:4)imperfect verb, subjunctive mood yaqdira has power فعل مضارع منصوب (90:5:5)**P** – preposition calayhi **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular over him object pronoun **PRON** جار ومجرور N – nominative masculine indefinite (90:5:6)ahadun noun anyone? اسم مرفوع Ν

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(90:6:1) yaqūlu He will say,	يَ <mark>قُولُ</mark> °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع
(90:6:2) ahlaktu "I have squandered	أُ <b>هُ</b> لَكُتُ PRON V	V – 1st person singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(90:6:3) mālan wealth	مَالًا N	<b>N</b> – accusative masculine indefinite noun

ADJ – accusative masculine singular (90:6:4)indefinite adjective lubadan abundant." صفة منصوبة (90:7:1)**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* V – 3rd person masculine singular ayahsabu Does he think imperfect verb الهمزة همزة استفهام فعل مضارع **SUB** – subordinating conjunction (90:7:2)an that SUB (90:7:3)**NEG** – negative particle lam not **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (90:7:4)yarahu imperfect verb, jussive mood **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular sees him object pronoun PRON فعل مضارع مجزوم والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

ُّک اُحَدُ N	N – nominative masculine indefinite noun
أَلُمُ NEG INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif NEG – negative particle الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي
ذَ <b>جُ</b> عَل ۷	V – 1st person plural imperfect verb, jussive mood فعل مضارع مجزوم
لَّهُو PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
ک عَیْنَی <i>ْنِ</i>	N – accusative feminine dual noun → Eye اسم منصوب
	الئم NEG INTG نَجُعَل ۷

(90:9:1) walisānan And a tongue,



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 N – accusative masculine indefinite noun
 → Tongue

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب

(90:9:2) washafatayni and two lips?



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – accusative feminine dual noun → Lip

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب



(90:10:1) wahadaynāhu And shown him



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and)

V – 1st person plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(90:10:2) I-najdayni the two ways?



N – accusative masculine dual noun

اسم منصوب



(90:11:1) falā

But not



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle

**NEG** – negative particle

NEG REM

حرف نفي

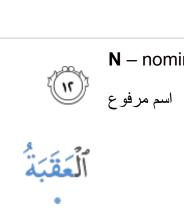
الفاء استئنافية

V – 3rd person masculine singular (form (90:11:2) VIII) perfect verb iq'tahama he has فعل ماض attempted N – accusative feminine noun (90:11:3) I-caqabata اسم منصىوب the steep path. (90:12:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **INTG** – interrogative noun wamā And what الواو عاطفة INTG CONJ اسم استفهام V – 3rd person masculine singular (form (90:12:2)adrāka IV) perfect verb **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular can make you object pronoun know فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **INTG** – interrogative noun (90:12:3)mā اسم استفهام what INTG

(90:12:4) I-caqabatu the steep path (is)?



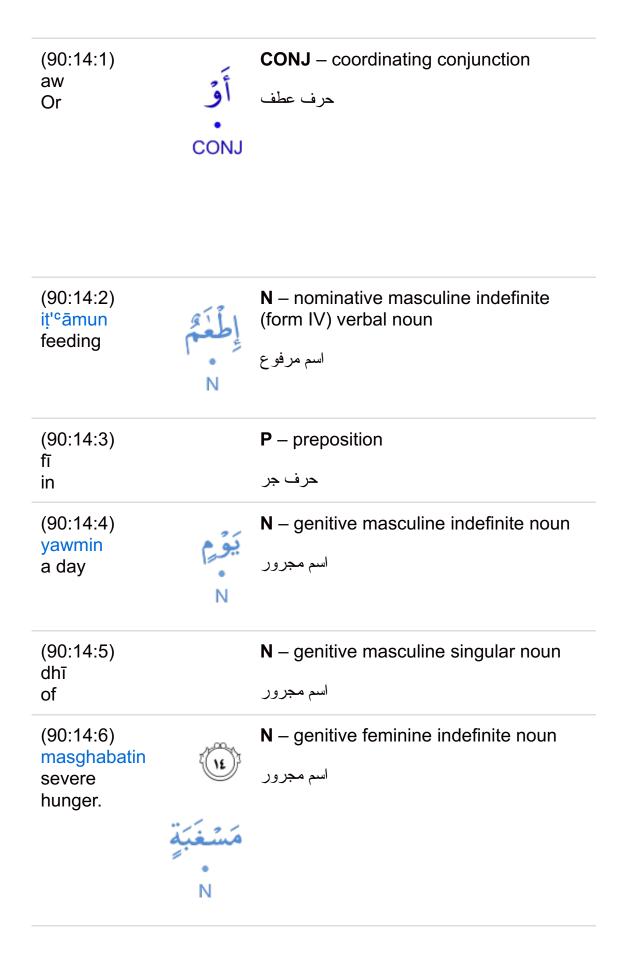
#### **N** – nominative feminine noun



## Verse (90:13) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(90:13:1) fakku (It is) freeing	فَكُّ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(90:13:2) raqabatin a neck,	رَقَبَدٍ رَقَبَدٍ N	N – genitive feminine indefinite noun



(90:15:1) yatīman An orphan	ی <mark>تیمًا</mark> ۱	N – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun
(90:15:2) dhā of		<b>N</b> – accusative masculine singular noun
(90:15:3) maqrabatin near relationship,	ران مَقْرَ بَدٍ N	N – genitive feminine indefinite noun
(90:16:1) aw Or	أُ <b>وُ</b> CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(90:16:2) mis'kīnan a needy person	مِسْكِينًا N	N – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun
(90:16:3) dhā in		N – accusative masculine singular noun

(90:16:4) matrabatin misery,



# ${\bf N}$ – genitive feminine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(90:17:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(90:17:2) kāna he is	گانَ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(90:17:3) mina of	مِنَ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(90:17:4) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun

(90:17:5) āmanū believe



**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(90:17:6) watawāṣaw and enjoin (each other)



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) perfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(90:17:7) bil-şabri to patience,



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور

(90:17:8) watawāṣaw and enjoin (each other)



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) perfect verb

PRON - subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(90:17:9) bil-marḥamati to compassion.



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

**N** – genitive feminine noun

جار ومجرور



(90:18:1)**DEM** – plural demonstrative pronoun ulāika اسم اشارة Those DEM (90:18:2)N – nominative masculine plural noun aṣḥābu (are the) companions (90:18:3)**N** – genitive feminine noun **I-maymanati** (of) the right اسم مجرور (hand) (90:19:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun wa-alladhīna But those who الواو عاطفة اسم موصول V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect (90:19:2)kafarū verb disbelieve

verb
PRON – subject pronoun

e فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(90:19:3) biāyātinā in Our Verses,



P – prefixed preposition bi
 N – genitive feminine plural noun
 PRON – 1st person plural possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(90:19:4) hum they



**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(90:19:5) aṣḥābu (are the) companions



N – nominative masculine plural noun

اسم مرفوع

(90:19:6)
I-mashamati
(of) the left
(hand).



**N** – genitive feminine noun

اسم مجرور



(90:20:1) calayhim Over them,



P – prepositionPRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(90:20:2) nārun (will be the) Fire



N – nominative feminine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(90:20:3) mu'şadatun closed in.



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite adjective

صفة مرفوعة



# Chapter (91) sūrat I-shams (The Sun)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (91:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(91:1:1) wal-shamsi By the sun	وَ ٱلشَّمْسِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) N – genitive feminine noun → Sun
(91:1:2) waḍuḥāhā and its brightness,		CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun
		الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(91:2:1) wal-qamari And the moon



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun → Moon

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(91:2:2) idhā when T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(91:2:3) talāhā it follows it,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(91:3:1) wal-nahāri And the day



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(91:3:2) idhā when



T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(91:3:3) jallāhā it displays it,



V – 3rd person masculine singular
 (form II) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person feminine singular
 object pronoun



فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(91:4:1) wa-al-layli And the night



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(91:4:2) idhā when



T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(91:4:3) yaghshāhā it covers it,



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun



فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب فعل مضارع و

(91:5:1) wal-samāi And the heaven



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – genitive feminine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(91:5:2) wamā and (He) Who



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **REL** – relative pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم موصول (91:5:3)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular banāhā perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular constructed it, object pronoun فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (91:6:1)**N** – genitive feminine noun → Earth wal-ardi And the الواو عاطفة earth CONJ اسم مجرور **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (91:6:2)**REL** – relative pronoun wamā and by (He) REL CONJ الواو عاطفة Who اسم موصول V – 3rd person masculine singular (91:6:3)perfect verb tahāhā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular spread it, object pronoun فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول PRON **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (91:7:1)**N** – genitive feminine singular wanafsin And (the) indefinite noun soul CONJ الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور (91:7:2)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) wamā **REL** – relative pronoun and (He) CONJ الواو عاطفة REL Who اسم موصول

(91:7:3) sawwāhā proportioned it,



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun



فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

## Verse (91:8) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(91:8:1) fa-alhamahā And He inspired it	فَأَلْمَهَا PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun
		الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(91:8:2) fujūrahā (to distinguish) its wickedness	فُجُورَهَا	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun
no wickedifess	PRON N	اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (91:8:3)wataqwāhā (and) **N** – accusative masculine noun and its **PRON** – 3rd person feminine righteousness singular possessive pronoun الواو عاطفة PRON N CONJ اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **CERT** – particle of certainty (91:9:1)gad حرف تحقيق Indeed, **CERT V** – 3rd person masculine (91:9:2)singular (form IV) perfect verb aflaha he succeeds فعل ماض (91:9:3)**REL** – relative pronoun man who REL (91:9:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine zakkāhā singular (form II) perfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person feminine purifies it, singular object pronoun فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (91:10:1) waqad (and) And indeed, **CERT** – particle of certainty CERT CONJ الو او عاطفة حر ف تحقيق V – 3rd person masculine (91:10:2)singular perfect verb khāba he fails فعل ماض **REL** – relative pronoun (91:10:3) man اسم موصول who **REL** (91:10:4) **V** – 3rd person masculine dassāhā singular perfect verb buries it. **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به **PRON V** – 3rd person feminine singular (91:11:1) (form II) perfect verb kadhabat Denied فعل ماض

**PN** – nominative proper noun → (91:11:2)**Thamud** thamūdu Thamud اسم علم مرفوع (91:11:3)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **N** – genitive masculine noun bitaghwāhā **PRON** – 3rd person feminine by their transgression, singular possessive pronoun جار ومجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **PRON** T – time adverb (91:12:1) idhi ظرف زمان When V – 3rd person masculine (91:12:2)singular (form VII) perfect verb inbacatha (was) sent forth فعل ماض (91:12:3) **N** – nominative masculine noun

ashqāhā (the) most wicked of them.



**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مرفوع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(91:13:1) faqāla But said	<b>فَقَالَ</b> • • ∨ REM	REM – prefixed resumption particle V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb الفاء استئنافية فعل ماض
(91:13:2) lahum to them	PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(91:13:3) rasūlu (the) Messenger	رَسُولُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun
(91:13:4) I-lahi (of) Allah,	اَللَّهِ PN	PN – genitive proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مجرور

(91:13:5) nāqata "(It is the) shecamel



N – accusative feminine noun → Camel

سم منصو ب

(91:13:6) I-lahi (of) Allah



**PN** – genitive proper noun → Allah

لفظ الجلالة مجرور

(91:13:7) wasuq'yāhā and her drink."



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative masculine noun

**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun



الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(91:14:1) fakadhabūhu But they denied him,



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form II) perfect verb

PRON – subject pronoun
PRON – 3rd person masculine singular
object pronoun

الفاء استئنافية فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (91:14:2) facaqarūhā and they hamstrung her.



CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb

**PRON** – subject pronoun **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(91:14:3) fadamdama So destroyed



**CAUS** – prefixed particle of cause **V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الفاء سببية فعل ماض

(91:14:4) calayhim them



P – prepositionPRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(91:14:5) rabbuhum their Lord



N – nominative masculine nounPRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(91:14:6) bidhanbihim for their sin



P – prefixed preposition bi
 N – genitive masculine noun
 PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(91:14:7) fasawwāhā and leveled them.



CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)
 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(91:15:1) walā And not



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle

الواو عاطفة حرف نفي

(91:15:2) yakhāfu He fears



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(91:15:3)
cuq'bāhā
its
consequences.



N – accusative feminine noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun



اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

# **Chapter (92) sūrat I-layl (The Night)**

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

## Verse (92:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(92:1:1) wa-al-layli By the night	وَ ٱلَّيْلِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) <b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور
(92:1:2) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان

(92:1:3)yaghshā it covers, (92:2:1)wal-nahāri And the day (92:2:2)idhā



#### **V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع





**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and)

N - genitive masculine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

when



T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(92:2:3)tajallā it shines in brightness,



V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض



(92:3:1)wamā And He Who



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) **REL** – relative pronoun

الواو عاطفة اسم موصول

(92:3:2) khalaqa created	خَلَقَ v	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(92:3:3) I-dhakara the male	<b>ٱلذَّكَ</b> رَ «	N – accusative masculine noun
(92:3:4) wal-unthā and the female,	ُ الْأُنثَى وَ الْأُنثَى N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – accusative feminine noun الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب
(92:4:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(92:4:2) sa <sup>c</sup> yakum your efforts	سَعْیَکُمْ PRON N	N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(92:4:3)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lashattā N – nominative masculine (are) surely singular noun diverse. اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع **EMPH** Ν (92:5:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption fa-ammā particle EXL - explanation particle Then as for الفاء استئنافية EXL REM حرف تفصيل **COND** – conditional noun (92:5:2)man اسم شرط (him) who COND (92:5:3)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb actā gives فعل ماض **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction (92:5:4)wa-ittaqā wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine and fears, singular (form VIII) perfect verb الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(92:6:1) waşaddaqa And believes



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(92:6:2) bil-ḥus'nā in the best,



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive feminine singular noun



جار ومجرور

(92:7:1) fasanuyassiruhu Then We will ease him



**RSLT** – prefixed result particle **FUT** – prefixed future particle *sa* 

V – 1st person plural (form II) imperfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حرف استقبال فعل مضارع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(92:7:2) lil'yus'rā towards [the] ease.



P – prefixed preposition *lām*N – genitive feminine singular noun



جار ومجرور

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(92:8:1) wa-ammā But as for	وَأَ <mark>مَّا</mark> EXL CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) EXL – explanation particle الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل
(92:8:2) man (him) who	مَن COND	COND – conditional noun
(92:8:3) bakhila withholds	بَخِلَ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(92:8:4) wa-is'taghnā and considers himself free from need,	و اَسْتَغُنَىٰ و دُاسْتَغُنَىٰ د CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form X) perfect verb الواو عاطفة

(92:9:1) wakadhaba And denies



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(92:9:2) bil-ḥus'nā the best,



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive feminine singular noun

جار ومجرور



(92:10:1) fasanuyassiruhu Then We will ease him



RSLT – prefixed result particle
 FUT – prefixed future particle sa
 V – 1st person plural (form II)
 imperfect verb
 PRON – 3rd person masculine
 singular object pronoun

الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط حرف استقبال حرف استقبال فعل مضارع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(92:10:2) lil'cus'rā towards [the] difficulty.



 ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition  $l\bar{a}m$ 

 ${\bf N}$  – genitive feminine noun

جار ومجرور



(92:11:1) wamā And not



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle

**NEG** – negative particle

الو او استئنافية حرف نفي

(92:11:2) yugh'nī will avail	يُغَنِى	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb
	V	فعل مضارع
(92:11:3) <sup>c</sup> anhu him	عَنْهُ	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun
	PRON P	جار ومجرور
(92:11:4) māluhu his wealth	مَالُهُ	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun
	PRON N	اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(92:11:5) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(92:11:6) taraddā		<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) perfect verb
he falls.		فعل ماض
	تَرَدَّیَ	
	• V	
(92:12:1) inna	ٳڹۜٞ	ACC – accusative particle
Indeed,	ACC	حرف نصب

(92:12:2)**P** – preposition PRON – 1st person plural object calaynā upon Us pronoun PRON جار ومجرور (92:12:3)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* N – accusative masculine noun lalhudā (is) the guidance. اللام لام التوكيد اسم منصوب **EMPH** (92:13:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **ACC** – accusative particle wa-inna And indeed, الواو عاطفة CONJ حر ف نصب (92:13:2)**P** – prefixed preposition *lām* **PRON** – 1st person plural personal lanā for Us pronoun PRON جار ومجرور (92:13:3)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* N – accusative feminine singular noun lalākhirata (is) the Hereafter اللام لام التوكيد

اسم منصوب

(92:13:4) wal-ūlā and the first (life).



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **N** – accusative feminine noun

الواو عاطفة اسم منصوب



(92:14:1) fa-andhartukum So I warn you



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 1st person singular (form IV) perfect verb

PRON – subject pronoun
PRON – 2nd person masculine plural object pronoun

الفاء استئنافية فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(92:14:2) nāran (of) a Fire



**N** – accusative feminine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب

(92:14:3) talazzā blazing,



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(92:15:1) Iā Not	NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(92:15:2) yaşlāhā will burn (in) it	يَصُلَنْهَآ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun  فعل مضارع و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(92:15:3) illā except	الًا RES	RES – restriction particle أداة حصر

(92:15:4) I-ashqā the most wretched,



**N** – nominative masculine singular noun

اسم مرفوع



(92:16:1) alladhī The one who



**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(92:16:2) kadhaba denied



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

فعل ماض

(92:16:3) watawallā and turned away.



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular(form V) perfect verb



الواو عاطفة فعل ماض (92:17:1)wasayujannabuhā But will be removed from it



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) FUT - prefixed future particle sa **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) passive imperfect verb **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

الو او عاطفة حر ف استقبال فعل مضارع مبنى للمجهول و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(92:17:2)I-atqā the righteous,



**N** – nominative masculine singular noun

اسم مرفوع



(92:18:1)alladhī The one who



**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

(92:18:2)yu'tī gives



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb

(92:18:3) mālahu his wealth	مَالَهُ	<ul><li>N – accusative masculine noun</li><li>PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun</li></ul>
	PRON N	اسم منصوب و الهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(92:18:4) yatazakkā (to) purify himself,		<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form V) imperfect verb فعل مضار ع
	ؽؾؘۯؘػۜ <u>ؽ</u> ۫ؗ۫	
(92:19:1) wamā	وَمَا	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle
And not	NEG CONJ	الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(92:19:2) li-aḥadin	لأَحَد	<ul><li>P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i></li><li>N – genitive masculine indefinite noun</li></ul>
for anyone	N P	جار ومجرور
(92:19:3) cindahu with him	عِندَهُ	LOC – accusative location adverb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun
	PRON LOC	ظرف مكان منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(92:19:4) min	مِن	P – preposition حرف جر
any	P	حرف جر

(92:19:5) ni <sup>c</sup> 'matin favor	<u>تِّعُمَةٍ</u> N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine indefinite noun
(92:19:6) tuj'zā to be recompensed	ش تُجُزَی ن	V – 3rd person feminine singular passive imperfect verb فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول
(92:20:1) Ilā Except	EXP	EXP – exceptive particle
(92:20:2) b'tighāa seeking	اَبْتِغَآءَ N	N – accusative masculine (form VIII) verbal noun اسم منصوب
(92:20:3) wajhi (the) Countenance	وَ جُهِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun

(92:20:4) rabbihi (of) his Lord,



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(92:20:5) I-aclā the Most High.



ADJ - genitive masculine adjective

صفة مجرورة



(92:21:1) walasawfa And soon, surely



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* 

**FUT** – future particle

الواو عاطفة اللام لام التوكيد حرف استقبال

(92:21:2) yarḍā he will be pleased.



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع



# Chapter (93) sūrat I-duḥā (The Forenoon)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

Translation

#### Verse (93:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	, addio word	Cyrtax and morphology
(93:1:1) wal-ḍuḥā By the morning brightness,	وَ ٱلضُّحَىٰ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) N – genitive masculine noun  جار ومجرور
(93:2:1) wa-al-layli And the night	وَ ٱلَّيۡلِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine noun الواو عاطفة

Arabic word Syntax and morphology

(93:2:2) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(93:2:3) sajā it covers with darkness,	ش سَجَیٰ سَجَیٰ	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(93:3:1) mā Not	مًا NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(93:3:2) wadda <sup>c</sup> aka has forsaken you	<b>وَدَّعَكَ</b> • • • • • • • •	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(93:3:3) rabbuka your Lord	رَبُّكَ PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(93:3:4) wamā and not	وَمَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الو او عاطفة

(93:3:5) qalā He is displeased,		V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(93:4:1) walalākhiratu And surely the Hereafter	وَلَلْءَاخِرَةُ N EMPH REM	<b>REM</b> – prefixed resumption particle <b>EMPH</b> – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> <b>N</b> – nominative feminine singular noun
		الواو استئنافية الملام التوكيد اسم مرفوع
(93:4:2) khayrun (is) better	خَيرُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine singular indefinite noun
(93:4:3) laka for you	لَّكَ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(93:4:4) mina than	مِنَ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(93:4:5) I-ūlā the first.		<b>N</b> – genitive feminine noun
	ٱلۡأُولَٰٰ N	

(93:5:1) walasawfa And soon **REM** – prefixed resumption particle **EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lān* 

**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **FUT** – future particle

الواو استئنافية اللام لام التوكيد حرف استقبال

(93:5:2) yu<sup>c</sup>'ţīka will give you



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb
 PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل مضارع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(93:5:3) rabbuka your Lord



**N** – nominative masculine noun **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(93:5:4) fatarḍā then you will be satisfied.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل مضارع

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(93:6:1) alam Did not	أَلَمُ NEG INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif NEG – negative particle الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي
(93:6:2) yajid'ka He find you	يَجِدُك PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل مضارع مجزوم والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(93:6:3) yatīman an orphan	یتیمًا N	N – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun

(93:6:4) faāwā and give shelter?



CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(93:7:1) wawajadaka And He found you



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(93:7:2) dāllan lost,



 ${f N}$  – accusative masculine indefinite active participle

اسم منصوب

(93:7:3) fahadā so He guided,



CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض (93:8:1)wawajadaka And He found you



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(93:8:2)cāilan in need,



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite active participle

اسم منصوب

(93:8:3)fa-aghnā so He made selfsufficient.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb



الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض

(93:9:1)fa-ammā So as for



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **EXL** – explanation particle

REM EXL

الفاء استئنافية حرف تفصيل

(93:9:2)I-yatīma the orphan,



N – accusative masculine singular noun

(93:9:3)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **PRO** – prohibition particle falā then (do) not الفاء عاطفة CONJ حرف نهي PRO (93:9:4)V – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood taqhar oppress, فعل مضارع مجزوم (93:10:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **EXL** – explanation particle wa-ammā And as for الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل CONJ EXL (93:10:2)N – accusative masculine active participle l-sāila one who asks, (93:10:3)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) PRO - prohibition particle falā then (do) not

(93:10:4) tanhar repel, (93:11:1) wa-ammā But as for



**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

فعل مضارع مجزوم





**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **EXL** – explanation particle

الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل

(93:11:2) binic'mati (the) Favor



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive feminine noun

جار ومجرور

(93:11:3) rabbika (of) your Lord



N – genitive masculine nounPRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(93:11:4) faḥaddith narrate.



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb



الفاء استئنافية فعل أمر

## Chapter (94) sūrat I-sharḥ (The Opening Forth)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(94:1:1) alam Have not	اًلُمْ NEG INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative <i>alif</i> NEG – negative particle
		الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي
(94:1:2) nashraḥ We expanded	نَشْرَ حُ `	<b>V</b> – 1st person plural imperfect verb, jussive mood
•		فعل مضارع مجزوم
(94:1:3) laka for you	كُكُ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun
		جار ومجرور

(94:1:4) sadraka your breast?



N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم منصوب و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(94:2:1) wawaḍa<sup>c</sup>nā And We removed



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
V – 1st person plural perfect verb
PRON – subject pronoun

الو او عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(94:2:2) canka from you



P – preposition PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(94:2:3) wiz'raka your burden



feminine noun

PRON – 2nd

person masculine

singular

possessive

pronoun

**N** – accusative



اسم منصوب و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (94:3:1) alladhī Which



**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun



اسم موصول

(94:3:2) anqaḍa weighed upon



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

فعل ماض

(94:3:3) zahraka your back,



N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

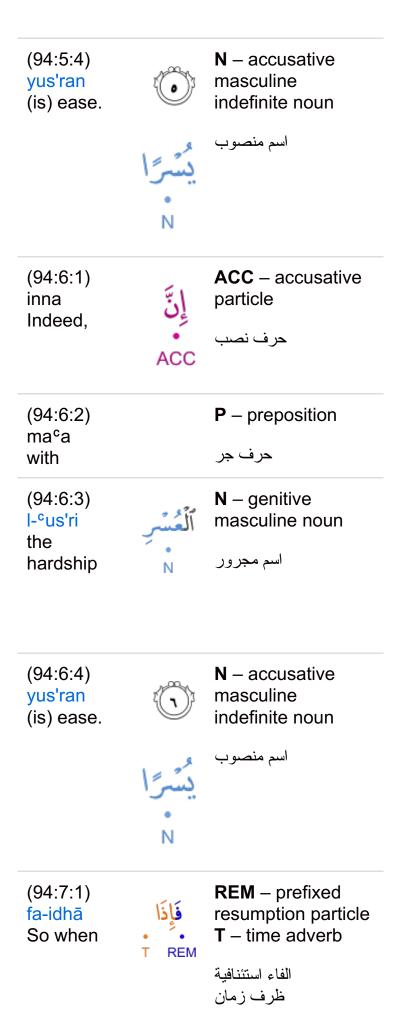
(94:4:1) warafa<sup>c</sup>nā And We raised high



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
V – 1st person plural perfect verb
PRON – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(94:4:2) laka for you	كَان PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine singular personal pronoun
		جار ومجرور
(94:4:3) dhik'raka your reputation	ذِکْرَكَ PRON N	N – accusative masculine verbal noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun
		اسم منصوب و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(94:5:1) fa-inna So indeed,	فَا <sub>لِ</sub> نَّ ACC CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction fa (and) ACC – accusative particle
(94:5:2) ma <sup>c</sup> a with		P – preposition حرف جر
VVILII		JJ-
(94:5:3) I- <sup>c</sup> us'ri the	ٱلْعُسْرِ	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
hardship	N	اسم مجرور



(94:7:2) faraghta you have finished



V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(94:7:3) fa-inṣab then labor hard.



RSLT – prefixed result particle V – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb



الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط الشرط فعل أمر

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(94:8:1) wa-ilā And to	وَ إِلَىٰ P CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) P – preposition  الواو عاطفة حرف جر
(94:8:2) rabbika your Lord	رَبِّكَ PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(94:8:3) fa-ir'ghab turn your attention.	هُارُغَب فارُغب V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction <i>fa</i> (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb الفاء عاطفة فعل أمر

## Chapter (95) sūrat I-tīn (The Fig)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (95:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(95:1:1) wal-tīni By the fig,	وَ ٱلتِّينِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath) N – genitive masculine noun → Fig
(95:1:2) wal- zaytūni and the olive,	وَ ٱلزَّيْتُونِ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine noun → Olive الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور

(95:2:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) N – genitive masculine noun  $\rightarrow$  Mount waţūri And (the) Sinai Mount الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور (95:2:2)**PN** – genitive proper noun sīnīna اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلاً من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع Sinai, PΝ **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (95:3:1)**DEM** – masculine singular wahādhā demonstrative pronoun And this الواو عاطفة DEM CONJ اسم اشارة N – genitive masculine noun (95:3:2)l-baladi [the] city, (95:3:3)**ADJ** – genitive masculine singular adjective l-amīni [the] صفة مجرورة secure,

**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* (95:4:1)لَقَدُ **CERT** – particle of certainty lagad Indeed, اللام لام التوكيد CERT EMPH حرف تحقيق V – 1st person plural perfect verb (95:4:2)**PRON** – subject pronoun khalaqnā We فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل created PRON (95:4:3)N – accusative masculine noun I-insāna man P - preposition (95:4:4)fī in N – genitive masculine singular noun (95:4:5)ahsani (the) best Ν (95:4:6)N – genitive masculine indefinite (form II) verbal noun taqwīmin mould.

(95:5:1) thumma Then



#### **CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

حرف عطف

(95:5:2) radadnāhu We returned him



V – 1st person plural perfect verb
 PRON – subject pronoun
 PRON – 3rd person masculine
 singular object pronoun

فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(95:5:3) asfala (to the) lowest



**LOC** – accusative masculine singular location adverb

ظرف مكان منصوب

(95:5:4) sāfilīna (of the) low,



**N** – genitive masculine plural active participle

اسم مجرور



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(95:6:1) illā Except	EXP	EXP – exceptive particle أداة استثناء
(95:6:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun
(95:6:3) āmanū believe	ء <b>َامَنُو</b> اْ • PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(95:6:4) wa <sup>c</sup> amilū and do	وَعَمِلُواْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

N – accusative feminine plural active (95:6:5)participle I-şāliḥāti righteous deeds, (95:6:6)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle P – prefixed preposition *lām* falahum then for them **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun REM **PRON** الفاء استئنافية جار ومجرور (95:6:7)N – nominative masculine indefinite noun ajrun (is a) reward اسم مرفوع **N** – nominative masculine noun (95:6:8)ghayru اسم مرفوع never N – genitive masculine indefinite passive (95:6:9)participle mamnūnin ending. اسم مجرور (95:7:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle famā **INTG** – interrogative noun Then what الفاء استئنافية REM INTG اسم استفهام

(95:7:2) yukadhibuka causes you to deny



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) imperfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل مضارع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(95:7:3) bacdu after (this)



T - time adverb

ظرف زمان

(95:7:4) bil-dīni the judgment?



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N - genitive masculine noun

جار ومجرور



(95:8:1) alaysa Is not



**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* 

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

الهمزة همزة استفهام «فعل ماض من اخوات «كان

(95:8:2) I-lahu Allah



**PN** – nominative proper noun → Allah

لفظ الجلالة مرفوع

(95:8:3) bi-aḥkami (the) Most Just



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

**N** – genitive masculine singular noun

جار ومجرور

(95:8:4)
I-ḥākimīna
(of) the
Judges?



 ${\bf N}$  – genitive masculine plural active participle

اسم مجرور



## Chapter (96) sūrat I-calaq (The Clot)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (96:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(96:1:1) iq'ra Read	<b>ٱقُ</b> رَأُ ٧	<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb
(96:1:2) bi-is'mi in (the) name	ڊاسم N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> N – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور

(96:1:3)**N** – genitive masculine noun **PRON** – 2nd person masculine rabbika (of) your Lord singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة **REL** – masculine singular relative (96:1:4)alladhī pronoun the One Who اسم موصول (96:1:5)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb khalaqa created -فعل ماض (96:2:1)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb khalaqa He created فعل ماض

(96:2:2)
I-insāna
man

N – accusative masculine noun
اسم منصوب

(96:2:3) min from



P - preposition

حرف جر

(96:2:4)

calaqin
a clinging
substance.



N – genitive masculine indefinite noun  $\rightarrow$  Alaq

اسم مجرور



(96:3:1) iq'ra Read,



**V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb

فعل أمر

(96:3:2) warabbuka and your Lord



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **N** – nominative masculine noun **PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

الواو استئنافية اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(96:3:3)l-akramu (is) the Most Generous, (96:4:1)alladhī The One Who REL (96:4:2)callama taught (96:4:3)

ADJ – nominative masculine singular adjective

صفة مرفوعة

**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

اسم موصول

**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

فعل ماض

bil-qalami by the pen,



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* 

N – genitive masculine noun  $\rightarrow$  Pen

جار ومجرور



(96:5:1) callama Taught



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb

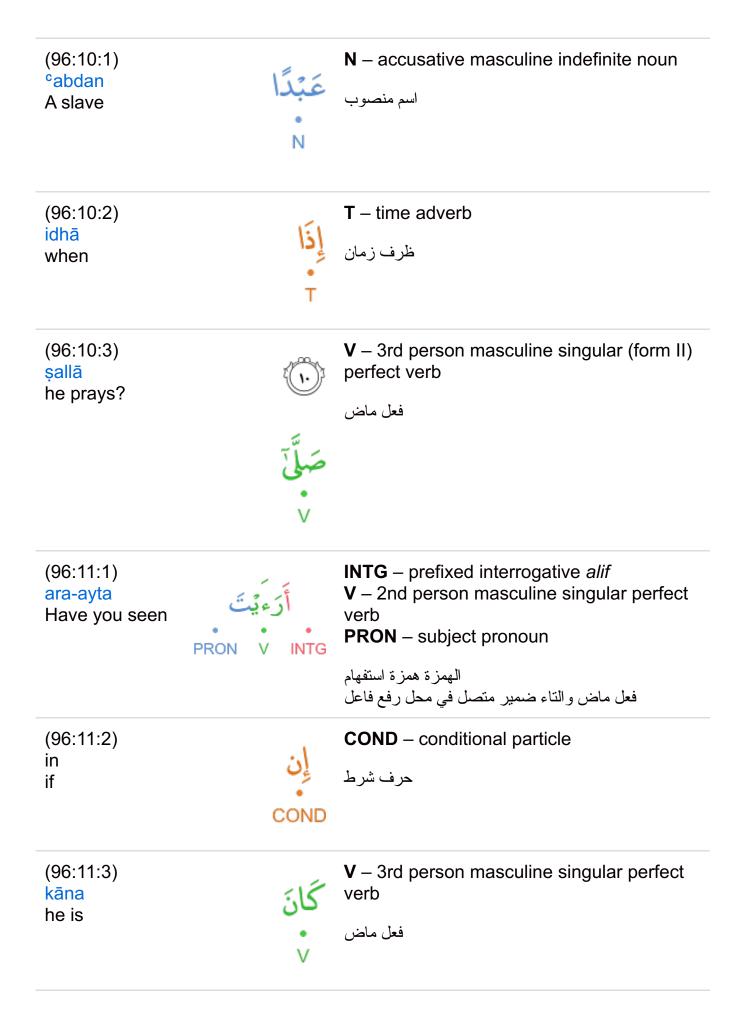
فعل ماض

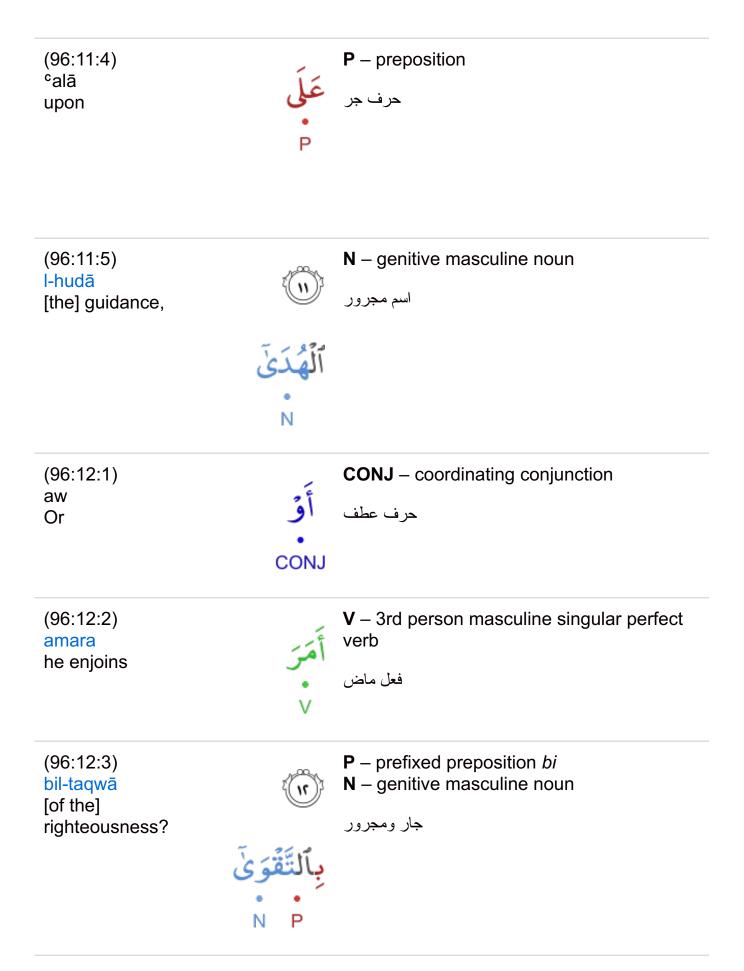
(96:5:2) I-insāna man	ٱلۡٳؚ۬ۮڛؘؽ ۩	N – accusative masculine noun
(96:5:3) mā what	REL	REL – relative pronoun
(96:5:4) lam not	لَمُ NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي
(96:5:5) ya <sup>c</sup> lam he knew.	گ يَعُلَمُ پ	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood فعل مضارع مجزوم
(96:6:1) kallā Nay!	كَلَّا AVR	AVR – aversion particle حرف ردع

(96:6:2) **ACC** – accusative particle inna Indeed, **ACC** (96:6:3)**N** – accusative masculine noun I-insāna man (96:6:4)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **V** – 3rd person masculine singular layatghā imperfect verb surely transgresses, اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع **EMPH** 

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(96:7:1) an That	أن SUB	SUB – subordinating conjunction حرف مصدر ي
(96:7:2) raāhu he sees himself	رَّءَاهُ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun معول به محل نصب مفعول به
(96:7:3) is'taghnā self-sufficient.	گ ٱستَغُنكَى ١ ٧	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form X) perfect verb فعل ماض
(96:8:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب

(96:8:2) ilā to		P – preposition حرف جر
(96:8:3) rabbika your Lord	رَبِّكَ PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالإضافة
(96:8:4) I-ruj' <sup>c</sup> ā (is) the return.	ال الرُّ جَعَيِّ	N – accusative feminine noun
(00:0:4)	N	INITO profits od into mo matis so alif
(96:9:1) ara-ayta Have you seen	أَرَء <b>َيْتَ</b> PRON V INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الهمزة همزة استفهام فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(96:9:2) alladhī the one who	ٱلَّذِي REL	REL – masculine singular relative pronoun
(96:9:3) yanhā forbids	ن يَنْهَىٰ يَنْهَىٰ	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع





Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(96:13:1) ara-ayta Have you seen	أُرَءَيْتَ	<ul> <li>INTG – prefixed interrogative alif</li> <li>V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verb</li> <li>PRON – subject pronoun</li> </ul>
30011	PRON V INTG	الهمزة همزة استفهام فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(96:13:2)	. 1	COND – conditional particle
in if	إِن	حرف شرط
	COND	
(96:13:3) kadhaba he denies	ػٙڐۜٮؘ	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb
	V	فعل ماض

(96:13:4) watawallā and turns away?



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)V – 3rd person masculine singular (form V)perfect verb



الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(96:14:1) alam Does not



INTG – prefixed interrogative alifNEG – negative particle

الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي

(96:14:2) yaclam he know



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

فعل مضارع مجزوم

(96:14:3) bi-anna that



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **ACC** – accusative particle

حرف جر «حرف نصب من اخوات «ان

(96:14:4) I-laha Allah



PN

**PN** – accusative proper noun → Allah

لفظ الجلالة منصوب

V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect (96:14:5)verb yarā sees? فعل مضارع (96:15:1)AVR - aversion particle kallā حرف ردع Nay! (96:15:2)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **COND** – conditional particle la-in lf اللام لام التوكيد COND حرف شرط (96:15:3)**NEG** – negative particle lam حرف نفي not NEG (96:15:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form VIII) imperfect verb, jussive mood yantahi he desists, فعل مضارع مجزوم (96:15:5)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* V – 1st person plural imperfect verb lanasfacan surely We will EMPH – emphatic suffix nūn EMPH drag him EMPH V اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع ونون التوكيد رسمت ألفًا

(96:15:6) bil-nāṣiyati by the forelock,



 ${f P}$  – prefixed preposition bi ${f N}$  – genitive feminine noun  $\rightarrow$  Forelock

جار ومجرور



(96:16:1) nāṣiyatin A forelock



N – genitive feminine indefinite noun → Forelock

اسم مجرور

(96:16:2) kādhibatin lying,



**ADJ** – genitive feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مجرورة

(96:16:3) khāţi-atin sinful.



**ADJ** – genitive feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مجرورة



(96:17:1) falyad<sup>c</sup>u Then let him call



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **IMPV** – prefixed imperative particle *lām* **V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

الفاء استئنافية الملام لام الامر فعل مضارع مجزوم

(96:17:2) nādiyahu his associates,



N – accusative masculine active participlePRON – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(96:18:1) sanad<sup>c</sup>u We will call



FUT – prefixed future particle saV – 1st person plural imperfect verb

حرف استقبال فعل مضارع

(96:18:2) I-zabāniyata the Angels of Hell.



**N** – accusative masculine plural noun

اسم منصوب



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(96:19:1) kallā Nay!	کَلّا AVR	AVR – aversion particle حرف ردع
(96:19:2) lā (Do) not	√ PRO	PRO – prohibition particle حرف نهي
(96:19:3) tuţi <sup>c</sup> 'hu obey him.	تُطِعَهُ PRON V	V – 2nd person masculine singular (form IV) imperfect verb, jussive mood PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  فعل مضارع مجزوم والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(96:19:4) wa-us'jud But prostrate	وَ ٱسۡجُٰدُ ۷ CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb الواو عاطفة
(96:19:5) wa-iq'tarib and draw near (to Allah).	وَ ٱقْتَرِب و رَاقَة رب د CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular (form VIII) imperative verb الواو عاطفة

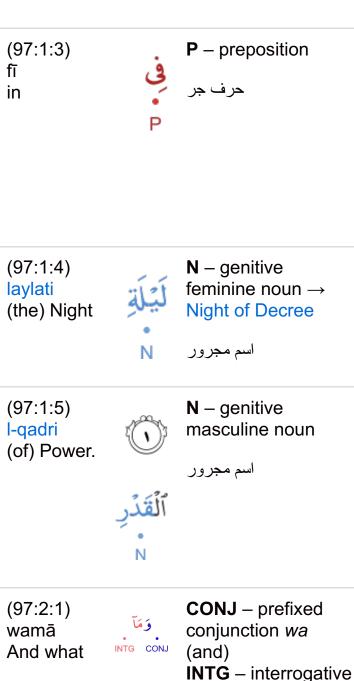
### **Chapter (97) sūrat I-qadr (The Night of Decree)**

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

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Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(97:1:1) innā Indeed, We	PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person plural object pronoun → Allah  عرف نصب و «نا» ضمیر متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان
(97:1:2) anzalnāhu revealed it	اَنزَلْنَهُ PRON PRON V	V – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun → Allah PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun → Quran  para deb فعل ماض و «نا» ضمیر متصل في محل رفع فاعل والهاء ضمیر متصل في محل نصب مفعول به





(97:2:2)adrāka can make you know (97:2:3)mā what (97:2:4)laylatu (the) Night



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به



**INTG** – interrogative noun



اسم استفهام



**N** – nominative feminine noun  $\rightarrow$ Night of Decree

اسم مرفوع

(97:2:5)I-qadri (of) Power (is)?



**N** – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



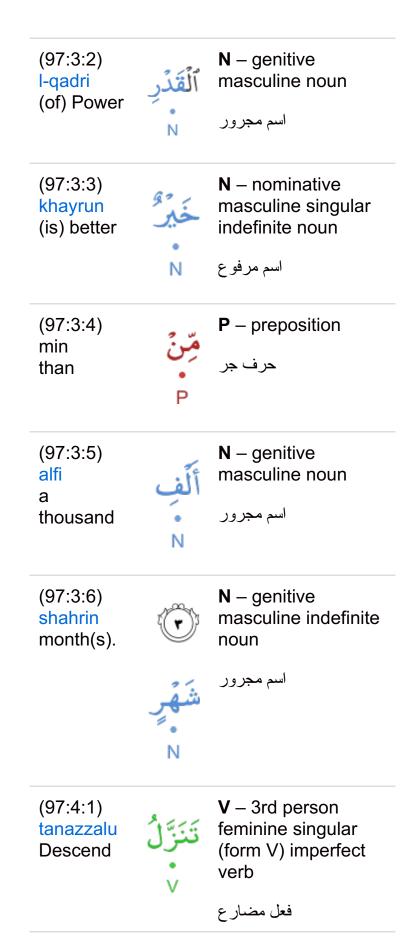


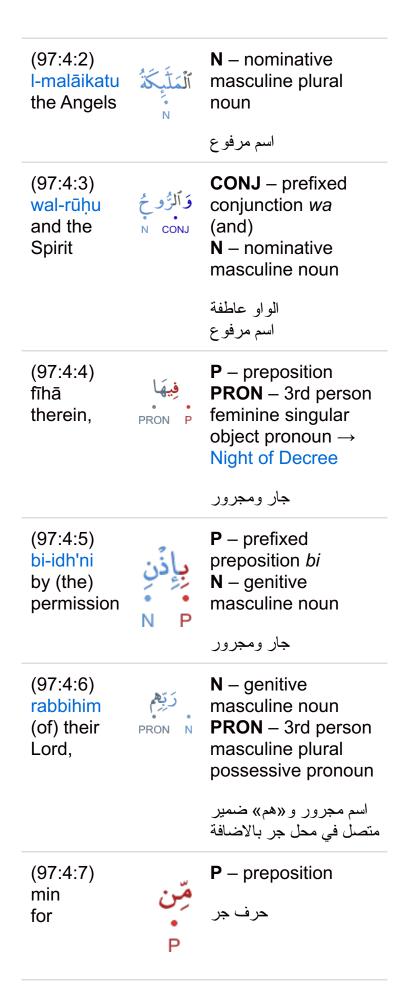
(97:3:1)laylatu (The) Night



**N** – nominative feminine noun → Night of Decree

اسم مرفوع





(97:4:8) kulli every



# **N** – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور

(97:4:9) amrin affair,



**N** – genitive masculine indefinite noun



اسم مجرور

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(97:5:1) salāmun Peace	سَلَمُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine indefinite noun
(97:5:2) hiya it (is)	هِی PRON	PRON – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun  → Night of Decree  ضمیر منفصل
(97:5:3) ḥattā until	حَتَّىٰ ٩	P – preposition حرف جر
(97:5:4) maţlaci (the) emergence	مَطْلَع N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(97:5:5) I-fajri (of) the dawn.	ُّنُ ٱلۡفَجۡرِ N	N – genitive masculine noun → Dawn اسم مجرور

## Chapter (98) sūrat I-bayinah (The Clear Evidence)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology	
(98:1:1) lam Not	لَمُ NEG	NEG – negative particle حرف نفي	
(98:1:2) yakuni were	یک <i>ن</i> ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood فعل مضارع مجزوم	
(98:1:3) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun اسم موصول	

(98:1:4) kafarū disbelieved	<b>کَفَرُواْ</b> PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(98:1:5) min from	<b>مِنُ</b> P	P – preposition حرف جر
(98:1:6) ahli (the) People	أَهْلِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun اسم مجرور
(98:1:7) I-kitābi of the Book	ٱلْكِتَٰبِ «	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun اسم مجرور
(98:1:8) wal- mush'rikīna and the polytheists,	وَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine plural (form IV) active participle
		الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور
(98:1:9) munfakkīna to be abandoned	مُنفَكِّينَ N	N – accusative masculine plural (form VII) active participle
		اسم منصوب

(98:1:10) ḥattā until



**P** – preposition

حر ف جر

(98:1:11) tatiyahumu (there) comes to them



V – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb, subjunctive mood PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل مضارع منصوب و «هم» ضمیر متصل فی محل نصب مفعول به

(98:1:12) I-bayinatu the clear evidence,



**N** – nominative feminine singular noun



اسم مرفوع

(98:2:1) rasūlun A Messenger



**N** – nominative masculine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(98:2:2) mina from



P - preposition

حرف جر

**PN** – genitive (98:2:3)I-lahi proper noun → Allah Allah, PΝ لفظ الجلالة مجرور (98:2:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine yatlū reciting singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع (98:2:5)N - accusative plural indefinite șuḥufan pages noun Ν اسم منصوب (98:2:6)

mutahharatan purified,



**ADJ** – accusative feminine indefinite (form II) passive participle



صفة منصوبة

(98:3:1) fīhā Wherein



**P** – preposition PRON - 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(98:3:2)**N** – nominative kutubun masculine plural (are) writings indefinite noun اسم مرفوع ADJ -(98:3:3)nominative qayyimatun feminine correct. indefinite adjective صفة مرفوعة **CONJ** – prefixed (98:4:1)وَمَا wamā conjunction wa NEG CONJ And not (and) **NEG** – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي **V** – 3rd person (98:4:2)masculine tafarraqa singular (form V) became perfect verb divided فعل ماض (98:4:3)**REL** – masculine

alladhīna those who plural relative

pronoun

اسم موصول

(98:4:4)**V** – 3rd person ūtū masculine plural (form IV) passive were given perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع نائب فاعل N – accusative (98:4:5)masculine noun I-kitāba the Book, اسم منصوب **CERT** – particle (98:4:6)illā of certainty until حرف تحقيق CERT  ${f P}$  – preposition (98:4:7)min from **N** – genitive noun (98:4:8)

ba<sup>c</sup>di after (98:4:9) mā what



**REL** – relative pronoun



اسم موصول

(98:4:10) jāathumu came (to) them



V – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل ماض و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(98:4:11)

I-bayinatu
(of) the clear evidence.



**N** – nominative feminine singular noun



اسم مرفوع

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(98:5:1) wamā And not	وَ مَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction <i>wa</i> (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(98:5:2) umirū they were commanded	أُمِرُ وَ ا PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural passive perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض مبني للمجهول والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع نائب فاعل
(98:5:3) illā except	اِلّا CERT	CERT – particle of certainty حرف تحقیق
(98:5:4) liya <sup>c</sup> budū to worship	لِيَعَبُدُواْ PRON V PRP	PRP – prefixed particle of purpose lām V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb, subjunctive mood PRON – subject pronoun  اللام لام التعليل فعل مضارع منصوب والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(98:5:5) I-laha Allah	اَللَّهُ PN	PN – accusative proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة منصوب
(98:5:6) mukh'liṣīna (being) sincere	مُخَلِصِينَ N	N – accusative masculine plural (form IV) active participle
(98:5:7) lahu to Him	كُلُ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(98:5:8) I-dīna (in) the religion,	<b>ٱلدِّينَ</b> Ñ	N – accusative masculine noun اسم منصوب
(98:5:9) hunafāa upright,	حُنَفَآء N	N – accusative masculine plural noun اسم منصوب
(98:5:10) wayuqīmū and to establish	وَيُقِيمُواْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع منصوب والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

N – accusative feminine noun (98:5:11) I-salata the prayer, **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) (98:5:12) wayu'tū **V** – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) imperfect verb, subjunctive mood and to give CONJ **PRON** – subject pronoun الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع منصوب والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (98:5:13) N – accusative feminine noun I-zakata the zakah (98:5:14) **REM** – prefixed resumption particle **DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative wadhālika And that pronoun الواو استئنافية DEM اسم اشارة (98:5:15)**N** – nominative masculine noun dīnu اسم مرفوع (is the) religion N – genitive feminine noun (98:5:16)**I-qayimati** اسم مجرور the correct.

(98:6:1) inna Indeed,	<b>إِنَّ</b> ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(98:6:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun
(98:6:3) kafarū disbelieve	<b>کَفَرُواْ</b> • • • •	V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(98:6:4) min from	مِنُ P	P – preposition حرف جر
(98:6:5) ahli (the) People	أَهْلِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(98:6:6) I-kitābi (of) the Book	ٱلْكِتَٰبِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun

(98:6:7) wal- mush'rikīna and the polytheists	<b>وَ ٱلْمُشْرِ كِينَ</b> N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – genitive masculine plural (form IV) active participle الواو عاطفة
(98:6:8) fī (will be) in		P – preposition حرف جر
(98:6:9) nāri (the) Fire	نَارِ «	N – genitive feminine noun اسم مجرور
(98:6:10) jahannama (of) Hell	جَهَنَّمَ PN	$\mathbf{PN}$ – genitive proper noun $\rightarrow$ Hell اسم علم مجرور بالفتحة بدلاً من الكسرة لأنه ممنوع من الصرف
(98:6:11) khālidīna abiding eternally	خَلِدِينَ N	N – accusative masculine plural active participle
(98:6:12) fīhā	ة. هُ	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object

**DEM** – plural demonstrative pronoun (98:6:13) ulāika اسم اشارة Those -DEM (98:6:14) **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal hum pronoun they ضمير منفصل **PRON** N – nominative masculine singular noun (98:6:15)sharru اسم مرفوع (are the) worst (98:6:16)**N** – genitive feminine noun **I-bariyati** (of) the اسم مجرور creatures.

#### Verse (98:7) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(98:7:1) inna Indeed,	<b>إِنَّ</b> ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب
(98:7:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun اسم موصول
(98:7:3) āmanū believe	ء <b>َامَنُو</b> اْ PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (98:7:4)wa<sup>c</sup>amilū (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural and do perfect verb PRON CONJ PRON - subject pronoun الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **N** – accusative feminine plural (98:7:5)active participle I-şāliḥāti righteous اسم منصوب deeds, **DEM** – plural demonstrative (98:7:6)ulāika pronoun those -اسم اشارة DEM (98:7:7)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine hum plural personal pronoun they ضمير منفصل **PRON N** – nominative masculine singular (98:7:8)khayru noun (are the) اسم مرفوع best

(98:7:9)

I-bariyati
(of) the
creatures.



#### **N** – genitive feminine noun

اسم مجرور



(98:8:1) jazāuhum Their reward



**N** – nominative masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر المحافة

(98:8:2) cinda (is) with



**LOC** – accusative location adverb

ظرف مكان منصوب

(98:8:3) rabbihim their Lord -



N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(98:8:4) jannātu Gardens	جَنّْتُ • N	N – nominative feminine plural noun → Garden of Eden اسم مرفوع
(98:8:5) cadnin (of) Eternity,	عَدْنٍ PN	PN – genitive proper noun اسم علم مجرور
(98:8:6) tajrī flow	تَجُرِی • ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb
(98:8:7) min from	<u>م</u> ن P	P – preposition حرف جر
(98:8:8) taḥtihā underneath them	تَحْتِهَا PRON N	N – genitive noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun اسم مجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(98:8:9) I-anhāru the rivers,	ٱلْمَأَنَّهُٰرُ N	N – nominative masculine plural noun

(98:8:10) khālidīna will abide	خَلِدِينَ N	N – accusative masculine plural active participle
(98:8:11) fīhā therein	فِيهَا PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun جار ومجرور
(98:8:12) abadan forever.	أَبَدًا †	T – accusative masculine indefinite time adverb  ظرف زمان منصوب
(98:8:13) raḍiya (will be) pleased	رَّضِی ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(98:8:14) I-lahu Allah	اُللَّهُ PN	PN – nominative proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مرفوع
(98:8:15) canhum with them	عَنْهُمُ PRON P	P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun جار ومجرور

(98:8:16)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa waradū (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural and they (will CONJ be) pleased perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun الو او عاطفة فعل ماض و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل **P** – preposition (98:8:17) **PRON** – 3rd person masculine canhu with Him. singular object pronoun PRON جار ومجرور **DEM** – masculine singular (98:8:18) dhālika demonstrative pronoun That اسم اشارة DEM **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (98:8:19)**REL** – relative pronoun liman (is) for جار ومجرور whoever (98:8:20)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular khashiya perfect verb feared فعل ماض **N** – accusative masculine noun (98:8:21) rabbahu **PRON** – 3rd person masculine his Lord. singular possessive pronoun اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالإضافة PRON

# Chapter (99) sūrat I-zalzalah (The Earthquake)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology	_
(99:1:1) idhā		<b>T</b> – time adverb	
When		ظرف زمان	
(99:1:2) zul'zilati is shaken	زُلۡزِلَتِ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular passive perfect verb	
		فعل ماض مبني للمجهول	_
(99:1:3) I-arḍu the earth	ٱلۡأَرۡضُ	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine noun → Earth	
tile Gaitii	N	اسم مر فو ع	
(99:1:4)	N-202-1	<b>N</b> – accusative	
zil'zālahā (with) its		masculine noun PRON – 3rd	
earthquake,		person feminine	
	زِلْزَالَهَا PRON N	singular possessive pronoun	
	THON IN	اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة	

(99:2:1) wa- akhrajati And brings forth	<b>وَ</b> أَخْرَ جَتِ V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person feminine singular (form IV) perfect verb  الواو عاطفة
(99:2:2) I-arḍu the earth	ٱلۡأَرۡضُ N	N – nominative feminine noun → Earth
(99:2:3) athqālahā its burdens,	الثقالة PRON N	N – accusative masculine plural noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun  الله منصوب و «ها» ضمير منصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(99:3:1) waqāla And says	<b>وَقَالَ</b> v conj	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(99:3:2) I-insānu man,	ٱلۡٳؚڹڛؘؽؙ ۘؗ۩	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun اسم مرفوع

(99:3:3) mā "What



# **INTG** – interrogative noun



اسم استفهام

(99:3:4) lahā (is) with it?"



P – prefixed preposition *lām* PRON – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun

PRON P

جار ومجرور

(99:4:1) yawmaidhin That Day,



**T** – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(99:4:2) tuḥaddithu it will report



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular (form II) imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(99:4:3) akhbārahā its news,



N – accusative masculine plural noun PRON – 3rd



**PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (99:5:1) bi-anna Because



P – prefixed preposition *bi*ACC – accusative particle

حرف جر حرف نصب من اخوات ««ان

(99:5:2) rabbaka your Lord



N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(99:5:3) awḥā inspired



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

فعل ماض

(99:5:4) lahā [to] it.



P – prefixed preposition *lām* PRON – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun



جار ومجرور

(99:6:1) yawmaidhin That Day



**T** – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(99:6:2) yaşduru will proceed	يَصِّدُرُ • •	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb
		فعل مضارع
(99:6:3) I-nāsu the mankind	ٱلنَّاسُ	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine plural noun
mankinu	IN	اسم مرفوع
(99:6:4) ashtātan (in) scattered	أَشۡتَاتًا	N – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun
groups	N	اسم منصوب
(99:6:5) liyuraw to be shown	لِّمُوْدُ PRON V PRP	PRP – prefixed particle of purpose lām V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) passive imperfect verb, subjunctive mood PRON – subject pronoun
		اللام لام التعليل فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول منصوب والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع نائب فاعل

(99:6:6) a<sup>c</sup>mālahum their deeds.



N – accusative masculine plural noun PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(99:7:1) faman So whoever



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **COND** – conditional noun

الفاء استئنافية اسم شرط

(99:7:2) ya<sup>c</sup>mal does



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

فعل مضارع مجزوم

(99:7:3) mith'qāla (equal to the) weight



N – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب

(99:7:4) dharratin (of) an atom	<b>ذ</b> رَّ ۾ N	N – genitive feminine indefinite noun
(99:7:5) khayran good,	خَيرًا N	N – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun
(99:7:6) yarahu will see it,		V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  مخار ع مجزوم والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(99:8:1) waman And whoever	وَمَن COND CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) COND – conditional noun الواو عاطفة
(99:8:2) ya <sup>c</sup> mal does	يَعُمَلُ °	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood  فعل مضارع مجزوم
(99:8:3) mith'qāla (equal to the) weight	مِثُقَالَ N	N – accusative masculine noun

<b>ذَرَّ</b> َوْ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine indefinite noun
شَرًا N	N – accusative masculine singular indefinite noun
يَرَهُرُ	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  معل مضارع مجزوم والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
	ذَرَّةٍ الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل

# Chapter (100) sūrat I-cādiyāt (Those That Run)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (100:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(100:1:1) wal- <sup>c</sup> ādiyāti By the racers	وَ ٱلْغَدِيَّتِ N P	<ul> <li>P – prefixed preposition wa (oath)</li> <li>N – genitive feminine plural active participle</li> </ul>
(100:1:2) dabhan panting,	ضَّبُحًا ضَبْحًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun اسم منصوب

(100:2:1) fal-mūriyāti And the producers of sparks,



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

**N** – genitive feminine plural (form IV) active participle

الفاء عاطفة اسم مجرور

(100:2:2) qadḥan striking



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(100:3:1) fal-mughīrāti And the chargers



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

N – genitive feminine plural (form IV) active participle

الفاء عاطفة اسم مجرور

(100:3:2) sub'ḥan (at) dawn,



**T** – accusative masculine indefinite time adverb → Dawn

ظرف زمان منصوب



(100:4:1) fa-atharna Then raise



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

V – 3rd person feminine plural (form IV) perfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض والنون ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (100:4:2) bihi thereby



**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

(100:4:3) naq<sup>c</sup>an dust,



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun → Dust

اسم منصوب



(100:5:1)
fawasaṭna
Then penetrate
(in the) center



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and)

V – 3rd person feminine plural perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و النون ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(100:5:2) bihi thereby



P – prefixed preposition *bi*PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

جار ومجرور

(100:5:3) jamcan collectively



**N** – accusative masculine indefinite noun

اسم منصوب



(100:6:1)**ACC** – accusative particle inna Indeed, (100:6:2)N – accusative masculine noun I-insāna mankind, **P** – prefixed preposition *lām* (100:6:3)N – genitive masculine noun lirabbihi **PRON** – 3rd person masculine to his Lord, singular possessive pronoun جار ومجرور والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (100:6:4)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lakanūdun **N** – nominative masculine singular indefinite noun (is) surely ungrateful. اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع **EMPH** (100:7:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wa-innahu (and) ACC - accusative particle And indeed, he PRON ACC CONJ **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun الواو عاطفة حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل «نصب اسم «ان

**P** – preposition (100:7:2)calā on (100:7:3)**DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun dhālika that اسم اشارة DEM (100:7:4)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lashahīdun **N** – nominative masculine surely (is) a singular indefinite noun witness, اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع

**EMPH** 

### Verse (100:8) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(100:8:1) wa-innahu And indeed he	وَ إِنَّهُو PRON ACC CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun
		الواو عاطفة حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب «ان
(100:8:2) liḥubbi in (the) love	لِحُبِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> N – genitive masculine noun  جار ومجرور
(100:8:3) I-khayri (of) wealth	ٱلۡخَيۡرِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun
	Dog	o 117

(100:8:4)**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* lashadīdun **N** – nominative masculine singular (is) surely indefinite noun intense. اللام لام التوكيد **EMPH** (100:9:1)**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* afalā **SUP** – prefixed supplemental particle But does **NEG** SUP INTG **NEG** – negative particle not الهمزة همزة استفهام الفاء ز ائدة حرف نفي **V** – 3rd person masculine singular (100:9:2)yaclamu imperfect verb he know فعل مضارع (100:9:3)T – time adverb idhā ظرف زمان when (100:9:4)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular bu<sup>c</sup>'thira passive perfect verb will be فعل ماض مبنى للمجهول scattered

(100:9:5) mā what	مَا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(100:9:6) fī (is) in		P – preposition حرف جر
(100:9:7) I-qubūri the graves,	الگُنُورِ الگُنُورِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine plural noun
(100:10:1) waḥuṣṣila And is made apparent	<b>وَحُصِّلَ</b> V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) passive perfect verb  الواو عاطفة
(100:10:2) mā what	مًا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(100:10:3) fī (is) in		P – preposition حرف جر

(100:10:4)N – genitive masculine plural noun l-şudūri the اسم مجرور breasts? (100:11:1) ACC - accusative particle inna Indeed, (100:11:2) **N** – accusative masculine noun rabbahum **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun their Lord اسم منصوب و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر PRON بالاضافة (100:11:3)**P** – prefixed preposition *bi* bihim **PRON** – 3rd person masculine about plural personal pronoun them, **PRON** جار ومجرور **T** – time adverb (100:11:4)yawma-ظرف زمان idhin that Day,

(100:11:5) lakhabīrun (is) surely All-Aware.



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **N** – nominative masculine singular indefinite noun



اللام لام التوكيد اسم مرفوع

# Chapter (101) sūrat I-qāricah (The Striking Hour)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (101:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(101:1:1) al-qāri <sup>c</sup> atu The Striking Calamity!		<b>N</b> – nominative feminine noun
	ٱ <b>لْقَ</b> ارِعَ <b>ةُ</b> ١٩	
(101:2:1) mā What	مًا INTG	INTG – interrogative noun

(101:2:2)
I-qāricatu
(is) the Striking
Calamity?



N – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع



(101:3:1) wamā And what



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **INTG** – interrogative noun

الو او عاطفة اسم استفهام

(101:3:2) adrāka will make you know



 V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb
 PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض والكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(101:3:3) mā what



**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

(101:3:4)
I-qāricatu
(is) the Striking
Calamity?



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع



(101:4:1) yawma (The) Day	يَوُ مَ T	T – accusative masculine time adverb  ظرف زمان منصوب
(101:4:2) yakūnu will be	يَكُونُ <sup>٧</sup>	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb  فعل مضار ع
(101:4:3) I-nāsu the mankind	ٱلنَّاسُ N	N – nominative masculine plural noun
(101:4:4) kal-farāshi like moths,	<b>كَٱلْ</b> فَرَاشِ N P	<ul> <li>P – prefixed preposition ka</li> <li>N – genitive masculine noun</li> </ul>
(101:4:5) I-mabthūthi scattered,	الگُمَبُثُوثِ ٱلۡمَبُثُوثِ ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine passive participle مصفة مجرورة
(101:5:1) watakūnu And will be	<b>وَتَكُونُ</b> ۷ CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb  الواو عاطفة

**N** – nominative masculine plural (101:5:2)l-jibālu noun the mountains اسم مرفوع (101:5:3)P – prefixed preposition ka N – genitive masculine noun kal-cih'ni like wool, جار ومجرور ADJ – genitive masculine passive (101:5:4)l-manfūshi participle fluffed up. صفة مجرورة (101:6:1)**REM** – prefixed resumption particle فَأَمَّا fa-ammā **EXL** – explanation particle Then as for الفاء استئنافية EXL REM حرف تفصيل (101:6:2)**COND** – conditional noun man اسم شرط (him) whose COND (101:6:3)V – 3rd person feminine singular thaqulat perfect verb (are) heavy



فعل ماض

#### Translation

Arabic word

Syntax and morphology

(101:6:4) mawāzīnuhu his scales,



**N** – nominative masculine plural noun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(101:7:1) fahuwa Then he



**RSLT** – prefixed result particle **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

الفاء و اقعة في جو اب الشرط ضمير منفصل

(101:7:2)

(will be) in

 ${\boldsymbol P}-\text{preposition}$ 

حرف جر

(101:7:3) cīshatin a life,



**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(101:7:4) rāḍiyatin pleasant.



**ADJ** – genitive feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مجرورة



(101:8:1) wa-ammā But as for



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**EXL** – explanation particle

الواو عاطفة حرف تفصيل

(101:8:2) man (him) whose



**COND** – conditional noun

اسم شرط

(101:8:3) khaffat (are) light



**V** – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض

(101:8:4) mawāzīnuhu his scales,



**N** – nominative masculine plural noun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun



اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (101:9:1) fa-ummuhu His abode



**RSLT** – prefixed result particle **N** – nominative feminine singular noun

**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط السم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(101:9:2) hāwiyatun (will be the) Pit.



**N** – nominative feminine indefinite active participle

اسم مرفوع



(101:10:1) wamā And what



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**INTG** – interrogative noun

الو او عاطفة اسم استفهام

(101:10:2) adrāka will make you know



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب معول به

(101:10:3) mā what



**INTG** – interrogative noun

اسم استفهام

(101:10:4)hiyah it is? (101:11:1) nārun A Fire,



### **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل





 ${\bf N}$  – nominative feminine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع

(101:11:2)**ḥāmiyatun** intensely hot.



**ADJ** – nominative feminine indefinite active participle

صفة مرفوعة



# Chapter (102) sūrat I-takāthur (The piling Up)

corpus.quran.com/wordbyword.jsp

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



(102:2:2) zur'tumu you visit



V – 2nd person masculine plural perfect verbPRON – subject pronoun

فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(102:2:3) I-maqābira the graves.



**N** – accusative masculine plural noun



اسم منصوب

(102:3:1) kallā Nay!



**AVR** – aversion particle



حرف ردع

(102:3:2) sawfa Soon



**FUT** – future particle



حرف استقبال

(102:3:3) taclamūna you will know.



V – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

CONJ -(102:4:1)coordinating thumma conjunction Then, CONJ حرف عطف (102:4:2)**AVR** – aversion kallā particle nay! حرف ردع **AVR FUT** – future (102:4:3)sawfa particle Soon حرف استقبال (102:4:4)**V** – 2nd person taclamūna masculine plural you will imperfect verb **PRON** – subject know. pronoun فعل مضارع والواو PRON V ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل (102:5:1)**AVR** – aversion particle kallā Nay! حرف ردع **AVR** (102:5:2)COND conditional particle law lf

حرف شرط

COND

(102:5:3) ta<sup>c</sup>lamūna you know

تَعُلَمُونَ عُلَمُونَ PRON V V – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع و الو او ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(102:5:4)
cil'ma
(with) a
knowledge



**N** – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب

(102:5:5) I-yaqīni (of) certainty.



N – genitive masculine singular noun



اسم مجرور

(102:6:1) latarawunna Surely you will see



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* **V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb **EMPH** – emphatic suffix *nūn* 

اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع والنون للتوكيد (102:6:2) I-jaḥīma the Hellfire.



### N – accusative feminine noun



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(102:7:1) thumma Then	CONJ	CONJ – coordinating conjunction حرف عطف
(102:7:2) latarawunnahā surely you will see it	لَّرَوُنَّهَا PRON EMPH V EMPH	<b>EMPH</b> – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> <b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb <b>EMPH</b> – emphatic suffix <i>nūn</i> <b>PRON</b> – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun
		اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع و النون للتوكيد و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(102:7:3) cayna (with the) eye	عَ <u>يْنَ</u> N	N – accusative feminine noun → Eye اسم منصوب

(102:7:4)I-yaqīni (of) certainty.



N – genitive masculine singular noun

اسم مجرور



(102:8:1)thumma Then,



**CONJ** – coordinating conjunction

(102:8:2)latus'alunna surely you will be asked



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* V – 2nd person masculine plural passive imperfect verb **EMPH** – emphatic suffix *nūn* 

اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع مبنى للمجهول والنون للتوكيد

(102:8:3)yawma-idhin that Day



T – time adverb

ظرف زمان

(102:8:4)cani about



P – preposition حرف جر

(102:8:5) I-na<sup>c</sup>īmi the pleasures.



### ${\bf N}$ – genitive masculine noun



# Chapter (103) sūrat I-caṣr (Time)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (103:1) - Word by Word

Welcome to the Quranic Arabic Corpus, an annotated linguistic resource which shows the Arabic grammar, syntax and morphology for each word in the Holy Quran. Click on an Arabic word below to see details of the word's grammar, or to suggest a correction.



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(103:1:1) wal- <sup>c</sup> aṣri By the time,	وَ ٱلْعَصْرِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>wa</i> (oath)  N – genitive masculine noun  جار ومجرور
(103:2:1) inna Indeed,	اِنَّ ACC	ACC – accusative particle حرف نصب

(103:2:2) I-insāna mankind	ٱلۡإِنسَنَ N	N – accusative masculine noun
(103:2:3) lafī (is) surely, in	لَفِی • • • EMPH	EMPH – emphatic prefix <i>lām</i> P – preposition  اللام لام التوكيد اللام عرف جر
(103:2:4) khus'rin loss,	ک خُسْرٍ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite noun
(103:3:1) illā Except	EXP	EXP – exceptive particle
(103:3:2) alladhīna those who	ٱلَّذِينَ REL	REL – masculine plural relative pronoun اسم موصول
(103:3:3) āmanū believe	ءَا <mark>مَنُواْ</mark> PRON V	V – 3rd person masculine plural (form IV) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(103:3:4) wa <sup>c</sup> amilū and do	وَعَمِلُواْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع
(103:3:5) I-ṣāliḥāti righteous deeds	الصَّلِختِ N	N – accusative feminine plural active participle اسم منصوب
(103:3:6) watawāṣaw and enjoin (each other)	وَ تَوَاصَوَاْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع
(103:3:7) bil-ḥaqi to the truth	بِٱلۡحَقِّ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> <b>N</b> – genitive masculine noun
(103:3:8) watawāṣaw and enjoin (each other)	وَ تَوَاصَوُاْ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine plural (form VI) perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض و الواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع

(103:3:9) bil-şabri to [the] patience.



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine noun



#### Chapter (104) sūrat I-humazah (The Slanderer)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology	
(104:1:1) waylun Woe	وَيُلُ N	N – nominative masculine indefinite noun	
(104:1:2) likulli to every	ڵؚػؙڵؚ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> N – genitive masculine noun	
(104:1:3) humazatin slanderer	هُمَزَةٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun	

(104:1:4) lumazatin backbiter!



**N** – genitive feminine indefinite noun



اسم مجرور

(104:2:1) alladhī The one who



REL – masculine singular relative pronoun

REL

اسم موصول

(104:2:2) jamaca collects



V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb

فعل ماض

(104:2:3) mālan wealth



N – accusative masculine indefinite noun



اسم منصوب

(104:2:4) wa<sup>c</sup>addadahu and counts it.



CONJ –
prefixed
conjunction wa
(and)

وَعَدَّدَهُ PRON V CONJ V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(104:3:1) yaḥsabu Thinking



V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(104:3:2) anna that



ACC – accusative particle

ACC

حرف نصب من «اخوات «ان

(104:3:3) mālahu his wealth



N – accusative masculine noun PRON – 3rd

person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (104:3:4) akhladahu will make him immortal



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun

أَخُلَدَهُ PRON V

> فعل ماض والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(104:4:1) kallā Nay!



**AVR** – aversion particle



حرف ردع

(104:4:2)
layunbadhanna
Surely he will
be thrown



**EMPH** – emphatic prefix *lām* 

V – 3rd person masculine singular passive imperfect verb **EMPH** – emphatic suffix  $n\bar{u}n$ 

اللام لام التوكيد فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول والنون للتوكيد

(104:4:3)

in

**P** – preposition

حرف جر

(104:4:4) I-ḥuṭamati the Crusher.



## **N** – genitive feminine noun

اسم مجرور

ٱلْحُطَمَةِ «

(104:5:1) wamā And what



CONJ –
prefixed
conjunction wa
(and)
INTG –

interrogative noun

الو او عاطفة اسم استفهام

(104:5:2) adrāka will make you know



V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun

فعل ماض و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(104:5:3) mā what



**INTG** – interrogative noun



اسم استفهام

(104:5:4) I-ḥuṭamatu the Crusher (is)?



**N** – nominative feminine noun

اسم مرفوع

ٱلْحُطَمَةُ N

(104:6:1) nāru A Fire



**N** – nominative feminine noun



اسم مرفوع

(104:6:2) I-lahi Allah



**PN** – genitive proper noun → Allah



لفظ الجلالة مجرور

(104:6:3) I-mūqadatu kindled,



ADJ – nominative feminine (form IV) passive participle

**مُوقَّدُ:** ADJ

صفة مرفوعة

#### Verse (104:7) - Word by Word

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(104:7:1) allatī Which	ٱلَّتِی REL	REL – feminine singular relative pronoun اسم موصول
(104:7:2) taṭṭali <sup>c</sup> u mounts up	تَطَّلِعُ ۷	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular (form VIII) imperfect verb فعل مضار ع
(104:7:3) °alā to	عَلَى ٩	P – preposition حرف جر

(104:7:4) I-afidati the hearts.



N – genitive masculine plural noun

اسم مجرور



(104:8:1) innahā Indeed, it



**ACC** – accusative particle **PRON** – 3rd person feminine singular object pronoun

حرف نصب و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل نصب «ان «ان

(104:8:2)
calayhim
(will be) upon
them



P – prepositionPRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(104:8:3) mu'ṣadatun closed over,



**N** – nominative feminine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع



(104:9:1)

fī In P – preposition

حرف جر

(104:9:2) camadin columns



**N** – genitive masculine plural indefinite noun

اسم مجرور

(104:9:3) mumaddadatin extended.



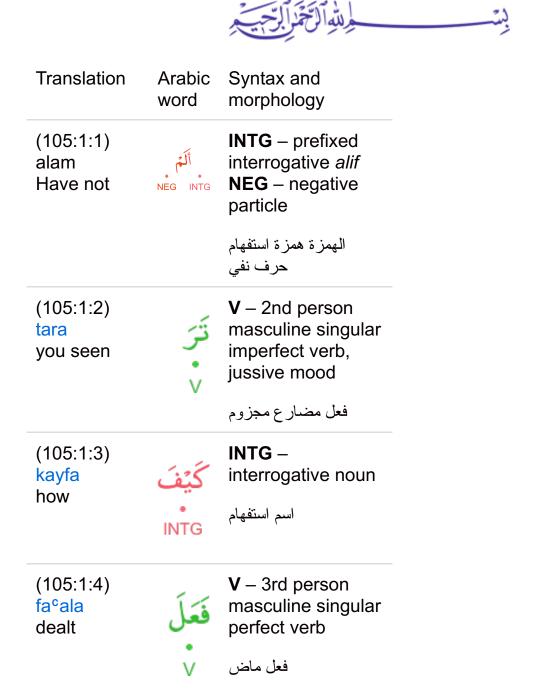
# **ADJ** – genitive feminine indefinite (form II) passive participle

صفة مجرورة



#### **Chapter (105) sūrat I-fīl (The Elephant)**

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp



(105:1:5) rabbuka your Lord

رَبُّكَ PRON N N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم مرفوع و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(105:1:6) bi-aṣḥābi with (the) Companions



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine plural noun →
Companions of the Elephant

جار ومجرور

(105:1:7)
I-fīli
(of the)
Elephant?



**N** – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور



(105:2:1) alam Did not



**INTG** – prefixed interrogative *alif* **NEG** – negative particle

الهمزة همزة استفهام حرف نفي

(105:2:2)yajcal He make (105:2:3)



V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood

فعل مضارع مجزوم

kaydahum their plan



**N** – accusative masculine noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب و «هم» ضمیر متصل فی محل جر بالاضافة

(105:2:4)go



**P** – preposition



(105:2:5)tadlīlin astray?



N - genitive masculine indefinite (form II) verbal noun



اسم مجرور

(105:3:1)wa-arsala And He sent



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and)

V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb

الواو عاطفة فعل ماض

(105:3:2) calayhim against them



P – preposition PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

جار ومجرور

(105:3:3) tayran birds



N – accusative masculine plural indefinite noun → Bird

اسم منصوب

(105:3:4) abābīla (in) flocks.



**ADJ** – accusative masculine plural indefinite adjective



صفة منصوبة

(105:4:1) tarmīhim Striking them



V – 3rd person feminine singular imperfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun

فعل مضارع و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (105:4:2) biḥijāratin with stones



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive feminine indefinite noun

جار ومجرور

(105:4:3) min of



**P** – preposition



(105:4:4) sijjīlin baked clay.



N – genitive masculine indefinite noun → Clay



اسم مجرور

(105:5:1) faja<sup>c</sup>alahum Then He made them



conjunction fa
(and)
V – 3rd person
masculine singular
perfect verb
PRON – 3rd
person masculine
plural object
pronoun

**CONJ** – prefixed

الفاء عاطفة فعل ماض و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به (105:5:2) kacaşfin like straw



P – prefixed preposition *ka*N – genitive masculine indefinite noun

جار ومجرور

(105:5:3) makūlin eaten up.



**ADJ** – genitive masculine indefinite passive participle



صفة مجرورة

### Chapter (106) sūrat quraysh

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (106:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(106:1:1) liīlāfi For (the) familiarity	لِإِيلَفِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> N – genitive masculine (form IV) verbal noun  جار ومجرور
(106:1:2) qurayshin (of the) Quraish,	فُرَيْشِ قُرَيْشِ PN	PN – genitive plural proper noun → Quraysh اسم علم مجرور

**N** – genitive masculine (form IV) (106:2:1)īlāfihim verbal noun **PRON** – 3rd person masculine Their plural possessive pronoun familiarity PRON اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالإضافة N – accusative feminine noun (106:2:2)rih'lata (with the) journey N – genitive masculine noun (106:2:3)I-shitāi (of) winter (106:2:4)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wal-şayfi (and) N – genitive masculine noun and summer, الواو عاطفة CONJ **CONJ** – prefixed conjunction fa (106:3:1)falyacbudū (and) **IMPV** – prefixed imperative particle So let them worship lām V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb, jussive mood **PRON** – subject pronoun الفاء عاطفة اللام لام الامر فعل مضارع مجزوم والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(106:3:2)N – accusative masculine noun rabba (the) Lord **DEM** – masculine singular (106:3:3)demonstrative pronoun hādhā (of) this اسم اشارة DEM (106:3:4)**N** – genitive masculine noun I-bayti اسم مجرور House, (106:4:1)**REL** – masculine singular relative alladhī pronoun The One Who (106:4:2)V – 3rd person masculine singular aţcamahum (form IV) perfect verb feeds them **PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun PRON

مفعول به

فعل ماض و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل نصب

(106:4:3) min [from]	P – preposition حرف جر
(106:4:4) jū°in (against) hunger	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun اسم مجرور
(106:4:5)  waāmanahum  and gives  them security  PRON V CON	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 3rd person masculine singular (form IV) perfect verb PRON – 3rd person masculine plural object pronoun  الواو عاطفة الواو عاطفة محل نصب منصل في محل نصب مفعول به
(106:4:6) min from	P – preposition حرف جر
(106:4:7) khawfin fear.	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun اسم مجرور

#### Chapter (107) sūrat I-mācūn (Small Kindnesses)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(107:1:1) ara-ayta Have you seen	آرَءُيْ PRON V INTG	INTG – prefixed interrogative alif V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun
		الهمزة همزة استفهام فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(107:1:2) alladhī the one who	ٱلَّذِی REL	REL – masculine singular relative pronoun
(107:1:3) yukadhibu denies	يُكَدِّبُ ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular (form II) imperfect verb
		فعل مضارع

(107:1:4) bil-dīni the Judgment?



P – prefixed preposition *bi*N – genitive masculine noun



جار ومجرور

(107:2:1) fadhālika Then that



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *fa* (and) **DEM** – masculine singular demonstrative pronoun

الفاء عاطفة اسم اشارة

(107:2:2) alladhī (is) the one who



**REL** – masculine singular relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(107:2:3) yadu<sup>cc</sup>u repulses



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(107:2:4)

I-yatīma
the orphan,



**N** – accusative masculine singular noun



اسم منصوب

(107:3:1) walā And (does) not



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and)

**NEG** – negative particle

الو او عاطفة حرف نفي

(107:3:2) yaḥuḍḍu feel the urge



**V** – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(107:3:3) <sup>c</sup>alā to



 ${\bf P}-{\rm preposition}$ 

حرف جر

(107:3:4) tacāmi feed



**N** – genitive masculine noun

اسم مجرور

(107:3:5) I-mis'kīni the poor.



**N** – genitive masculine singular noun



اسم مجرور

(107:4:1) fawaylun So woe



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **N** – nominative masculine indefinite noun

الفاء استئنافية اسم مرفوع

(107:4:2) lil'muşallīna to those who pray,



P – prefixed preposition *lām*N – genitive masculine plural (form II) active participle

لِّلُمُصَلِّينَ n P

جار ومجرور

(107:5:1) alladhīna Those who



**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun

REL

اسم موصول

(107:5:2) hum [they]



**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(107:5:3) <sup>c</sup>an about



**P** – preposition

ورف جر

(107:5:4) şalātihim their prayers



N – genitive feminine noun PRON – 3rd person masculine plural possessive pronoun

اسم مجرور و «هم» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(107:5:5) sāhūna (are) neglectful,



**N** – nominative masculine plural active participle



اسم مرفوع

(107:6:1) alladhīna Those who



**REL** – masculine plural relative pronoun

اسم موصول

(107:6:2) hum [they]



**PRON** – 3rd person masculine plural personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(107:6:3) yurāūna make show.



V – 3rd person masculine plural (form III) imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun



فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(107:7:1) wayamna<sup>c</sup>ūna And they deny



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)
 V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb
 PRON – subject pronoun

الواو عاطفة فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل

(107:7:2) I-mā<sup>c</sup>ūna [the] small kindnesses.



N – accusative masculine noun





#### Chapter (108) sūrat I-kawthar (A River in Paradise)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (108:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(108:1:1) innā Indeed,	إِنَّا .	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 1st person plural object pronoun
We,	PRON ACC	حرف نصب و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل نصب اسم ««ان
(108:1:2) a <sup>c</sup> ṭaynāka We have given you	أَعُطَيْنَكَ PRON PRON V	<ul> <li>V – 1st person plural (form IV) perfect verb</li> <li>PRON – subject pronoun</li> <li>PRON – 2nd person masculine singular object pronoun</li> </ul>
		فعل ماض و «نا» ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل و الكاف ضمير متصل في محل نصب مفعول به

(108:1:3) I-kawthara Al-Kauthar,



#### **N** – accusative masculine noun

اسم منصوب



(108:2:1) fașalli So pray



**REM** – prefixed resumption particle **V** – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb

الفاء استئنافية فعل أمر

(108:2:2) lirabbika to your Lord



P – prefixed preposition *lām* N – genitive masculine noun
 PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

جار ومجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(108:2:3) wa-in'ḥar and sacrifice.



**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **V** – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb



الو او عاطفة فعل أمر

(108:3:1) inna Indeed,



**ACC** – accusative particle

حرف نصب

(108:3:2) shāni-aka your enemy -



**N** – accusative masculine active participle

**PRON** – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun

اسم منصوب والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(108:3:3) huwa he (is)



**PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun

ضمير منفصل

(108:3:4) l-abtaru the one cut off.



**N** – nominative masculine noun

اسم مرفوع



#### Chapter (109) sūrat I-kāfirūn (The Disbelievers)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

#### Verse (109:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(109:1:1) qul Say,		<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb
(109:1:2) yāayyuhā "O	یُکایّها N VOC	VOC – prefixed vocative particle <i>ya</i> N – nominative noun  اداة نداء اسم مرفوع

(109:1:3)l-kāfirūna disbelievers!



N – nominative masculine plural active participle



(109:2:1)Ιā Not



**NEG** – negative particle

حرف نفي

NEG

(109:2:2)acbudu I worship



**V** – 1st person singular imperfect verb

فعل مضارع

(109:2:3)mā what



**REL** – relative pronoun

اسم موصول

REL

(109:2:4)tacbudūna you worship.



**V** – 2nd person masculine plural imperfect verb **PRON** – subject pronoun

فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل



(109:3:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction *wa* (and) **NEG** – negative particle walā And not الواو عاطفة NEG CONJ حرف نفي **PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural (109:3:2)antum personal pronoun you ضمير منفصل **PRON** N - nominative masculine plural (109:3:3)cābidūna active participle (are) اسم مرفوع worshippers (109:3:4)**REL** – relative pronoun mā اسم موصول (of) what REL **V** – 1st person singular imperfect verb (109:3:5)acbudu فعل مضارع I worship

(109:4:1) walā And not	وَلَا NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(109:4:2) anā I am	أَنَا PRON	PRON – 1st person singular personal pronoun ضمیر منفصل
(109:4:3) <sup>c</sup> ābidun a worshipper	عَابِدُ N	N – nominative masculine indefinite active participle
(109:4:4) mā (of) what	مگا REL	REL – relative pronoun
(109:4:5)  cabadttum  you  worship.	عَبَديُّمَ عَبَديُّمَ PRON V	V – 2nd person masculine plural perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع فاعل
(109:5:1) walā And not	وَ لَاَ NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي

(109:5:2)**PRON** – 2nd person masculine plural personal pronoun antum you ضمير منفصل **PRON** (109:5:3) N – nominative masculine plural cābidūna active participle (are) اسم مرفوع worshippers **REL** – relative pronoun (109:5:4)mā اسم موصول (of) what REL (109:5:5) V – 1st person singular imperfect verb acbudu فعل مضارع I worship.

Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(109:6:1) lakum For you	لَڪُمُ PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 2nd person masculine plural personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(109:6:2) dīnukum (is) your religion,	دِینُکُمُ PRON N	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine plural possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(109:6:3) waliya and for me	وَلِي PRON P CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) P – prefixed preposition lām PRON – 1st person singular personal pronoun
		جار ومجرور
(109:6:4) dīni (is) my religion."	<b>ر</b> دِينِ	N – nominative masculine noun PRON – 1st person singular possessive pronoun  اسم مرفوع والياء المحذوفة ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
	PRON N	. 3.

# Chapter (110) sūrat I-naṣr (The Help)

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### Verse (110:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(110:1:1) idhā When		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(110:1:2) jāa comes	جَآءَ ٧	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(110:1:3) naṣru (the) Help	نَصْرُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine noun

(110:1:4) I-lahi (of) Allah	<b>اَللّهِ</b> PN	PN – genitive proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مجرور
(110:1:5) wal-fathu and the Victory,	وَ ٱلْفَتَحُ N CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) N – nominative masculine noun الواو عاطفة
(110:2:1) wara-ayta And you see	وَرَأَيْتَ PRON V CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular perfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  الواو عاطفة فعل ماض والتاء ضمير متصل في محل رفع
(110:2:2) I-nāsa the people	ٱلنَّاسَ N	N – accusative masculine plural noun اسم منصوب
(110:2:3) yadkhulūna entering	يدحنون	V – 3rd person masculine plural imperfect verb PRON – subject pronoun  فعل مضارع والواو ضمير متصل في محل رفع
(110:2:4) fī into		P – preposition حرف جر

(110:2:5) dīni (the) religion	<b>دِینِ</b> N	<b>N</b> – genitive noun
(110:2:6) I-lahi (of) Allah	آلله PN	PN – genitive proper noun → Allah لفظ الجلالة مجرور
(110:2:7) afwājan (in) multitudes.	ُنَ أَفُواجًا N	N – accusative plural indefinite noun سم منصوب
(110:3:1) fasabbiḥ Then glorify	<b>فَ</b> سَبِّحُ ۷ RSLT	RSLT – prefixed result particle V – 2nd person masculine singular (form II) imperative verb الفاء واقعة في جواب الشرط فعل أمر
(110:3:2) biḥamdi with (the) praises	بِحَمْدِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> N – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور
(110:3:3) rabbika (of) your Lord	رَ <u>بِّك</u> PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 2nd person masculine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مجرور والكاف ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة

(110:3:4) wa- is'taghfir'hu and ask His forgiveness.		CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) V – 2nd person masculine singular (form X) imperative verb PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun  الواو عاطفة العراق المراق والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب
		مفعول به
(110:3:5) innahu Indeed, He	اِنّهُو PRON ACC	ACC – accusative particle PRON – 3rd person masculine singular object pronoun حرف نصب والهاء ضمير متصل في محل نصب
		«اسم «ان
(110:3:6) kāna is	گانَ پ	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb
(110:3:7) tawwāban Oft-		<b>N</b> – accusative masculine singular indefinite active participle
Returning.		اسم منصوب
	تَوَّابًا «	

## **Chapter (111) sūrat I-masad (The Palm Fibre)**

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (111:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(111:1:1) tabbat Perish	تَبَّتُ °	<b>V</b> – 3rd person feminine singular perfect verb
(111:1:2) yadā (the) hands	یَدَآ N	<b>N</b> – nominative feminine dual noun
(111:1:3) abī (of) Abu		N – genitive masculine singular noun  → Abu Lahab  اسم مجرور

**N** – genitive masculine indefinite (111:1:4)lahabin noun Lahab اسم مجرور (111:1:5)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (and) watabba **V** – 3rd person masculine singular and perish perfect verb he. الواو عاطفة فعل ماض CONJ (111:2:1)**NEG** – negative particle mā حرف نفي Not **NEG** (111:2:2)**V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb aghnā (will) avail فعل ماض **P** – preposition (111:2:3)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine canhu singular object pronoun him PRON جار ومجرور N – nominative masculine noun (111:2:4)**PRON** – 3rd person masculine māluhu singular possessive pronoun his wealth اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر PRON بالاضافة

**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa (111:2:5)wamā (and) **REL** – relative pronoun and what CONJ REL الواو عاطفة اسم موصول (111:2:6)V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb kasaba he earned. فعل ماض (111:3:1)**FUT** – prefixed future particle sa **V** – 3rd person masculine singular sayaşlā imperfect verb He will be burnt حرف استقبال FUT فعل مضارع N – accusative feminine indefinite (111:3:2)nāran noun (in) a Fire اسم منصوب Ν (111:3:3)**N** – accusative feminine singular dhāta noun of اسم منصوب Ν

(111:3:4)N – genitive masculine indefinite lahabin noun Blazing اسم مجرور Flames, (111:4:1)**CONJ** – prefixed conjunction wa wa-im'ra-(and) **N** – nominative feminine noun  $\rightarrow$ atuhu N CONJ And his **Umm Jamil** wife, **PRON** – 3rd person masculine singular possessive pronoun الواو عاطفة اسم مرفوع والهاء ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة (111:4:2)**N** – accusative feminine singular <u>hammālata</u> active participle (the) اسم منصوب carrier Ν (111:4:3)**N** – genitive masculine noun I-haţabi اسم مجرور (of) firewood, (111:5:1)P - preposition fī In حرف جر

(111:5:2) jīdihā her neck	جِيدِهَا PRON N	N – genitive masculine noun PRON – 3rd person feminine singular possessive pronoun  اسم مجرور و «ها» ضمير متصل في محل جر بالاضافة
(111:5:3) hablun (will be) a rope	حَبْلُ N	<b>N</b> – nominative masculine indefinite noun
(111:5:4) min of	<b>مِّ</b> ن P	P – preposition حرف جر
(111:5:5) masadin palm-fiber.	<u>ه</u> مَّسَدٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite noun

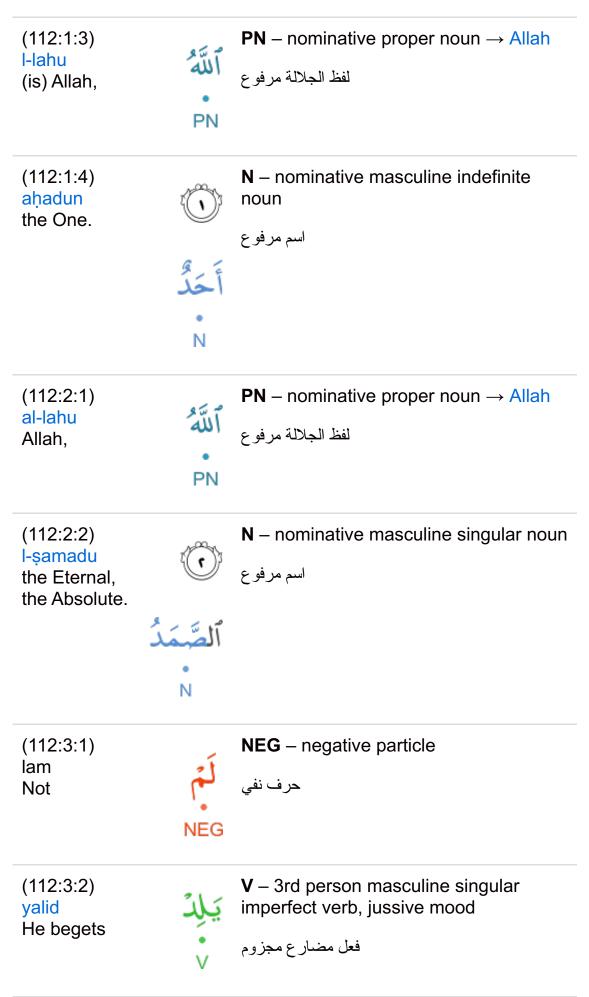
# Chapter (112) sūrat I-ikhlāş (Sincerity)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (112:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(112:1:1) <mark>qul</mark> Say,		<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb
(112:1:2) huwa "He	<b>هُ</b> وَ PRON	PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun ضمير منفصل



(112:3:3) walam and not	وَلَمْ NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(112:3:4) yūlad He is begotten.	ان يُولَدُ پُ	V – 3rd person masculine singular passive imperfect verb, jussive mood فعل مضارع مبني للمجهول مجزوم
(112:4:1) walam And not	وَلَمْ NEG CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) NEG – negative particle الواو عاطفة حرف نفي
(112:4:2) yakun is	یک <i>ئ</i> ن ۷	V – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb, jussive mood  فعل مضارع مجزوم
(112:4:3) lahu for Him	لَّهُو PRON P	P – prefixed preposition <i>lām</i> PRON – 3rd person masculine singular personal pronoun  جار ومجرور
(112:4:4) kufuwan equivalent	كُفُوًا N	N – accusative masculine indefinite noun

(112:4:5) aḥadun any [one]."



# ${\bf N}$ – nominative masculine indefinite noun

اسم مرفوع





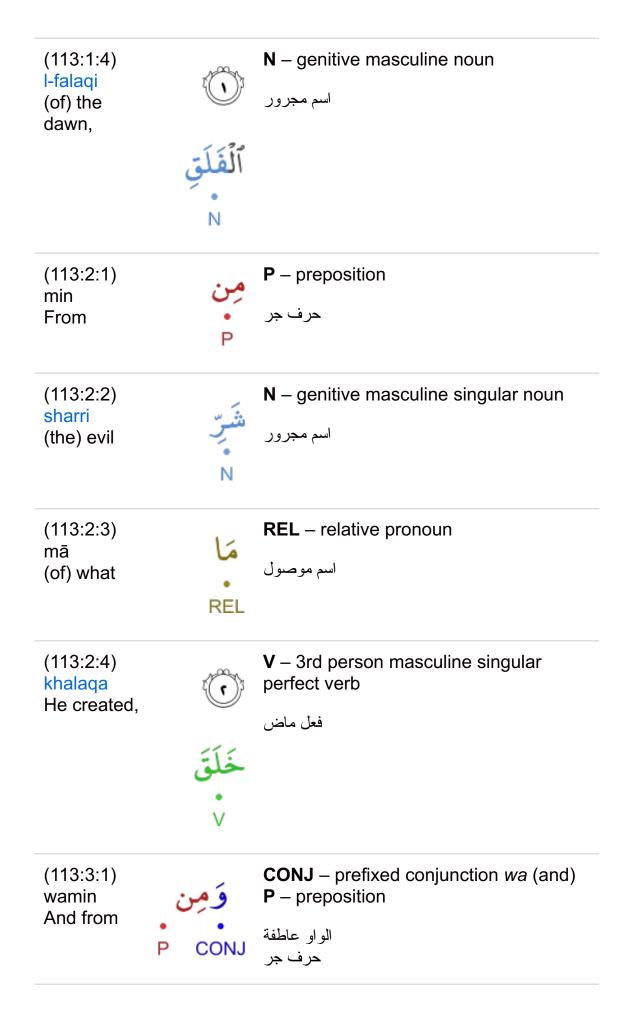
# Chapter (113) sūrat I-falaq (The Daybreak)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

### Verse (113:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(113:1:1) qul		<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb
Say,		فعل أمر
(113:1:2) a <sup>c</sup> ūdhu	ءَ ۽	V – 1st person singular imperfect verb
"I seek	اعُوذ	فعل مضارع
refuge	V	
(113:1:3)	w _	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i>
birabbi in (the)	بِرَبِ	N – genitive masculine noun
Lord	N P	جار ومجرور



(113:3:2) sharri (the) evil	شرّ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun
(113:3:3) ghāsiqin (of) darkness	غَاسِقٍ N	N – genitive masculine indefinite active participle
(113:3:4) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان
(113:3:5) waqaba it spreads	وَ قَبَ رُ	V – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb فعل ماض
(113:4:1) wamin And from	<b>وَمِن</b> • • CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) P – preposition  الواو عاطفة حرف جر
(113:4:2) sharri (the) evil	شکر N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun

(113:4:3) I-nafāthāti (of) the blowers	ٱلنَّقَٰثَتِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive feminine plural noun
(113:4:4) fī in		P – preposition حرف جر
(113:4:5) I-cuqadi the knots,	ْنَ ٱلْعُقَدِ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine plural noun
(113:5:1) wamin And from	<b>وَمِن</b> P CONJ	CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and) P – preposition  الواو عاطفة حرف جر
(113:5:2) sharri (the) evil	شَرِّ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun
(113:5:3) ḥāsidin (of) an envier	حَاسِدٍ N	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine indefinite active participle
(113:5:4) idhā when		T – time adverb ظرف زمان

(113:5:5) ḥasada he envies."



# **V** – 3rd person masculine singular perfect verb





## Chapter (114) sūrat I-nās (Mankind)

**corpus.quran.com**/wordbyword.jsp

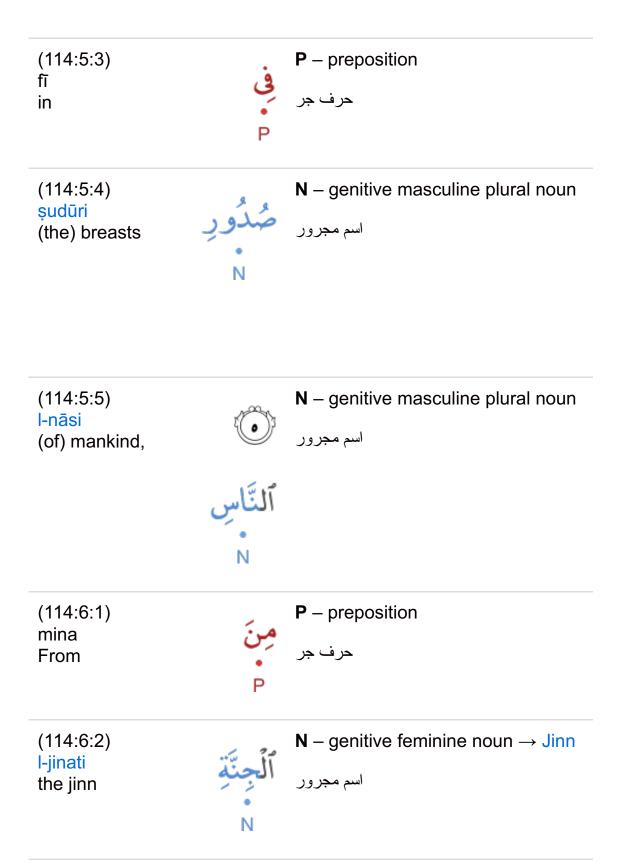
### Verse (114:1) - Word by Word



Translation	Arabic word	Syntax and morphology
(114:1:1) qul Say,		<b>V</b> – 2nd person masculine singular imperative verb
(114:1:2) a <sup>c</sup> ūdhu "I seek refuge	أَ <b>عُوذُ</b> • ٧	<b>V</b> – 1st person singular imperfect verb فعل مضار ع
(114:1:3) birabbi in (the) Lord	<b>ب</b> رَبِ N P	P – prefixed preposition <i>bi</i> N – genitive masculine noun جار ومجرور

(114:1:4)N – genitive masculine plural noun I-nāsi (of) mankind, اسم مجرور (114:2:1)N – genitive masculine singular maliki noun → King (The) King اسم مجرور N – genitive masculine plural noun (114:2:2)I-nāsi اسم مجرور (of) mankind, (114:3:1)N – genitive masculine singular ilāhi noun (The) God اسم مجرور (114:3:2)N – genitive masculine plural noun I-nāsi اسم مجرور (of) mankind,

(114:4:1) min From	<u>م</u> ن • P	P – preposition حرف جر
(114:4:2) sharri (the) evil	شرّ ۱	<b>N</b> – genitive masculine singular noun
(114:4:3)  I-waswāsi (of) the whisperer,	ٱلْوَسْوَاسِ N	N – genitive masculine singular noun
(114:4:4) I-khanāsi the one who withdraws,	اُلُخَنَّاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ ADJ	ADJ – genitive masculine singular adjective مصفة مجرورة
(114:5:1) alladhī The one who	ٱلَّذِی REL	REL – masculine singular relative pronoun اسم موصول
(114:5:2) yuwaswisu whispers	يُوسُوسُ • ٧	<b>V</b> – 3rd person masculine singular imperfect verb فعل مضارع



(114:6:3) wal-nāsi and men.



CONJ – prefixed conjunction wa (and)N – genitive masculine plural noun



الواو عاطفة اسم مجرور